THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE of THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ASSYRIOLOGICAL STUDIES, NO. 5

HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIP-TIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL I

Editions E, B₁₋₅, D, and K

By
ARTHUR CARL PIEPKORN



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

ORIENTAL INSTITUTE SERIES

ORIENTAL INSTITUTE COMMUNICATIONS Illustrated reports describing for the general reader the progress and results of Institute ac	ginitiae
(1) THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO—A BEGINNING AND A PROGRAM. By James	11011163
HENRY BREASTED. (Out of print.) (2) EXPLORATIONS IN HITTITE ASIA MINOR—A PRELIMI-	
NARY REPORT. By H. H. von der Osten. (Out of print.) (3) FIRST REPORT OF THE PREHISTORIC SURVEY EX-	
PEDITION. By K. S. SANDFORD and W. J. ARKELL. 52 pages,	\$1.00
royal 8vo, paper	
S. FISHER. 78 pages, royal 8vo, paper	1,00
Uvo Hölscher. 50 pages, royal 8vo, paper	I.00
By H. H. von der Osten. 153 pages, royal 8vo, paper (7) MEDINET HABU STUDIES, 1928/29. I. The Architectur-	1.00
AL SURVEY. By Uvo Hölscher. II. The Language of the Historical Texts Commemorating Ramses III. By John	
A. Wilson. 33 pages, 3 plates, royal 8vo, paper (8) EXPLORATIONS IN HITTITE ASIA MINOR, 1929. By	1.00
H. H. von der Osten. 196 pages, royal 8vo, paper (9) NEW LIGHT FROM ARMAGEDDON. Second Provisional	2.00
REPORT (1927-29) ON THE EXCAVATIONS AT MEGIDDO IN PAL- ESTINE. By P. L. O. Guy, with a chapter on "An Inscribed	
Scaraboid" by W. E. STAPLES. 68 pages, royal 8vo, paper. (10) MEDINET HABU REPORTS. I. THE EPIGRAPHIC SURVEY,	1.00
1928-31. By Harold H. Nelson, II. The Architectural	
Survey, 1929/30. By Uvo Hölscher. 69 pages, 4 plates, royal 8vo, paper	1.00
(11) ANATOLIA THROUGH THE AGES. DISCOVERIES AT THE ALISHAR MOUND, 1927-29. By ERICH F. SCHMIDT. 165 pages,	
royal 8vo, paper	2.00
LING. 71 pages, royal 8vo, paper	1.00
IN ESHNUNNA, 1930/31. By HENRI FRANKFORT, THORKILD JACOBSEN, and CONRAD PREUSSER. 112 pages, royal 8vo, paper	1.50
(14) DISCOVERIES IN ANATOLIA, 1930-31. By H. H. von der Osten, with the collaboration of R. A. Martin and J. A.	
Morrison. 149 pages, royal 8vo, paper	2.00
Hölscher. 65 pages, royal 8vo, paper	1.00
Frankfort. 102 pages, royal 8vo, paper	1.25
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PR	FSS

THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE ${\it of}$ THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

ASSYRIOLOGICAL STUDIES

Edited by

James Henry Breasted

with the assistance of

Thomas George Allen

oi.uchicago.edu

Ι

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

THE BAKER & TAYLOR COMPANY NEW YORK

THE CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS LONDON

THE MARUZEN-KABUSHIKI-KAISHA TOKYO, OSAKA, KYOTO, FUKUOKA, SENDAI

THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LIMITED SHANGHAI

THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE of THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ASSYRIOLOGICAL STUDIES, NO. 5

HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL I

Editions E, B₁₋₅, D, and K

By ARTHUR CARL PIEPKORN



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

oi.uchicago.edu

COPYRIGHT 1933 BY THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. PUBLISHED NOVEMBER 1933

COMPOSED AND PRINTED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U.S.A.

TO
MY PARENTS

oi.uchicago.edu

PREFACE

This study, one of the preliminaries to a history of the reign of Ashurbanipal which the writer is projecting, is intended to appear in two parts. The first, herewith presented, contains the text, in transliteration and translation, of Editions E, B_{1-5} , D, and K of the historical prism inscriptions, as far as it is available at present. The second part is planned to contain those sections of the later editions—C, F_{1-5} , and A—which differ from or supplement the earlier texts, together with a consideration of some sixty miscellaneous Oriental Institute prism fragments (Nos. A 8102–61), all apparently from the reign of Ashurbanipal, which have not been accounted for in the other editions. A complete concordance to the Assyrian texts of both groups is likewise planned for the second part.

With the exception of Rm 1, K 2732, and a small number of other fragments in the British Museum, all of them definitely exhibiting the text of Edition A, the writer has examined and transliterated (or collated) all available Ashurbanipal fragments identified as such in the Oriental Institute, the Kouyunjik Collection of the British Museum, the Near East section of the Staatliche Museen in Berlin, and the Iraq Museum in Baghdad.

In the preparation of this study it has been the writer's privilege at one time or another to enjoy the advice, aid, and counsel of practically every member of the Oriental Institute staff. Particular thanks are due to Professor A. T. Olmstead for suggesting the project and for his freely given help and encouragement at every stage in its progress; to Professor Edward Chiera for permission to publish the fragments in the Oriental Institute, for the use of the transliterations which he had made of a considerable number as the first step in their publication, and for his ready assistance at all times; to Professor Arno Poebel, Assistant Professor Arnold Walther, and Dr. T. George Allen for examining the manuscript and making many valuable suggestions and corrections. The writer is especially indebted to Assistant Professor F. W. Geers. His unfailing helpfulness, in both Chicago and London, coupled with his intimate knowledge of and experience with

x Preface

Sargonid historical inscriptions, solved many a knotty problem. A really adequate acknowledgment would demand recognition of his aid on every page. To the kindness of Professor James Henry Breasted, director of the Oriental Institute, this study owes the possibility of its publication.

Outside the Oriental Institute staff the writer is under obligation to Mr. Sidney Smith, curator of Egyptian and Assyrian antiquities in the British Museum, for graciously permitting the examination of the Ashurbanipal fragments in his care and for checking a number of readings and verifying several joins suggested by the writer after his return to America; to the Trustees of the British Museum for permission to use and publish certain still unpublished fragments; to Dr. Hans Ehelolf for courteously according the privilege of collating the fragments in the Vorderasiatische Abteilung of the Staatliche Museen in Berlin; to Dr. Julius Jordan, director of the Iraq Department of Antiquities, for his kindness in permitting the writer to study and copy the Baghdad pieces; and to the Reverend Father Joachim Mayr, of Walchsee, Tyrol, Austria, for consenting to the inclusion of his study on the lunar eclipse referred to in B v 5–7 as an appendix to this first part.

ARTHUR CARL PIEPKORN

Bashiqa, Iraq March 25, 1933

oi.uchicago.edu

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			_	_	~ ~	- 1 -			_						
Abbreviations .									•						page Xiii
Introduction									•						1
Edition E															8
Date			•												8
Contents	 Taliki	•		٠.		•	•	•	•	-	-	•		-	8 9
Relation to Other I	Laitior	ıs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	9
Transliteration and															10
Edition B															19
Date															19
Contents															20
Relation to Other I Text														•	$\frac{22}{23}$
Transliteration and	 Trans	slati	on			•				-	-	-	-	-	28
Additional Datin															90
Variant Conclusion	ons .	•				•	•		•				•		90
Editions B ₂₋₅															94
Edition D			•			•									95
Date															95
$egin{array}{cccccc} { m Contents} & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & . & $				-			-					-	-	-	95 95
Transliteration and															97
Edition K															101
Date															101
Contents											-				101
Text	 Tuo	1.44:		•			•	•	•	•	•	•		•	101
Transliteration and														•	102
APPENDIX: The Lunar	$^{\circ}$ Eclip	se of	: Ju	ıly∶	13,	653	B.C.	$J\epsilon$	oach	im	$M \epsilon$	yr			105

oi.uchicago.edu

ABBREVIATIONS

- AJSL American Journal of Semitic Languages and Literatures (Chicago etc., 1884——)
- Bauer, Theo. Das Inschriftenwerk Assurbanipals vervollständigt und neu bearbeitet (2 vols.; Leipzig, 1933)
- Bezold, Catalogue
 - Bezold, Carl. Catalogue of the Cuneiform Tablets in the Kouyunjik Collection (5 vols.; London, 1889–99)
- CT Cuneiform Texts from Babylonian Tablets, etc., in the British Museum (London, 1896——)
- Harper, Letters
 - Harper, Robert Francis. Assyrian and Babylonian Letters Belonging to the Kouyunjik Collection of the British Museum (14 vols; London, 1892–1914)
- Olmstead, Historiography
 - Olmstead, Albert Ten Eyck. Assyrian Historiography, a Source Study (Columbia, Mo., 1916)
- PSBA Proceedings of the Society of Biblical Archaeology (40 vols.; London, 1878/79–1918)
- Rawlinson, Sir Henry. The Cuneiform Inscriptions of Western Asia (5 vols.; London, 1861–84)
- RdA Reallexikon der Assyriologie (Berlin, 1928——)
- George Smith, History
 - Smith, George. History of Assurbanipal, Translated from the Cuneiform Inscriptions (London, 1871)
- Streck, Assurbanipal
 - Streck, Maximilian. Assurbanipal und die letzten assyrischen Könige bis zum Untergange Niniveh's (3 vols.; Leipzig, 1916)
- Thompson, Prisms
 - Thompson, R. Campbell. The Prisms of Esarhaddon and Ashurbanipal Found at Nineveh, 1927–28 (London, 1931)
- WKA Winckler, Hugo. Sammlung von Keilschrifttexten. III. Die Keilschrifttexte Assurbanipals (Leipzig, 1895)

oi.uchicago.edu

INTRODUCTION

Not the least interesting or important chapter in Professor Olmstead's significant Assyrian Historiography (Columbia, Mo., 1916) is the seventh, entitled "Ashur bani apal and Assyrian Editing." Although written in a day when the only collections of Ashurbanipal's historical inscriptions were George Smith's History of Assurbanipal (London, 1871), Samuel Alden Smith's sketchy publication of fragments (Die Keilschriftexte Asurbanipals, Königs von Assyrien [Leipzig, 1887–89]), and the autograph copies of fragments of Editions A and B in Winckler's Die Keilschriftexte Assurbanipals (Leipzig, 1893), supplemented with scattered additional texts strewn through half-adozen books and periodicals, Assyrian Historiography set forth the correct order and interrelation of the various editions of Ashurbanipal's historical records in such a fashion that later finds have altered the final result but slightly.

Since then there have been made accessible to American students the sections of the annals published by V. Scheil, from squeezes supplied by his brother Sébastien, as appendixes to his *Le prisme S d'Assarhaddon, roi d'Assyrie 681–688* (Paris, 1914),² and Maximilian Streck's monumentally industrious compilation of all the Ashurbanipal fragments (letters and omens excepted) available up to August, 1915.³ Though both these works had been published before Professor Olmstead's study was off the press, it was not until later, due to the war, that they became available to students in this hemisphere.

¹ Such as the three fragments in *Vorderasiatische Schriftdenkmäler der K. Museen zu Berlin* I (Leipzig, 1907), copied by Arthur Ungnad.

² B iv 3-14, v 83-93; F i 30-32, 35-38, 60-61, ii 45-46, v 34-38. The plates at the end of the work reproduce squeezes of part of column ii of A 8022 (F i 30—ii 20), possibly an F_5 fragment, on Plate 6; and column ii of A 8077 (F ii 28-62), an F_2 fragment, and part of column iii of A 8046 (F v 19-43), an F fragment, on Plate 7.

³ Assurbanipal und die letzten assyrischen Könige (3 vols.; Leipzig, 1916).

More recently we have had publications by Clay,⁴ Meek,⁵, Scheil,⁶ A. W. A. Leeper,⁷ Thompson,⁸ Essad Nassouhi,⁹ and Weidner.^{9a} The careful work of the late Professor Daniel David Luckenbill in preparing the translation of Ashurbanipal's inscriptions for his *Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia* (2 vols.; Chicago, 1926–27)¹⁰ and the no less painstaking labors lavished on these materials by Dr. F. W. Geers of the Oriental Institute in indexing them for the Assyrian Dictionary likewise shed new light on a number of complex problems.

At that, there still remained untouched several hundred fragments in the Kouyunjik Collection of the British Museum,¹¹ while the purchase of several hundred more pieces by the Oriental Institute of the

- ⁴ Yale Oriental Series, Babylonian Texts I (New Haven, 1915) No. 42, transliterated and translated by Ungnad in Zeitschrift für Assyriologie XXXI (1917/18) 33–37. The text is a votive inscription to Ishtar of Erech. A duplicate has been published by H. F. Lutz, University of California Publications in Semitic Philology IX, No. 8 (Berkeley, 1931) 385 ff.; cf. Meissner's observations in Archiv für Orientforschung VIII (1932) 51.
 - ⁵ Journal of the American Oriental Society XXXVIII (1918) 167-75.
 - ⁶ Revue d'Assyriologie XVIII (1921) 95-97; a votive inscription to Nabû.
- ⁷ CT XXXV (1920) Plates 9-50, comprising miscellaneous inscriptions, some of which have been transliterated and translated by John A. Maynard in the Journal of the Society of Oriental Research VI (1922) 99-105; VII (1923) 21-26.
 - ⁸ Prisms, pp. 29-36 (Plates 14-18).
- ⁹ Archiv für Keilschriftforschung II 97 ff.; Mitteilungen der Altorientalischen Gesellschaft, Berlin III^{1–2} (1927) 34–35.
 - ^{9a} Archiv für Orientforschung VII (1931) 1-7.
 - 10 II 290-407.
- ¹¹ Most of these fragments have now been published in the first two volumes of the new series of Landsberger's Assyriologische Bibliothek by Professor Theo Bauer of the University of Breslau under the title Das Inschriftenwerk Assurbanipals (Leipzig, 1933). Unfortunately the present study had already been set up before Professor Bauer's work was available, so that it could not be given the thorough attention which it would otherwise have received. Since both Professor Bauer and the writer had worked over the unpublished British Museum material, it was inevitable that both should, quite independently, come to identical conclusions upon many points. Under the circumstances, it was felt to be inadvisable to emphasize every agreement or difference with a special reference; consequently citations of Professor Bauer's work are normally restricted to (a) bibliographical notices and (b) points where the writer is indebted to Professor Bauer for corrections. In the absence of such a reference it may be assumed in the case of agreements that the writer had reached his conclusion before Professor Bauer's work appeared, in the case of differences that other evidence prevented him from accepting Professor Bauer's decision.

Introduction

University of Chicago¹² has opened the way to their eventual publication. These two sources of material, particularly the latter, have increased **E** by two and a half times, given us almost the entire text of **B**, provided valuable additions to **D** and **C**, and permitted the reconstruction of **F** down to a few signs.

Past publications of the historical prisms in particular have definitely been somewhat less than satisfying. For one thing, as Professor Olmstead complained in his *Historiography*, "scholars have in general satisfied themselves with the publication and study of the latest edition, sometimes supplemented by more or less full extracts from the others," to the inevitable confusion of historians. Worse, the student who did not have access to the originals was unwittingly in the same plight as the practical joker's unhappy victim described by Professor Macalister in his *Century of Excavation in Palestine*, "whose friend had presented her with a dissected picture puzzle into which she had mixed a handful from another set." This situation was particular-

¹² Oriental Institute accession No. 809, under date of December 10, 1928; museum Nos. A 7919–8162. The actual number of fragments has been reduced through the effecting of numerous joins. The fragments were purchased by Professor Chiera from a native dealer in Mosul after having been on the market for a considerable number of years (V. Scheil's brother Sébastien made squeezes of several samples while they were in his possession; two pieces from the same collection are alleged to have found their way into the Yale Babylonian Collection while Professor Clay was in charge, but they have defied Professor Dougherty's diligent search). Although evidence which would suggest that joins could be effected with fragments in the Kouyunjik Collection is totally lacking, the building inscriptions indicate that they must have the same general provenience.

While in Mosul in April, 1933 (after this study had already been set up), it was the writer's good fortune to secure, through the helpful co-operation of Selim Effendi Lewi, of the Iraq Department of Antiquities, fifteen additional Ashurbanipal prism fragments (reduced to thirteen by joins since made) obviously belonging to the group of which the greater part has found its way into the Oriental Institute. Pending the final disposition of these texts, they have, for purposes of citation in this study, been assigned serial reference numbers with the prefix P.

18 I.e., A.

¹⁴ P. 53. Thus George Smith uses A as the basis for his history, citing other editions only as complementary accounts. Streck frequently quotes B only in terms of its variations from A. There is nothing in the earlier publications to indicate that throughout the historical portion D is an almost literal duplicate of B, or that C in the unpublished sections reproduces to a large extent the text of B, or that many of the expansions of A in the earlier section of the narrative have been taken over practically syllable for syllable from C.

ly pronounced in the case of **B** and its cognates. Tablet and prism fragments were indiscriminately published together, and pieces were assigned to one or the other edition with oftentimes only the flimsiest and frailest justification.¹⁵

To rectify this situation as far as possible, the purpose of the present study is (1) to provide all the available Assyrian historical prism inscriptions of Ashurbanipal in their correct chronological sequence, as far as this sequence can be determined; (2) to assign the various published or otherwise available historical prism fragments to the proper edition in the degree to which our present knowledge makes this possible; (3) to make available for historians the additional information contained in the Ashurbanipal fragments of the Oriental Institute.

The scope of this present inquiry is thus deliberately delimited to exclude (1) all tablet inscriptions, historical or otherwise, except as they come into consideration in restoring a prism text; (2) all historical prisms in the Babylonian character, ¹⁶ such as those recently edited by Nassouhi and Weidner, since these are uniformly late and present altogether different problems; (3) all so-called *Prunkinschriften* and inscriptions of a semihistorical character, commemorating only a single historical event, which is generally subordinated to the praise of the monarch's piety as evidenced by his concern for the restoration of some temple.¹⁷

15 Thus Winckler included **K** (K 1703) among the **B** fragments (WKA, pp. 76–78). K 1731, a **D** fragment, was used to reconstruct the building inscription of **C** (Streck, Assurbanipal, p. xxix), giving the impression that **C** was a dûr qabal âli foundation deposit, whereas actually it was placed in the base of one of Esarhaddon's structures which Ashurbanipal rebuilt (**C** x [49,] 68 (ekallu!), 72, 79 = Streck, ibid. pp. 144 ff., Il. [51,] 65, 69, 76). K 1729, a duplicate of Th 1929–10–12, 2, was assigned to **B** for no other reason than that the curses at the end, couched in some of the commonest formulas in Assyrian literature, agreed with those on K 2732 (Streck, ibid. p. xxvi; III R No. 34, 96–97; PSBA XXVII 98). The list of such confusions is almost endless.

¹⁶ A 8105 excepted. This small fragment, the only Ashurbanipal inscription in the Oriental Institute collection written in Babylonian, will be published in the Appendix to the second part of this study.

 17 To this last class belongs Th 1929–10–12, 2, published by Thompson (*Prisms*, pp. 29–36 and Plates 14–18), of which the following are duplicates in whole or in part:

 $\rm K~1729~$ (dated the sixth of Ab, eponymy of Nabûšaraḥḥêšu, or nearly seven weeks before the Thompson prism)

Introduction

```
K 1769+DT 100 (Bauer, Plates 19-20 and p. 29)
  K 1837 (Bauer, Plate 20 and p. 29)
  K 2664 (Bauer, Plates 26-27 and pp. 34-35)
  K~3065
            (Bauer, p. 35)
  Rm 2, 79
   DT 94 (Bauer, Plate 52 and p. 29)
  DT 160 (Bauer, Plate 53 and p. 29)
  81-2-4, 43
  81-2-4, 167
  81-2-4, 176
                 (Bauer, Plate 56 and p. 29)
  81-2-4, 177
  81-2-4, 343
                 (Bauer, Plate 57 and p. 36)
  81-7-27, 112
  81-7-27, 250
  82-5-22, 6 (Bauer, Plate 60 and p. 29)
  In addition to the corrections noted by Bauer (pp. 28-29, n. 7), the following
should be observed:
  i 25 read simply \hat{\mathbf{u}}-bil \hat{\mathbf{u}}-\hat{\mathbf{s}}[e-rib] (82–5–22, 6)
  i 33 read 34 biltu 20 ma-na hurâși ruššî (81-7-27, 112)
  i 34 read [. . . .] šá-su ú-šal-biš (81–7–27, 112)
  i 49 a-na ma-a-a-al tag-ni-e (ilu)bêl (ilu)bêlti-ia (K 1729)
  i 50 ša-kan ha-ša-di [. . . .] e-peš ru-^{3}-a-me (K 1729)
  i 52 ina bâb [. . . .] maš-tak (ilu) şar-pa-ni-tum (K 1729)
  i 53 ša ku-uz-bu sa-al-hu (K 1729)
  ii 29 read the last word im-ma-al-d[u] (A 8115+K 3065; cf. Bauer, p. 28, n. 7)
  ii 30 um-mi a-lit-ti la ba-na-at ina lib-bi-ša (A 8115+K 3065)
  ii 38 nišê(meš) ar-ku-ti bît (ilu)sîn (K 3065 collated)
  ii 39 ša (I.ilu)šul-ma-nu-ašaridu (A 8115+K 3065)
  ii 40 apal (I)aš-šur-nasir-apli šarru pa-ni (A 8115+K 3065)
Lines iii 19-25 admit of restoration from 81-2-4, 343 as follows:
  iii 19 [qi-rib] ninua(ki) [ša (I)aš-šur-a]ha-iddina (cf. Bauer, pp. 28–29, n. 7)
  iii 20 šàr (mâtu)ašur(ki) [abu bânu-u-a e-pu-šu]
  iii 21
          il-li-ku-ma la-b[a-ri\check{s}]
         e-na-ah-ma i-qu-pa iga[râte(meš)-šu]
  iii 22
  iii 23
         eširtu šu-a-[tu a-n]a si-hir-ti-šu
  iii 24
          ar-sip-ma ú-šak-li[l a-na eš]-ši-šu
  iii 25 (isu) gušûrê (meš) (isu) surmenî sirûti (meš)
Further corrections are:
  iii 50 restore end of line eri nam-ri (A 8011)
  iii 51 restore end of line (ilu)nin-á-gal (ilu)guškin-ban-[da] (A 8011)
  iii 52 restore end of line nak-liš ú-še-piš (A 8011)
  iv 18 the last word should be lib-bi-ia (B i 13)
  v 27 the last word is simply at-mu-uh (Rm. 2, 29+81-2-4, 177)
  v 33 restore end of line (ilu)ištar bêlti-ia (Rm 2, 79)
  v 44 read ina arhi šal-me ûmê(me) še-me-e (E vi 5)
   The gap in column vi is nearly filled by three British Museum fragments:
82-5-22, 6 (cf. Bauer, p. 29):
  vi 21 [\ldots p\hat{a}l\hat{e}](me\hat{s})-ia
```

In the texts which follow, the oldest edition for a given passage is always made basic, and later versions which follow the older edition more or less literally are quoted as variants. Additions of more than one line in later recensions are printed as part of the later edition, not as variants of the older.

Since for all versions except A there is no prism sufficiently preserved to admit its being made the standard, the texts which follow are frankly and necessarily "resultant," the accepted reading being that which is represented by the majority of texts of a given recension. The citation of variant fragments implies a greater or at least an equal number of witnesses to the reading of the text. Where the variant is of real importance, the evidence for all readings is quoted in full.

```
vi 22
         [...]-e-ru
  vi 23
         [\ldots] ga-ri-ia
  vi 24 [...]-nu ra-bi-ti
  vi 25 [\ldots i-na]m-bu-u la-be-el
Rm 2, 79+82-5-22, 6:
  vi 26 a-x[\ldots] \acute{u}-\acute{s}ar-ra-mu
         lik-šu-da qâtâ(II)-a-a
Rm 2, 79+81-2-4, 177+82-5-22, 6:
  vi 28 a-na arkat ûmê(me) mârê(meš) mâr-mârê(meš)
   vi 29 mârê (meš) ù mârê (meš)
   vi 30 ina šarrâni(meš) mârê(meš)-ia
   vi 31 ša ašur (ilu)nin-lil ut-tu-šu-ma
         a-na be-lut mâti u [ni]šê(meš)
   vi 32
   vi 33 i-nam-bu-u z[i-k]ir-\check{s}u
   vi 34 e-nu-ma é-à-ki-tu [šu-a-t]u
Rm 2, 79+81-2-4, 177:
   vi 35 i-lab-bi-ru-ma i-[na-ha]
   vi 36 an-hu-us-sa l[u-ud-diš]
   vi 37 mu-šar-u ši-tir šumi-ia li-mur-ma
   vi 38 šamnê(meš) lip-šu-us (immeru)ni[qê liq-qi]
81-2-4, 177:
   vi 39 a-na áš-ri-šu [lu-tir]
          [m]a-la\ i-na\ mu-šar-[e\ an-ni-e]
```

Aside from its intrinsic value, Th 1929–10–12, 2 is of considerable importance in proving that what Streck calls the tenth column of C (Assurbanipal, pp. xxviii, 146 f., 408 f.) is really the first, as George Smith had contended as early as 1875 (Assyrian Discoveries [New York, 1875] p. 377). Whether Streck was misled by the inaccurate reconstruction of the first column of K 1794 in the British Museum, which allows space for about sixteen lines (eighteen according to Streck, op. cit. p. 409), while the corresponding lines of Th 1929–10–12, 2 occupy only ten, or by Samuel Alden Smith's statement (Keilschrifttexte Asurbanipals Königs von Assyrien II [Leipzig, 1887] 18) cannot be decided.

Purely orthographic variations between editions and between various fragments of the same edition are not noted, except in cases where they are of moment; the fuller spelling is preferred to the less full, a syllabically written word to the word sign, the more frequent to the rarer sign; 13 ša and ša, šu and šu, ia and ia^{19} are regularly rendered by the respective unaccented syllable, since no importance attaches to these alternating signs, which are entirely interchangeable. The constructs of šarru, abu, and rabû are distinguished from the syllable signs šar, ab, and rab by appropriate accents: šàr (also for šar₄), àb, and rab.

The sources of all restorations which are more than a syllable in length or which affect the root of the word are indicated in the apparatus.

The sign \P indicates the point where another recension is introduced as a witness to the text; the sign \S indicates where it breaks off or diverges again. The various editions are cited throughout this study by means of boldface letters (A B C D E F K).

Notes have been reduced to the barest minimum.

¹⁸ An exception is \dot{u} , which is retained even where variants have u.

¹⁹ Particularly frequent in A 7947.

EDITION E

Date.—Although the date is not preserved on any of the four fragments thus far identified, Edition E must be reckoned the oldest historical account in Assyrian¹ that has come down to us from the reign of Ashurbanipal. That it is older than the "Large Egyptian Tablets," one of which Olmstead calls F,³ is clear from the fact that the story of Gyges' embassy in the latter edition lacks the elaborate and vivid detail of the account in E. Since the "Large Egyptian Tablets" cannot be dated much later than the conquest of Thebes,⁴ a date no later than 667 can be assumed for E.

Contents.—Column i: Beginning missing; 1-3 too badly broken for

- ¹ Since the tablet fragment K 2846 contains a fuller and more detailed account of the Kirbit campaign, which it ascribes to Nûrekallišammu, and since it records no further events of the monarch's reign, it has generally been dated before Edition E (Olmstead, *Historiography*, pp. 53–54), Winckler even putting it in Ashurbanipal's rêš šarrâti, 668 B.C. (Altorientalische Forschungen I [Leipzig, 1893] 475). This fragment, however, is written not in Assyrian but in Babylonian characters (Bezold, Catalogue, p. 481; Bauer, Pl. 31).
- ² KK 228+3081+3084 (Bezold, Catalogue, p. 60) and K 2675 (*ibid.* p. 465); latest edition of the two combined in Streck, Assurbanipal, pp. 158-74. The fact that these two tablets are duplicates was long overlooked, although Bezold had pointed it out as early as 1886 (Kurzgefasster Überblick über die babylonisch-assyrische Literatur [Leipzig, 1886] p. 111). These two tablets are probably library or archival copies of the originals deposited in the foundation of the temple of Sin at Harran (Rev. 37 ff.).
- ³ K 2675. In this publication **F** (Bauer's A^A), following Streck (Assurbanipal, p. cdlxxxi), designates the edition of Ashurbanipal's annals promulgated in the eponymy of Nabûšaraḥḥêšu (645 B.c.), sections of which were published for the first time by V. Scheil (*Le prisme S d'Assarhaddon* [Paris, 1914] pp. 43–44, Plates 6–7), and of which the entire text will be published in the second part of this study, as far as it does not agree with Edition **B.** On K 2675 and the fragmentary stone duplicate found at Babylon (Delitzsch in Mitteilungen der Deutschen Orient-Gesellschaft, No. 17, p. 2, n. 1) see Olmstead, Historiography, pp. 54–55.
- ⁴ Streck (Assurbanipal, p. cdlxvi), followed by Weissbach (RdA I 204a), gives ca. 664 for the death of Taharka and ca. 663–662 for the fall of Thebes. But Streck attaches too much importance to the account of the "First" Egyptian Campaign of B and A, which in view of the statement of F i 35–38 (ri-eš šarru-ti-ia i-na maḥri-e gir-ri-ia a-na (mātu)mā-gan ù (mātu)me-luḥ-ḥa uš-te-eš-še-ra ḥar-ra-nu (I)taš-da-am-ma-ni-' šār (mātu)mu-sur ù (mātu)ku-u-si a-lak gir-ri-ia iš-me-e-ma) must have taken place before Ashurbanipal's rêš šarrūti (668 B.C.). If Streck's dates are correct, the silence of both E and the "Large Egyptian Tablets" on the First Elamite Campaign against Urtaku and the First Gambulu Campaign against

restoration; 4–21, résumé of Esarhaddon's conquest of Egypt and Ethiopia; remainder missing. Column ii: Beginning missing; 1–4, flight of Taharka to Thebes; 5–6, capture of the Ethiopian ships and armies by the Assyrian garrison; 7–8, report of this coup to Ashurbanipal; 9–17, mobilization of the Transpotamian forces to strengthen the Egyptian garrison; 18–25 missing; 26 too badly broken for restoration; 27–48, plot of Necho, Šarrulūdâri, and Pakruru against the Assyrian garrison; 49–55, discovery of the plot; remainder missing. Column iii missing. Column iv: Beginning missing; 1–10, Kirbit campaign; 11–14 too badly broken for restoration; remainder missing. Column v: Beginning missing; 1–18, embassy of the Lydian king Gyges; remainder missing. Column vi: Beginning missing; 1–14, standard building inscription, showing that the prism was deposited in the foundation of some temple (or palace); conclusion missing.

Relation to other editions.—The omission of a definite subject in ii 5–6⁵ seems to indicate that this account is taken from an earlier record now lost, but it may simply be a faulty construction parallel to the anacoluthon in v 9 ff. The extant sections of column ii have been reproduced, with minor editorial variations, in the "Large Egyptian Tablets," but the only passage which has been retained in later prisms with any degree of literalness is ii 32–51, which is reedited in both C⁷ and A.⁸

Text.—The following prism fragments exhibit the text of Edition E:

A. IN THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

A 7919 (i 4–18, ii 1–17)

A 7920 (v 1–18, vi 1–14)

B. IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM

K 1821 (iv 1–10, v 3–15) published in George Smith, *History*, pp. 76–77, 82–83; Bauer, Pl. 17 and p. 27

K 1828 (i 1-21, ii 26-55); i 1-21 published in III R 29, No. 2; entire text in Bauer, loc. cit.

Béliqíša, which he assigns to ca. 666-665 and ca. 665-664 respectively, cannot be accounted for. It would be better, considering all this, to assign a date in the neighborhood of 668-667 for the fall of Thebes.

⁵ The passage becomes even more confusing after the editor of the "Large Egyptian Tablets" has omitted the co-ordinating u (Obv. 23), resulting in the erroneous translations of George Smith (*History*, p. 40) and Streck (*Assurbanipal*, p. 161).

⁶ Obv. 20–44. ⁷ ii 108 ff. ⁸ i 119–29.

$Column \ i$

$\begin{matrix}1^1\\2\\3\end{matrix}$	[[] a(?)]-ma] šứ e a				
4	[²(mâtu)má-gan-na u (mâtu)me-luḥ-ḥa na-gu-	u²] ru-u-qu				
5	$[\check{s}a^2\ldots$] a-lak-ku				
6	[(I)ašur]-aḥa-iddina(na) šàr (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)	abu ba-nu-u-a				
7	[ir]-du-ma il-li-ku qí-rib-ša					
8	[abi]kta (I)tar-qu-u šàr/(mâtu)ku-u-si iš-ku-nu	-ma				
9	ú-par-ri-ru el-lat-su					
10	[(mâtu)]mu-şur (mâtu)ku-u-si ik-šu-du-ma					
11	[ina³] la mi-ni iš-lu-la šal-la-as-su					
12	[mâtu³] šu-a-tu ina si-ḫir-ti-ša i-be-el-ma					
13	[a]-na mi-şir (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) ú-tir					
14	[šumê³](meš) âlâni(meš.ni) maḫ-ru-u-ti ú-nak-kir-ma					
15	[a]-na eš-šu-u-te iš-ku-4na4 ni-bi-is-su-un					
16	ardâni(meš)-šu a-na šarrū-ti (amêlu)šaknu-u-t	t i				
17	[5eli âlâni(meš) šu5]-nu-u-te ú-pa-qí-du ina lìb	-bi				
18	[⁶ biltu man-da ⁶]-at-tu be-lu-ti-šu					
19	[⁶ šat-ti-šam-ma ⁶] ú-kin și-ru-uš-šu-un					
20	[] áš-	li ⁷ qaq-qu-ra				
21	[(âl	u)mi-im-pi				
	[Remainder of column missing]	_				

Column i $1, \ldots, 2, \ldots, 3, \ldots$

⁴[Magan and Meluhha,] a distant [district] ⁵[(into) which] ⁶[Esar]haddon, king of Assyria, the father who begat me, ⁷[had gone] forth and marched—in the midst of it ⁸he accomplished the [def]eat of Taharka, king of Ethiopia, and ⁹scattered his army, ¹⁰conquered Egypt (and) Ethiopia, and ¹¹carried off booty (from) him [with]out number. ¹²He ruled over that [land] in its entirety and ¹³converted (it) [in]to a province of Assyria, ¹⁴changed the former [name]s of the cities and ¹⁵gave them names [a]new, ¹⁶appointed his servants to kingship (and) viceroyship ¹⁷[over th]ose [cities] in the midst (of them), ¹⁸⁻¹⁹placed upon them [tribute, gi]fts for his lordship, [yearly]. ²⁰[. . . .] ašlus of land ²¹[. . . .] Memphis.

[Remainder of column missing]

NOTES FOR COLUMN I

¹ The lines are numbered from the first line which has an identifiable sign.

²⁻² Conjectural.

³ K 3083 (Streck, Assurbanipal, p. 216).

^{4-4 -}ra A 7919.

⁵⁻⁵ After Streck, Assurbanipal, p. 154.

⁶⁻⁶ George Smith, History, p. 35.

 $^{^{7}}$ An ašlu is equal to 120 ammâtu, 59.28 meters.

Column ii¹

- 1 [uṣ]-ṣi-[ma a-na šu-zu-ub na-piš-ti-šu]
- 2 gí-rib (isu)elip[pi ir-kab-ma]
- 3 karas-su ú-maš-šir-[ma e-diš ip-par-šid-ma]
- 4 qí-rib (âlu)ni-' [e-ru-ub]
- 5 (işu)elippêti(meš) qa-ra-bi [ma-la it-ti-šu]
- 6 ù şabê(meš) tâhâzi-šu ú-[şab-bi-tu ina qâtê(II)]
- 7 (amêlu)mâr-šipri bu-su-r[at ḥa-di-e]
- 8 2ša a-tam-ra2 iq-[ba-a ia-a-ši]
- 9 (amêlu)ráb-šaqê (amê[lu)pahâti(meš)]
- 10 ù šarrâni(meš) e-bir nâri [ardâni(meš) da-gil pa-ni-ia]
- 11 a-di e-mu-qi-šu-nu (iṣu)[elippêti(meš)-šu-nu]
- 12 šarrâni(meš.ni) (mâtu)mu-[sur ardâni(meš) da-gil pa-ni-ia]
- 13 a-di (işu)elippêti(meš)-šu-nu e-[mu-qi-šu-nu]
- 14 a-na hul-lu-uq (I)tar-qu-[u]
- 15 [u]l-tu qí-rib (mâtu)mu-şur (mâtu)ku-[u-si]
- 16 [eli e]-mu-qi-ia mah-ra-[a-ti]
- 17 [ú-rad-di-ma] áš-pur a-n[a (âlu)ni-']
- $18-25^3$ [Missing]
 - 26 [\S]a(?) a-tam-r[a(?)...]
 - 27 ar-ka-a-nu (I)ni-ku-[u (I)šarru-lu-dá-ri]
 - 28 (I)pa-ak-ru-ru šarrâni(meš) [ša qí-rib (mâtu)mu-şur]
 - 29 iš-ku-nu [abu ba-nu-u-a]
 - 30 a-di-e ašur ù ilâni(meš) rabûti[(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia]
 - 31 e-ti-qu-u-ma ip-ru-[su ma-mit-sun]
- ¶AC 32 ¶A ţa-ab-ti 4abi ba-ni-ia4 [¶C im-šu-ma]
 - 33 lìb-ba-šu-5na ik-pu-6du [limuttu(tu)]
 - 34 da-bab-7ti7 sur-ra-a-ti id-[bu-bu-ma]
 - 35 mi-lik la tuš-šír ⁸im⁸-li-ku [ra-man-šu-un]
 - 36 um-ma (I)tar-qu-u ul-tu qí-[rib (mâtu)mu-şur]
 - 37 i-na-sih-u-ma at-tu-ni a-ša-[ba-ni me-i-nu]
 - 38 e-li (I)tar-qu-u šàr [(mâtu)ku-u-si]
 - 39 a-na ša-kan a-di-e u [sa-li-me]
- §C 40 ⁹iš-pu-ru⁹ (amêlu])[rak-bi-e-šu-un§]
 - 41 um-ma su-lum-mu-u [ina bi-ri-in-ni]
 - 42 liš-ša-kín-ma ni-[in-dag-ga-ra a-ḥa-meš]
 - 43 mâtu a-hi-en-na-a [ni-zu-uz-ma]

Column ii

¹[He went] forth [and to save his life] ²[he board]ed a sh[ip and] ³deserted his camp [and fled alone and] ⁴[enter]ed Thebes.

⁵[All] the warships [that were with him] ⁶and his warriors they (*i.e.*, the Assyrian garrison in Egypt) [captured with their hands]. ⁷⁻⁸A messenger tol[d me] the tidi[ngs of joy] that I should behold(?).

⁹The rabshakeh, the g[overnors], ¹⁰and the kings of Transpotamia, [servants subject to me,] ¹¹together with their armies, [their ships,] ¹²(and) the kings of Eg[ypt, servants subject to me], ¹³together with their ships, [their] a[rmies], ¹⁴to destroy Taharka ¹⁵[ou]t of Egypt and Ethio[pia] ¹⁶⁻¹⁷[I added to] my form[er for]ces [and] sent (them) again[st Thebes].

 $18-25[\ldots]^{26}\ldots[\ldots]$

²⁷Afterward Nech[o, Šarrulûdâri], ²⁸⁻²⁹(and) Pakruru, kings [whom the father that begat me] had set up [in Egypt], ³⁰transgressed the oath of Ashur and the grea[t] gods, [my lords,] and ³¹brok[e their solemn covenant]. ³²[They forgot] the favor of the father who begat me (the favor which I had shown them A), [and] ³³their hearts plotted [evil]. ³⁴They s[poke] treacherously [and] ³⁵discussed unrighteous proposals [of their own imagination], ³⁶⁻³⁷saying: "They have driven Taharka out [of Egypt], and [how] shall we rem[ain]?" ³⁸To Taharka, king of [Ethiopia], ³⁹to compact an oath-bound treaty and [alliance] ⁴⁰they sent [their mounted messeng]ers, ⁴¹saying: "Let brotherhood be established [among us], ⁴²and let us [help one another]. ⁴³[We shall

Notes for Column II

¹ Except where some other source is specifically noted, all restorations in column ii are from K 228+K 2675 Obv. 20-44 (George Smith, *History*, pp. 39-43).

²⁻² So A 7919, as well as the parallel K 2675.

 $^{^3}$ The exact extent of this gap cannot be determined; this estimate is based on K 228+K 2675 Obv. 30–33.

⁴⁻⁴ e-pu-us-su-nu-ti A.

^{5-5 -}nu E (K 1828) A (Rm 1); -nu-ti A (var.).

^{6-6 -}ud C A.

⁷⁻⁷ **A** (Rm 1) om.

⁸⁻⁸ mi- A (var.),

⁹⁻⁹ ú-ma-'-e-ru A.

- 44 a-a ib-ba-ši ina bi-ri-[in-ni]
- 45 9aša um-ma-nat ašur9a 10gap-[ša-a-ti-ia10]
- §A 46 iš-te-ni-'-[u a-mat limuttim(tim)§]¹¹
 - 47 a-na na-kás na-piš-[ti-šu-nu ik-ri-mu]
 - 48 hul-lu-qu [a-di la ba-še-e]
- ¶A 49 ¶(amêlu)šu-ut-rêší¹²-ia [a-ma-a-ti an-na-a-te]
 - 50 iš-13mi-e-ma13 [14ik-ki-lu nik-lat-su-un14]
- §A 51 (amélu)rak-bi-e-šu-[un a-di šip-ra-a-ti-šu-nu§]
 - 52 ša e-li [15 (I)tar-qu-u šar (mâtu)ku-u-si 15]
 - 53 a-na ša-kan a-[¹⁵di-e ù sa-li-me iš-pu-ru¹⁵]
 - 54 iş-ba-ta-am-ma [16e-mur ip-šit sur-ra-a-te-šu-nu¹⁶]
 - 55 (I)ni-ku-u [¹¹(I)šarru-lu-dá-ri (I)pa-ak-ru-ru¹¹] [Remainder of column missing]

Column iii missing

Column iv1

- 1 [qu-ra]-di-šu ú-ra-si-bu ina (işu)kakki
- 2 [imêrê](meš) alpê(meš) și-e-ni
- 3 [šal-l]a-su ka-bit-tu iš-lu-lu-u-ni
- 4 [a-na qí]-rib (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
- 5 [(I)ta-an]-da-a-a (amêlu)nâgir-šu-nu bal-ţu-su ina qa-ti
- 6 [iṣ-ba]-tu-ni ub-lu-u-ni a-di maḥ-ri-ia
- 7 [nišê(meš) u]l(?)-tú(?) âlâni(meš.ni) šu-nu-ti as-suḥ
- 8 [i-na] qí-rib (mâtu)mu-sur ú-ša-as-bit
- 9 [nišê(meš) ki-šit-ti] (işu)qašti-ia ša mâti ša-ni-tim-ma
- 10 [ina (âlu)]kir-bi-it ù âlâni(meš)-šu ú-še-šib

11] a-na-ku
12	[]-tim
13	[]-ši
14	[] šêpê(II)-ia

[Remainder of column missing]

divide] the land in two, [and] ⁴⁴amon[g us] there shall not be ⁴⁵an[ot]her 〈lord.'' Against the hosts of〉 Assyria, [my] mul[titudes] (the strength of my lordship, which I had set up as their allies A), ⁴⁶they plotte[d an evil plan] ⁴⁷to cut [their] thro[ats; they set out to accomplish (*lit.*, they began to destroy)] ⁴⁸(their) destruction [to the point of annihilation].

⁴⁹An officer (Officers A) of mine heard [of these matters] ⁵⁰and [met their cunning with cunning]. ⁵¹He captured the[ir] mounted messenger, [together with their messages] ⁵²which [they had dispatched] to [Taharka, king of Ethiopia,] ⁵³to compact an o[ath-bound treaty and alliance], ⁵⁴and [discovered their rebellious plot]. ⁵⁵Necho, [Šarrulûdâri, Pakruru]

[Remainder of column missing]

Column iii missing

Column iv

¹His [war]riors they cut down with the sword. ²[As]ses, cattle, sheep, ³his heavy [spoil] they carried off ⁴[t]o Assyria. ⁵[Tan]dayya, their leader, they [to]ok with their hand alive, ⁶brought him before me. ⁷I tore away [the people out] of these cities, ⁸settled (them) [i]n Egypt. ⁹[People] of another land whom my bow [had conquered] ¹⁰I made dwell [in] Kirbit and its cities.

```
<sup>11</sup>[...] I <sup>12</sup>... <sup>13</sup>... <sup>14</sup>... my feet. [Remainder of column missing]
```

NOTES FOR COLUMN II

 $^{9a-9a}$ So Dr. Geers and Bauer (p. 27). The grammar is most difficult. Possibly we have here an error of hearing which has corrupted an original $\delta a - \langle nu - \rangle um - ma$ $\langle be-lum\ a-na\ um - man\ (cf.\ B\ v\ 42) \rangle\ (m \delta tu) a \delta ur$. On this emendation (based on C and A) the present translation rests.

10-10 e-muq bêlû-ti-ia ša a-na kit-ri-šu-nu uš-zi-zu A.

NOTE FOR COLUMN IV

¹¹ A om. ll. 46-47.

¹² A adds (meš).

 $^{^{13-13}}$ -mu-u A.

¹⁴⁻¹⁴ A om.

¹⁵⁻¹⁵ Cf. II. 38-40.

¹⁶⁻¹⁶ Cf. A i 130.

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ Cf. ll. 21-22.

¹ Column iv has been restored after George Smith, *History*, pp. 82–83.

```
Column v
            1
               [... (amêlu)mâr] šipri-šu it-[¹ti ta-mar-ti¹]
            2 a-na ša-'-al šul-me-ia it-ha-a
            3 a-na mi-şir mâti-ia nišê(meš) mâti-ia i-mu-ru-šu-ma
            4 man-nu-me-e at-ta a-hu-u iq-bu-šu
            5 ša ma-te-ma (amêlu)rakbu(u)-ku-un²
            6 da-rag-gu la iš-ku-na a-na ki-sur-ri
            7 a-na ninua(ki) âl be-lu-ti-ia [¹nišê(meš)¹]
            8 ú-bi-lu-ni-šu ina mah-ri-ia
            9 lišânê(meš) și-it-ti (ilu)šamši(ši) e-rib (ilu)šamši(ši)
           10 ša (ilu)aš-šur ú-ma-al-lu-u-qa-tu-u-a
           11 be-el lišâni-šu ul ib-ši-ma
           12 lišân-[šu³] na-ak-rat-ma
           13 la i-šim-mu-u at-mu-šu
           14 ul-tu mi-şir mâti-šu [
                                                ]
           15 it-ti-šu ú-bi-[la]
                                   ] a da [
           16
                                b]i(?) ba(?) pa(?) [
           17
               [
                                  ]ú[
           18
                [Remainder of column missing]
Column vi
                                                       ]
            1 ina muh-hi [
            2 maš-kán-šu [
            3 e-li ša [¹ûme(me) pa-ni¹]
            4 šu-bat-su ú-[¹rap-piš¹]
            5 ina arhi šal-me [²ûmê(me) še-me-e²]
            6 ušša-šu ad-di-ma [
            7 ul-tu ušši-šu a-di [³gaba-dib-bi-e-šu³]
            8 ar-şip ú-[³šak-lil³]
            9 a-na arkât ûmê(me) ina [4šarrâni(meš) mârê(meš)-ia4]
           10 ša (ilu)a-šur u [4(ilu)ištar4]
           11 a-na be-lut mâti ù(?) [4nišê(meš)4]
           12 i-nam-bu-[4u zi-kir-šu4]
            13 e-nu-ma e[kalli(?) 4šu-a-tu4]
            14 i(?)-[4lab-bi-ru-ma en-na-ha4]
```

[Remainder of column missing]

 $Column \ v$

¹[....] his [mes]senger wi[th a present] ²approached to ask my health ³to the border of my land. The people of my country looked at him and ⁴said to him, "Who are you, stranger, ⁵whose mounted messenger hitherto ⁶has never blazed a trail to the marches?" ⁷To Nineveh, the city of my lordship, [the people] ⁸brought him to me into my presence. ⁹The tongues of the East and of the West, ¹⁰which Ashur had poured into my hand—¹¹there was no master of his language, and ¹²[his] tongue remained strange, so that ¹³they could not understand his speech. ¹⁴From the boundary of his land [....] ¹⁵he brough[t] with him ¹⁶.... ¹⁷.... ¹⁸....

[Remainder of column missing]

Column vi

¹Upon [....] ²his domicile [....] ³beyond [the former days] ⁴his dwelling I(?) [widened]. ⁵In a favorable month, [(on) a propitious day,] ⁶I laid its foundation and [....]. ⁷From its foundation to [its cornice] ⁸I erected it co[mpletely]. ⁹In future days, among [the kings, my descendants], ¹⁰⁻¹²[whose names] Ashur and [Ishtar] shall pronoun[ce] for the rule of land and [people], ¹³when [this] te[mple(?)] ¹⁴be[comes old and dilapidated]

[Remainder of column missing]

Notes for Column v

Notes for Column vi

¹⁻¹ Conjectural.

² The plural -kun probably refers to the people of the land from which the mounted messenger had come.

³ George Smith, *History*, p. 77.

¹⁻¹ C i 93.

²⁻² Cf. Th 1929-10-12, 2 v 44.

³⁻³ B viii 71 ff.

⁴⁻⁴ **B** viii 79 ff.

oi.uchicago.edu

EDITION B

Date.\(^1\)—Six of the available **B** fragments have dates preserved. Of these, one (A 7997) has retained only the month in which it was written (Siv\(^a\)n) and the title of the eponym (\(^saknu\)). Four have preserved the name of the eponym under whom they were produced: A 7935 and A 7938, Ahi-ila-a-a (PAP.DINGIR.A.A), \(^saknu\) of Carchemish (Gargami\(^saknu\)), \(^saknu\) the latter giving us the name of the month as well (Ab); K 2732 and 83-1-18, 602 (unpublished), B\(^e\)l\(^sunu\), \(^saknu\) of Hindana. The sixth (K 1741) has preserved the month (Tammuz), the title of the eponym (\(^saknu\)), and a few indecisive traces of the name of the city where he exercised his office.

Ahilayya, whose name is the last in Canon III, is definitely fixed as the eponym of 649 B.C.,³ and Bêlšunu is universally accepted as his successor in the eponymate.⁴ The eponymy of Nabûšaraḥhêšu (645) has

¹ On the basis of the same internal evidence which moved Professor Olmstead to date K 3402 (published III R 35 No. 5), which he calls G (since the preserved section of this tablet is an exact duplicate of F i 57—ii 6, it is probably part of an archival copy of the foundation deposit), between the "Large Egyptian Tablets" and Edition B (Historiography, p. 55), the writer was at first inclined to date F (Bauer's A³) and its cognates, F₂, F₃, F₄, and F₅, before the B series (Journal of the American Oriental Society LII [1932] 304); but the dating on the actual fragments of F makes this assumption untenable. All the F prisms the dates of which have been preserved were written in the eponymy of Nabûšaraḥḥêšu, viceroy (šaknu) of Samaria (Samirina). From K 4773 (Johns, Assyrian Deeds and Documents II [Cambridge, 1901] Plate 160, No. 297) we learn that Nabûšaraḥhêšu was six years after Sagabbu (PSBA XXV 88), the third last name in Canon III (ibid p. 85). Sagabbu is definitely fixed by external evidence to 651 (ibid. p. 87), hence Nabûšaraḥhêšu must be 645 (ibid. XXIV 238), three years after the latest date of B.

² That he was viceroy of Carchemish was known as early as 1912, having been established by a sale contract found at Gezer by Macalister (*Memoir on the Excavation of Gezer* [London, 1912] I 27–29; A Century of Excavation in Palestine [New York, 1925] p. 189), an occurrence with which Streck was apparently unacquainted (Assurbanipal, p. cdlx, where other instances of the same eponym are listed).

 $^3\,PSBA$ XXV 88; Streck, Assurbanipal,p. cdlx; Weissbach in RdAI 207a. Ahilayya is two years after Sagabbu; cf. n. 1supra.

⁴ PSBA XXIV 238; Streck, Assurbanipal, pp. cdlv, cdlxi, 137, n. 6; Ebeling in RdA I 482a. In any case a terminus ante quem is provided by the Ptolemaic Canon,

falsely been given as a date for B,⁵ on the erroneous assumption that K 1729, a duplicate of Th 1929–10–12, 2, is a B fragment.⁶

Contents.—i 1–49: Introduction (1–5, titulary and genealogy; 6–15, description of Ashurbanipal as favorite of the gods; 16–26, account of restoration of temples; 27–40, consequent messianic prosperity; 41–49, the dominance of Assyria during Ashurbanipal's reign).

i 50—ii 17: First Egyptian Campaign (50–51, objective of campaign; 52–64, revolt of Taharka, who sets up his capital in Memphis; 65–70, mobilization of the Assyrian troops; 71–77, victory of the Assyrians at Karbanîti; 78–85a, terror and flight of Taharka from Memphis; 85b–95a, conquest of Memphis and reorganization of Egypt; i 95b—ii 2, conquest and punishment of the rebel cities, Sais, Binţiţi, and Sa'nu; 3–6, capture of Šarrulûdâri; 7–9, death of Taharka in Thebes; 10–17, accession and revolt of Tašdamanê, climaxing in the siege of Memphis).

ii 18–40: Second Egyptian Campaign (18–19, objective of campaign; 20–24, flight of Tašdamanê from before Memphis to Thebes and submission of the Assyrian vassal-kings; 25–28a, flight of Tašdamanê to Kipkipi before the Assyrian advance; 28b–36, fall of Thebes; 37–38, establishment of Assyrian authority in Egypt; 39–40, return to Nineveh).

ii 41–70: Campaign against Ba'ali of Tyre (41–43, objective and cause of campaign; 44–52, siege of Tyre; 53–61, capitulation of Ba'ali; 62–64, end of siege; 65–66, return to Nineveh; 67–70, effect of campaign on neighboring princes).

ii 71–92: Relations with Arvad, Tabal, and Cilicia (71–81, submission of Yakinlû, Mugallu, and Sandišarme; 82–92, death of Yakinlû and submission of his sons).

which requires the death of Šamaššumukin some time after Tammuz 15, 648 (PSBA XXVII 100; A. T. Clay, Babylonian Records in the Library of J. Pierpont Morgan I [New York, 1912] No. 38, ll. 39-40), an event which had not occurred at the time **B** was written.

⁵ III R 34, 92–95b; Streck, Assurbanipal, p. 138a; Luckenbill, Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia (Chicago, 1927) II 340, n. 1; Bauer, p. 6, n. 14.

⁶ Johns seems to have doubted the character of K 1729 as a **B** fragment, for he states that there is "no certainty from the fact that, so far as preserved, it [K 1729] is a duplicate of K 2732 [**B**], that it was a duplicate all through" (*PSBA* XXVII 98).

ii 93—iii 4: Conquest of the Cimmerians by Gyges with Assyrian aid.

iii 5-15: Campaign against Kirbit (5-9, objective and cause of campaign; 10-15, capture of Kirbit and deportation of the inhabitants to Egypt).

iii 16—iv 2: Campaign against Mannayya (16–18, objective of campaign; 19–22 badly broken; 23–30, Assyrian victory over the Manneans at the border; 31–42, invasion of Mannayya as far as Izertu; 43–46, flight of Aḥšêri to Atrana; 47–51, siege and conquest of the capital district; 52–65, subjection of the territories of Paddiri, Arsianiš, and Eristeyana; 66–69, return to Assyria; 70–81, restoration of the border cities of Birrua, Šarruiqbi, and Gusunê to Assyria; 82–85, revolt of the Manneans and death of Aḥšêri; iii 86—iv 2, accession and submission of Ualli).

iv 3-8: Successful foray into Media.

iv 9-17: Unsuccessful attack on Uppume and Kullimmeri by Andaria of Armenia.

iv 18–86: First Elamite Campaign (18–20a, objective and cause of the campaign; 20b–26, favor shown to Urtaku by Ashurbanipal during the famine; 27–32, hostile propaganda of Bêliqîša of Gambulu and Nabûšumereš; 33–34, Elamite attack in Babylonia; 35–48a, verification of the report; 48b–53, flight, defeat, and rout of Urtaku; 54–68, death of Urtaku, Bêliqîša, Nabûšumereš, and Mardukšumibni; 69–73, overthrow of Urtaku's dynasty; 74–86, flight of Urtaku's relatives and their supporters before the usurper Teumman).

iv 87—vi 16: Second Elamite Campaign (87–96a, objective and cause of campaign; iv 96b—v 3a, refusal of Ashurbanipal to deliver Urtaku's supporters to Teumman; 3b–9, portentous astronomical phenomena—an eclipse of the moon at dawn, accompanied by other unusual manifestations; 10–12, Teumman's illness; 13–24, preparation of the Elamites for battle; 25–49a, prayer of Ashurbanipal to Ishtar for succor; 49b–77, Ishtar's answer through a seer; 78–90, retreat of Teumman from Bît-Imbî to Susa before the advancing Assyrians; 91–99, Assyrian victory at Tîl-Tuba on the Ulayya; vi 1–3, decapitation of Teumman; 4–5, surrender of Elam; 6–9, Ummanigaš and Tammaritu installed as kings of Elam and Hidalu respectively; 10–16, résumé of the spoil).

vi 17—vii 2: Campaign against Gambulu (17–20, objective and cause of the campaign; 21–38, conquest of Gambulu; 39–42, execution of Massi.... râ; 43–46, demolition of Šapîbêl; 47–69, triumphant return to Nineveh; 70–75, execution of Merodachbaladan's grandson; 76–82, captivity of Dunanu and Samgunu; 83–92, punishment of the Gambulean rebel leaders; vi 93—vii 2, violation of Nabûšumereš's bones).

vii 3–42: Revolt of Ummanigaš (3–29, alliance between Ummanigaš and Šamaššumukin; 30–39, defeat of the coalition's army by the Assyrian garrison of Mangisi; 40–42, death of Ummanigaš).

vii 43-55a: Reign of Tammaritu.

vii 55b-92: Reign of Indabigaš (55b-57, usurpation of the throne by Indabigaš; 58-76, reception of Tammaritu and his party in Nineveh; 77-92, submission of Indabigaš).

vii 93—viii 63: Arabian Campaign (93–98, return of Atarsamain to Yauta'; vii 99—viii 5, revolt of Arabia under the leadership of Yauta'; viii 6–22, subjection of Arabia by the Assyrian garrison; 23–31, flight of Yauta'; 32–38, succession of Abiate' as Assyrian vassalking; 39–50, defeat of Ammuladdin of Kedar by Kamashaltâ of Moab; 51–63, submission of Nathan of Nabatea).

viii 64–96: Building inscription recording the restoration of the armory (bit mašarti).

viii 96-99: Date.

Relation to other editions.—Unfortunately we have no prisms of which we can definitely say that they were written in the two decades intervening between **E** and **B**. This does not necessarily imply the nonexistence of such documents—they may lie in the foundations of buildings as yet unexcavated at Kouyunjik or elsewhere, or they may be represented by some of the small and undated fragments which either cannot be located in the present scheme of things or cannot be distinguished from later editions. At all events, **B** has retained nothing of **E** literally, and in some cases the events themselves are so al-

⁷ The one deposited in the foundation of Éhulhul in Harran, represented by the tablet copies K 228+K 2675 (Streck, *Assurbanipal*, pp. 158 ff.), excepted. At best, however, this cannot have been written very much after E; see p. 8.

⁸ Êšarra, Êmašmaš, or Êgašankalamma, for instance (B i 20).

⁹ Such as those to be given in the Appendix to Part II of this study.

tered in the account that one might almost doubt whether they refer to the same incident. Thus the putting-down of the revolt of Taharka, which in E is definitely ascribed to the Assyrian garrison in Egypt, has become an exploit personally directed by the king. Similarly, Nûrekallišammu, who directed the Kirbit campaign, has likewise surrendered his laurels to his imperial master.

B is the first of a series of at least four major editions. With D, the next in succession, it agrees almost word for word throughout the historical portion. K, of which fragments of only four columns are extant, reproduces B as far as B vi 82. After its column-long introduction C—as far as its fragmentary state permits us to judge—follows B very closely, except for a few expansions in the Egyptian campaigns, up to B vii 2 and again in B vii 13–65, B vii 77–92, B viii 30–43, and B viii 58–61. F is dependent on B for the account of the campaigns against Tašdamanê, Ba³ali (and the events recorded in connection therewith), and Aḥšêri. A takes over all this, plus the account of the campaign against Taharka, and some of the Arabian campaign, expanding at some points and condensing in others. The marginal sigla in the text below indicate graphically the degree to which B influenced the later editions.

For the relation of B to B_2 , B_3 , B_4 , and B_5 , see page 94.

Text.—The text-type of Edition **B** is exhibited by the following prism fragments:¹⁰

```
A. IN THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
```

```
A 7921
        (i 1–2, ii 7–15)
A 7922
        (i 1–4, viii 9–20)
A 7923
         (i 1-6)
A 7924
         (i 1-9, ii 5-14)
A 7925
         (i 2–31, viii 12–38)
         (i 9-37, ii 22-37)
A 7926
A 7927
         (i 14–27, viii 28–35)
         (i 45-50)
A 7928
         (i 47–56, viii 56–62)
A 7929
A 7930
         (i 50–67, v 57–58, vi 38–63, vii 53–93, viii 57–84)
```

¹⁰ Since **D**, **C**, **K**, and, in a less degree, even **F** and **A** agree with **B** so exactly in many sections that criteria for distinguishing them are few, some of the fragments here listed under **B**, particularly among the smaller ones, probably come originally from prisms exhibiting the text of some other recension. The point is unimportant, however, except as it may affect the making of future joins.

```
24 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
```

```
A 7931
         (i 53–59, ii 61–67)
A 7932 (i 56-71, ii 40-65)
A 7933 (i 68-72, viii 82-86)11
A 7934 (i 69–84, ii 60–88, iii 66–94)
A 7935 (i 74—ii 13, ii 67—iii 9, iii 76—iv 14, iv 71—v 9, viii 75–99)
A 7936 (i 85—ii 5, ii 88—iii 1)
A 7937 (i 86-99, viii 79-96)12
A 7938 (i 89–98, vii 91—viii 18, viii 20–22, 83–99)<sup>13</sup>
A 7939 (ii 3–16, iii 6–11)
A 7940 (ii 28–40, iii 25–32)
A 7941 (ii 34–43)<sup>14</sup>
A 7942 (ii 45–47, iii 39–53)
A 7943 (ii 68-80, iii 66-68)
A 7944 (ii 77—iii 2, iii 58—iv 2, iv 50–98, v 52–97, vi 66–73)
A 7945 (ii 78–88)
A 7946 (ii 79–92, iii 61—iv 1, iv 62–95)
A 7947 (ii 95—iii 12, iii 97—iv 19, v 1–15, v 94—vi 11, vii 3–18, viii 10–26)
A 7948 (ii 97—iii 7, iv 11–25, v 15–19)
         (ii 99—iii 4, iv 14–45, v 28–52)
A 7949
A 7950 (iii 6-37, iv 8-43, v 2-42)
A 7951 (iii 9-16)
A 7952 (iii 11–18, iv 23–30)
A 7953 (iii 26–37)
A 7954 (iii 26-47, iv 27-43, v 33-43)
A 7955 (iii 27-49, iv 36-52)
A 7956 (iii 31-51, iv 43-57)
A 7957 (iii 40-45)
A 7958 (iii 51–79, iv 58–92)
A 7959 (iii 73–80, iv 65–89, v 67–80)
A 7960
         (iii 93—iv 3, v 4–13)
A 7961 (iv 3–12, iv 99—v 16, vi 8–15)
A 7962 (iv 6-12, 16-17, v 1-17)
A 7963 (iv 22–29)
A 7964 (iv 34–37, v 37–46)
A 7965
         (iv 35-49, v 52-55)
A 7966
         (iv 44–64, v 49–62)
          (iv 45–55, v 46–52)
A 7967
         (iv 54-99, v 52-vi 7, vi 53-92, vii 48-90)
A 7968
         (iv 83—v 3, v 73–93, vi 90—vii 13, viii 3–10)
   <sup>11</sup> For the variant conclusion of A 7933 see p. 90.
```

¹² For the variant conclusion of A 7937 see p. 90.

¹³ For the variant conclusion of A 7938 see p. 92.

¹⁴ Possibly a fragment of some other edition.

Edition B

```
A 7970
         (iv 97--v 6, v 87--vi 4)
A 7971
         (v 5-31, vi 10-31, vii 6-19)
A 7972
         (v 9-27, vi 14-16)
A 7973
         (v 22-37)
A 7974
         (v 29-35)
A 7975
         (v 36-41)
A 7976
         (v 43-63, vi 34-59)
A 7977
         (v 70-78)
A 7978
         (v 75-81, vi 80-82)
A 7979
         (v 83–86, vi 73–77)
A 7980
         (v 96—vi 12)
A 7981
         (vi 1–51, vii 26–73, viii 21–59)
A 7982
         (vi 10-20)
A 7983
         (vi 13-30, vi 95-vii 12)
A 7984
         (vi 32–37)
A 7985
         (vi 32-37, vii 44-51)
A 7986
         (vi 32-52)
A 7987
         (vi 39-41, vii 34-47)
A 7988
         (vi 39-42)
A 7989
         (vi 75–86)
         (vi 82-95)
A 7990
A 7991
         (vi 94-vii 5, vii 97-viii 3)
A 7992
         (vii 5–24)
A 7993
         (vii 18–27)
A 7994
         (vii 18–34)
A 7995
         (vii 33-37)
A 7996
         (vii 38-55, 59-60, viii 41-56)
A 7997
         (viii 7-10, 98-99)
A 7998
         (viii 22–39)
A 7999
         (viii 35-45)
A 8000
         (viii 43-50)
                       B. IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM<sup>14a</sup>
         (ii 50-76, iii 37-71, iv 37-71) WKA, pp. 59-61
K1705
K 1707
         (iii 72–94, iv 73–86) WKA, p. 63
K 1709
         (ii 80-90, iii 72-82) WKA, p. 62
K 1710 (iv 81–82, v 84–87) WKA, p. 69
KK 1713+1732+1737+1779+SS 1878+1989 (i 95—ii 14, ii 77—iii 3, iii
  21-43, iii 88-iv 22, iv 59-70, v 21-22, vi 13-17, vi 99-vii 8, vii 18-30,
  viii 28-39). For the identity of these fragments see CT XXXV 49-50 and
  WKA, pp. 65, 71. Publication: K 1713 WKA, p. 69; a better edition in
  14a The still unpublished British Museum prism fragments of B here listed,
together with fragments of D and F and additional duplicates of Th 1929-10-12,
2, approximately thirty-five altogether, will be edited shortly by the author.
```

```
CT XXXV 49-50. K 1732+S 1989 WKA, p. 65. K 1737 WKA, p. 71.
  K 1779 WKA, pp. 56-58; a better edition in CT XXXV 49-50
K 1716 (iii 93—iv 5, iv 86–96) WKA, pp. 64–65
K 1717 (iii 85-94, v 21-29) Bauer, Pl. 19 and p. 11
KK 1741+1839+S 1887 (i 1, ii 10-12, iv 59-69, iv 72-v 4, v 62-90, v 95-
  vi 9, vi 48–95, vii 32–45, 49–63, vii 75—viii 4, viii 41–43, viii 87–99)
  KK 1741+1811+1852 WKA, pp. 49-54. K 1839 WKA, p. 68. S 1887
  Bauer, Pl. 50 and p. 11
K 1752 (vii 12–18) KK 1752+2730 WKA, p. 70
K 1786 (i 60–77, ii 57–68) WKA, pp. 55–56
K 1796 (v 15–31, vi 14–23) WKA, p. 70
K 1839 (iv 59-71, v 63-75) WKA, p. 68
K 1843 (iv 78–89) WKA, p. 68
K 2732 (i 1-30, ii 37-51, 53-70, 97-99, iii 1-60, iii 94--iv 32, iv 47-62,
  iv 90---v 19, v 42-56, 78-86, vi 8-23, 60-73, 87-93, vii 8-24, 53-65, vii 97---
  viii 9, viii 8-27, 35-41, 90-98) K 2732+S 1712 WKA, pp. 38-48
K 3057 (iii 87–97) WKA, p. 64
K 7572 (iii 46-50)
K 10621 (v 8–18) WKA, p. 69<sup>15</sup>
K 11289 (vi 63-75) CT XXXV 46
K 11389 (vi 37-42) CT XXXV 46; Bauer, p. 11
K 13730 (i 31–41)
K 13750 (vi 58-60) WKA, p. 70 (probably a prism fragment)
K 13764 (viii 26-34) WKA, p. 71
K 14429 (ii 38-40) Bauer, Pl. 47
Rm 15 (viii 9–10)
Rm 18 (iv 29-36, v 34-46)
Rm 24 (v 14–19, vi 11–16)
Rm 27 (v 82–83, vi 83–95)
Rm 28 (iv 85–86, v 80–85)
Rm 2, 546 (i 71-77)<sup>15a</sup>
S 344 (ii 94–95)
S 1879 (iv 48–59)
S 1882 (v 30–37, vi 30–37)
S 1890 (iii 42-52)
SS 2103+2109 (v 32-35, vi 41-50) Bauer, Pl. 51 and p. 11
S 2107 (iii 20–27)
S 2127 (i 6-19, ii 13-22) Bauer, Pl. 52 and p. 12
81–7–27, 10 (viii 32–39)
81-7-27, 16 (iv 42-46, v 43-48) Bauer, Pl. 57
81-7-27, 18 (iv 87-99)
  <sup>15</sup> Probably a fragment of some other edition, possibly C.
```

¹⁵a Possibly a C fragment. The first column has not been identified.

```
81–7–27, 92 (viii 8–21)

82–5–22, 7 (vi 39–59)

83–1–18, 602 (ii 8–20, viii 92–99)

Bu 89–4–26, 144 (vi 47–58)

Ki 1904–10–9, 90 (vi 82–87)

Th 1905–4–9, 62 (ii 3–20, iii 1–9) Bauer, Pl. 63 and p. 12

Th 1905–4–9, 63 (v 80–84, vi 81–87) Bauer, loc. cit.

99329 (vii 44–52)

105323 (i 58–82, viii 75–96) Bauer, Pls. 63–64 and p. 12<sup>16</sup>
```

C. IN THE NEAR EAST SECTION OF THE STAATLICHE MUSEEN, BERLIN VA 2972 (iv 23-42, v 28-48) Vorderasiatische Schriftdenkmäler I (Leipzig, 1907) 83

D. IN THE AUTHOR'S POSSESSION17

```
P 1 (i 80-95, ii 64-84)
```

P 2 (ii 69-99)

P 3 (iv 16-23, v 11-25)

P 4 (v 86-96, vi 67-80)

In the publication which follows, the intention is to give the text of Edition B as far as it has been published or has otherwise been made available for the writer's use in this place. The security of the text is not, however, to be measured by the frequency of square brackets; where restorations have been made from parallel editions, the texts have been so similar that the restoration is nearly as certain as if it were actually present on a B fragment. Serious doubt can be raised only in those cases where restorations are definitely conjectural.

¹⁶ For the variant conclusion of 105323 see p. 92.

¹⁷ See p. 3, note 12.

Column i

¶D

- 1 ¶a-na-ku (I)ašur-bâni-apli šarru rabû šarru dan-nu
- 2 šàr kiššati šàr (mâtu)ašur(ki) šàr kib-rat irbitti(tim)
- 3 şi-it lìb-bi (I)ašur-aḥa-iddina šàr (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
- 4 šakkanak bâbili(ki) šàr mât šumerî u akkadî(ki)
- 5 liplipi (I.ilu)sîn-aḥḥê(meš)-irîba šàr kiššati šàr (mâtu)aššur(ki)
- 6 ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) ina puḥri-šu-nu ši-mat damiqti-(tim) i-šim-mu
- 7 uz-nu ra-pa-áš-tum iš-ru-ku-u-ni
- 8 kul-lat dup-šar-ru-ti ú-ša-hi-zu ka-ra-ši
- 9 ina puhur lu-li-me zi-kir šumi-ia ú-šar-ri-hu
- 10 ú-šar-bu-u šarru-u-ti
- 11 du-un-nu zik-ru-u-tu e-mu-qa-an şi-ra-a-ti
- 12 ú-šat-lim-u-ni ma-ta-a-ti la ma-gi-ri-ia
- 13 ina gâtê(II)-ia im-nu-u ú-šam-şu-in-ni ma-la lìb-bi-ia
- 14 (amêlu)ša-an-gu-u-ti ih-šu-hu
- 15 na-dan zi-bi-ia i-țib eli ilû-u-ti-šu-un
- 16 eš-rit ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia ú-šak-lil
- 17 ú-šal-bi-ša hurâsa [kaspa¹]
- 18 (ilu)lamassâte(meš) (ilu)zê(meš) dim-me şirûti(meš)
- 19 ina bâbi-šu-un ul-ziz é-šár-ra
- 20 é-maš-maš é-gašan-kalam-ma é-húl-húl
- 21 ki-ma ši-tir šamê(e) ú-ban-ni
- 22 mimma si-mat ekurri ša hurasi kaspi e-pu-[uš²]
- 23 e-li ša šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia ú-[³rad-di³]
- 24 sat-tuk-ku gin-nu-u eli ša umê(me) ul-lu-u-[ti]
- 25 ú-ša-tir-ma áš-rat ilâni(meš) áš-te-[4'-a4]
- 26 at-tal-la-ka al-ka-[ka]-a-ti-šu-[nu]
- 27 ¶(ilu)adad zunnê(meš)-šu ú-maš-še-ra
- 28 (ilu)é-a ú-[5paţ-ţi-ra naq5]bê(meš)-[šu]
- 29 hanšu⁶ ammâte še-am iš-qu [⁵ina a⁵]bšêni(ni)-[šu⁵]
- 30 e-ri-ik šu-bul-tu [p]arap⁶ ammatu
- 31 išir eburu na-pa-áš (ilu)nisaba
- 32 ka-a-a-na [5 ú-šaḥ-na-bu gi 5]-pa-ru
- 33 şip-pa-a-ti šu-ta-[5am-mu-ha in5]-bu
- 34 [7bûlu šu-te-šur ina ta-lit-ti⁷] ina palê(meš)-ia nuḫšu tuhhudu(du)

§Α

 $\P A$

35 [5ina šanâti(meš)-ia ku-um-mu-ru hé-g5]ál-lu§8

Edition B

Column i

¹I, Ashurbanipal, the great king, the mighty king, ²king of the universe, king of Assyria, king of the four world-regions, offspring of the loins of Esarhaddon, king of Assyria, 4duke of Babylon, king of the land of the Shumerian and the Akkadian, ⁵grandson of Sennacherib, king of the universe, king of Assyria—6(when as my fate) the great gods in their council decreed a favorable destiny, 7they gave me a broad comprehension, scaused my mind to grasp all of the scribal art, ⁹exalted my name in the assembly of princes, ¹⁰magnified my rule. ¹¹Strength, virility, enormous power ¹²they vouchsafed to me. The lands of my enemies 18they counted into my hands. They brought all my heart's desire (lit., all of my heart) to perfect fulfilment. ¹⁴They desired my priesthood; 15that I should offer sacrifice (to them) was pleasing to their divinity. ¹⁶The sanctuaries of the great gods, my lords, I restored, ¹⁷with gold (and) [silver] I decked. ¹⁸Tutelary deities, storm-bird gods, lofty columns 19I erected in their gates. Éšarra, ²⁰Êmašmaš, Êgašankalamma, Êhulhul ²¹I made shine like the writing of heaven. ²²Every kind of gold (and) silver adornment of a temple I [ma]de, ²³I ad[ded] to that of my royal ancestors. ²⁴The stated revenues beyond those of the remotes[t] days 25I increased, and the shrines of the gods I sought [out]; ²⁶I walked (in) thei[r] wa[y]s. ²⁷Adad sent down his rains for me, ²⁸ Ea o[pened for me his fount]ains. ²⁹The grain waxed five cubits tall [in its luxuriant g]rowth, 30an ear grew to [five]sixths of a cubit in length. 32[The cult]ivated area consistently [produced] 31heavy harvests, luxuriant crops; 33the orchards yielded [fru]it [in abundance]; ³⁴[the cattle brought forth their young successfully]. In my reign there was prosperity aplenty, 35 in my years there was

NOTES FOR COLUMN I

¹ C i 28.

² C i 110.

³⁻³ C i 111.

⁴⁻⁴ Th 1929-10-12, 2 iv 5.

⁵⁻⁵ A.

⁶ A (var.) adds ištên.

 $^{^{7}}$ D+A.

⁸ A om. ll. 36-49.

- 36 12^9 anše še.pad(meš) 2^{10} [11anše karânê(meš)11]
- 37 [1112 SILA šamnê(meš) 1 bilat11] šipâte(meš)
- 38 ina nap-har mâti-ia mahir
[12âte 11nap-su i-šam-mu¹¹ 12]x-pi
- 39 [12šat-ti12]-šam-ma [12ina tuhdi12 13mi-ša-ri-iš13]
- 40 [12 ar-te 12]-'a ba-[12 - \mathring{u}^{12} - 13 lat (ilu)en-l \mathring{l}^{13}]
- 41 [12ul-tu tam-tim e12]-lit a-[12di tam-tim šap-lit12]
- 42 [¹²šarrâni(meš) și-it (ilu)šamši(ši)¹² ¹⁴u e-rib (ilu)šamši(ši)¹⁴]
- 4312 [iš-šu-u-ni bilat-su-nu ka-bit-tu]
- 4412 [nišê(meš) qabal tam-tim a-šib šadê(e) ša-qu-ti]
- 45 $[^{12}\text{\'u}-\text{\'s}a^{12}]$ k-ni-'sa $[^{12}$ a-na (işu)nîri-ia 12]
- 46 [¹²ina qí¹²]-bit ašur ù [¹²(ilu)ištar šarrâni(meš) a-šib¹² ¹¹parak-ki¹¹]
- ¶C 47 ¶ú-na-áš-ša-[12 qu šêpê(II)- 12]
 - 48 [m]al-ki rabûti(meš) ša şi-taš [12u ši-la-an12]
 - 49 [a]-na kit-ri-šu-[12nu ú-pa12]-qu-u-ni
- \P A 50 \P i-na maḥ-ri-e gi[12r-ri-ia12] a-na [12(mâtu)má12]-kan15 u
 - 51 [12(mâtu)me-luh-ha12] lu-u al-lik
 - 52 (I)tar-qu-[12u šàr (mâtu)mu-şur u12] (mâtu)ku-u-si
 - 53 ša (I)ašur-[12aḥa-iddina12] šàr (mâtu)ašur abu ba-nu-u-[a]
 - 54 [¹²abikta-šu iš-ku-nu¹²] i-be-lu mât-su
 - 55 da-na-an ašur u¹6 (ilu)iš[¹²tar ù ilâni(meš) rab¹²]ûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia
 - 56 im-ši-ma it-t[12a-kil a-na 17te-im17 r12]a-ma-ni-šu
 - 57 eli ša[¹²rrâni(meš) (amêlu)qí-e-pa-a-ni ša qí-rib (mâtu)¹²]mu-sur
 - 58 ú-[pa]-qí-du [12abu ba-nu-u12]-a
 - 59 a-na da-a-ki ha-ba-[12a-ti u e-kim (mâtu)mu12]-şur

Edition B

ful]ness [to overflowing]. ³⁶Twelve (ten **D**) homers of edible barley (for) two (one **D**) [homers of wine], ³⁷[twelve *silas* of oil (for) one talent] of wool—³⁸(thus) the market [prices went] throughout my land. ³⁹[Year] after year [in prosperity righteously] ⁴⁰[I shepher]ded the dom[ains of Enlil]. ⁴¹[From the] Medi[terranean Sea] to [the Persian Gulf I ruled(?)]. ⁴²[The kings of the East and the West] ⁴³[brought their heavy tribute.] ⁴⁴[People living in the sea and those inhabiting high mountains] ⁴⁵[I subj]ected [to my yoke.] ⁴⁶[At the comm]and of Ashur and [Ishtar the kings who inhabit palaces] ⁴⁷kisse[d my feet]. ⁴⁸Mighty [p]rinces of the East [and West] ⁴⁹[bes]ought me [to be]come the[ir] ally.

⁵⁰On my first cam[paign] I marched against [Ma]gan and ⁵¹[Meluḥ-ha]. ⁵²Taharka, [king of Egypt and] Ethiopia, ⁵³wh[ose defeat] Esar-[haddon], king of Assyria, the father who begat me, ⁵⁴[had accomplished], whose land he had brought under his sway, ⁵⁵forgot the might of Ashur and Ish[tar and the gr]eat [gods], my lords, ⁵⁶and tru[sted in] his [o]wn [ability (strength **D C A**)]. ⁵⁷Against the ki[ngs, the governors whom] ⁵⁸[the father who begat] me had ap[pointed in] Egypt, ⁵⁹intent on murder, lo[ot, and the seizing of Eg]ypt ⁶⁰he marched.

Notes for Column I

^{9 10} D.

¹⁰ 1 **D** (11528); text: **B** (K 13730).

and Iraq Museum 11528, the latter being quoted with the graciously accorded permission of its discoverer, Dr. R. Campbell Thompson, of Merton College, Oxford, whose publication of this and other Sargonid prism fragments excavated by recent British Museum expeditions to Kouyunjik will appear shortly. The Iraq Museum fragment also confirms the reading išammu conjectured in line 38 by Dr. Arnold Walther. It is interesting to compare the price equations here given with those on the kudurru published by King in Babylonian Boundary Stones (London, 1912) Plate XCIV, Il. 8–9. This kudurru, though badly broken and lacking a date, is obviously, as Professor Olmstead has pointed out to his seminar, from the hand of one of Ashurbanipal's scribes.

¹²⁻¹² D.

 $^{^{13\}text{--}13}$ Th 1929–10–12, 2 iv 10–11.

¹⁴⁻¹⁴ K 228+K 2675 Obv. 1.

¹⁵ **D** adds -na.

¹⁶ D om.

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ e-muq D (A 8006) C A.

- 60 il-¹⁸la¹⁸-ka [¹⁹ṣîru-uš-šu-un¹⁹] e-ru-um-ma ú-šib [¹⁹qí-rib (âlu)me-im¹⁹]-pi âlu
- 61 ša abu ba-nu-u-a ik-šu-20du-ma20
- 62 a-na mi-şir ²¹mâti-šu²¹ ú-tir-ru
- 63 al-[la]-ku ha-an-tu ina²² qí-rib ninua(ki) il-lik-am-ma
- 64 ú-ša-an-na-a ia-a-ti eli ip-še-e-ti an-na-a-ti
- 65 lìb-bi i-gug-ma iş-şa-ru-uh ka-bít-ti²³
- 66 ad-ki²⁴ (amêlu)e-mu-qi-ia şîrâte(meš)
- §C A 67 ša ašur u (ilu)ištar ú-mal-lu-u ga-tu-u-a §²⁵

¶A.

- 68 ¶a-na na-ra-ru-ti 26 ha-maţ26 ša šarrâni(meš) (amêlu)qí-paa-ni
 - 69 ša qí-rib (mâtu)mu-şur ardâni(meš) da-gil pa-ni-ia
 - 70 ur-ru-[hi]-iš ar-di-e-ma al-lik a-di (âlu)kar-27ba-ni27-ti
 - 71 (I)tar-qu-u šàr (mâtu)mu-şur u (mâtu)ku-u-si
 - 72 qí-rib (âlu)me-im-pi a-lak gir-ri-ia
 - 73 iš-me-ma a-na e-peš gab-li (işu)kakkê(meš)28 tâhâzi
 - 74 ²⁹a-na²⁹ maḥ-ri-ia id-ka-a (amêlu)ṣabê(meš) tâḥâzi-šu
 - 75 i-na tu-kul-ti ašur 30(ilu)bêl30 31(ilu)nabû31 ilâni(meš)
 - 76 rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia ³²a-li-kut i-di-ia ³²
 - 77 i-na tâhâz şêri rap-ši áš-ku-na abikti ummanâte(há)-šu
 - 78 (I)tar-qu-u i-na qí-rib (âlu)me-im-pi
 - 79 iš-ma-a tah-te-e ummanâte(há)-šu
 - 80 nam-ri-ri ašur ù³³ (ilu)ištar is-³⁴hu-pu³⁴-šu-ma
 - 81 il-li-ka mah-hu-taš
 - 82 mi-lam-me šarrū-ti-ia ik-tu-mu-šu-ma
 - 83 ša ú-za-'-i-nu-u-ni ilâni(meš) šu-ut šamê irşiti

He broke in [upon them] and established himself [in Mem]phis, a city 61 which the father who begat me had conquered and 62 converted into a province of his land (Assyria A). ⁶³A swift run[ner] came to me in Nineveh and 64reported to me concerning these deeds. 65My heart became enraged, my liver seethed. (A adds: I raised my hands, I invoked Ashur and the Assyrian Ishtar.) ⁶⁶I mustered my mighty forces ⁶⁷which Ashur and Ishtar had poured into my hands. ⁶⁸To hasten aid to the kings, the governors 69 who were in Egypt, servants subject to me, 70I hastily advanced and marched as far as Karbaniti. 71Taharka, king of Egypt and Ethiopia, 72 heard in Memphis that my campaign was in progress 73 and so that he might offer battle and armed resistance 74he mustered up his fighting men against me. 75With the help of Ashur, Bêl, Nabû, 76the great gods, my lords, who walk beside me, 77I accomplished the defeat of his troops in a battle on the open plain. 78 Taharka in Memphis 79 heard of the defeat of his troops, so the terrible majesty of Ashur and Ishtar overwhelmed him, and 81 he fell into a frantic terror at the thought of me. 82 (My) royal majesty, 83 with which the gods of heaven and earth have adorned me,

Notes for Column I

```
<sup>18</sup> -li- D (K 1700).
19-19 D+A.
<sup>20-20</sup> -da C.
^{21-21} (m\hat{a}tu)a\check{s}ur(ki) A.
<sup>22</sup> C A (Rm 1) om.
<sup>23</sup> A adds áš-ši gâtê(II)-ia ú-sal-li ašur u (ilu)ištar aš-šur-i-tu.
<sup>24</sup> B (105323) D C add -e-ma.
<sup>25</sup> C and A insert an addition at this point.
<sup>26-26</sup> A (Rm 1) om.
^{27-27} -(ilu)bâni- D (K 1731) A (Rm 1).
28 A adds ù.
29 ina A (Rm 1).
 ^{30-30}u (ilu)ištar A (var.).
 31-31 B (Rm 2, 546) D A (var.) om.
 32-32 A (var.) om.
33 D om.
 34-34 -hup- B (P 1)
```

oi.uchicago.edu

34	Histori	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
¶ C	84	(âlu)me-im-pi ú-maš-šír-ma a-na šu-zu-¶ub napišti(tim)- šu
	85	in-na-bit 35a-na 35 qf-rib (âlu)ni-' âlu šu-a-tu aş-bat
§C A	86	ummanâte(há.meš)-ia ú-še-rib ú-še-šib ina lìb-bi§36
¶ CA	87	¶šarrâni(meš)³ ⁷ (amêlu)paḥâti(meš)³ ⁸ ša qí-rib (mâtu)-mu-şur ù-pa-qi-du
	88	abu ba-nu-u-a ša la-pa-an ti-bu-ti (I)tar-qu-u pi-qit-ta-šu- un
	89	ú-maš-še-ru im-lu-u şêra ú-tir-ma a-šar
	90	pi-qit-ti-šu-un
	91	ina maš-kán-i-šu-nu 39ul-zi-is39-su-nu-ti
	92	(mâtu)mu-şur ⁴⁰ (mâtu)ku-u-si
\mathbf{D}	93	ša abu ba-nu-u-a ik-šu-du a-na eš-šu-ti§ as-bat
Ü	94	massarâte(meš)-šu eli ša ⁴¹ ûmê(me) pa-ni ù-dan-nin ⁴²
§C A	95	ú-rak-ki-sa rik- 43 si-e-šu 43 \$ (âlu)sa-a-a (âlu)bi-in-ți-ți (âlu)sa-'-nu
	96	ša ib-bal-ki-tu
	97	it-ti (I)tar-qu-u iš-ku-nu pi-i-šu-un
	98	âlâni(meš) ša-a-tu-nu ak-šu-ud
	99	nišė(meš) a-šib lib-bi-šu-nu a-ni-ir ina (isu)kakkė(meš)

overpowered him, ⁸⁴he forsook Memphis, and to save his life ⁸⁵he fled to Thebes. I conquered that city (*i.e.*, Memphis), ⁸⁶led my troops into it, and let them settle therein. ⁸⁷The (Those A) kings (and) governors (C A add (and) prefects) whom ⁸⁸the father who begat me had appointed in Egypt, who before the advance of Taharka had forsaken their posts (and) ⁸⁹had filled the plain, I restored to ⁹⁰their posts and ⁹¹in their dwelling-places I established (appointed A) them. ⁹²Egypt (and) Ethiopia, ⁹³which the father who begat me had conquered, I reorganized. ⁹⁴I made its outposts stronger than in earlier days, ⁹⁵I strengthened its organization (*lit.*, bonds). Sais, Bințiți, Sa'nu, ⁹⁶which had revolted, ⁹⁷had made common cause (*lit.*, set their mouth) with Taharka—⁹⁸those cities I conquered, ⁹⁹the people dwelling in them I slaughtered with weapons.

NOTES FOR COLUMN I

³⁵⁻³⁵ B (P 1) om.

³⁶ C and A insert an addition at this point.

³⁷ [C] A add *an-nu-ti*.

³⁸ C A add (amêlu)qi-pa-ni.

 $^{^{39-39} \} ap-qid$ - A.

⁴⁰ C adds u.

⁴¹ B (A 7935) om.

⁴² A adds -ma.

^{43-43 -}sa-a-te [C] A. After riksâte C and A insert an addition.

~ -	
Column	00

Column ii $\P A$ 1 ¶(amêlu)pagrê(meš)-šu-nu ¹ina (işu)ga-ši-ši a-lul¹ 2 maškê(meš)-šu-nu ²áš-ḥu-uṭ dûr âli ú-ḥal-lip² $3\quad {}^{3}(\mathrm{I})$ šarru-lu-dá-ri ša abu-u-a ina (mâtu)mu-ṣur 4 iš-ku-nu-uš a-na šarru-u-ti³ 5 ša limuttu(tu) 4iq-pu-du4 a-na 5mârê(meš)5 (mâtu)aš-§Α šur(ki)§6 6 ina qa-ti aş-bat ú-ra-a a-na (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) ¶C A 7 $\P(I)$ tar-qu-u a-šar in-nab-tu 8 ra-šub-bat (işu)kakki ašur bêli-ia is-6aḥu-pu6a-šu-ma 9 il-lik šimat mu-ši-šu 10 arkânu(nu) (I)taš-da-ma-ni-e⁷ mâr ⁸aḥâti-šu⁸ 11 ú-šib ina (işu)kussî šarrû-ti-šu 12 (âlu)ni-' (âlu)ú-nu a-na dan-nu-ti-šu iš-kun

Column ii

¹Their corpses I (they A) hung on poles, ²flayed, covered the wall of the city (therewith). ³Šarrulûdâri, whom my father ⁴had made king in Egypt, ⁵who had plotted evil against the Assyrians, ⁶I captured with (my) hands, I brought to Assyria. ⁷Taharka in the place where he had fled—⁸the terror of the weapon of Ashur, my lord, overcame him, and ⁹he died. ¹⁰Thereupon Tašdamanê, his nephew (the son of Shabaka A), ¹¹put himself on his royal throne. ¹²Thebes, Heliopolis

Notes for Column II

¹⁻¹ i-lu-lu ina (işu)ga-ši-ši A.

²⁻² iš-hu-tu ú-hal-li-pu dûr âli A.

³⁻³ šarrâni(meš) an-nu-ti A.

⁴⁻⁴ iš-te-ni-'-u A.

⁵⁻⁵ ummanât(há) A.

⁶ [C] and A insert an addition at this point.

⁶a-6a -hup- C.

 $^{^7}$ There is no Egyptian or Ethiopian king or high official whose name can easily be equated with any reading of this combination of signs. The reading Tandamanê is impossible, since, as Ranke has pointed out ("Keilinschriftliches Material zur altägyptischen Vokalisation," Abhandlungen der K. preussischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, Berlin. Phil.-hist. Klasse. Anhang. Abh. 2 [1910] p. 36, n. 2), ur does not possess a value tán, nor is the consideration which Streek (Assurbanipal, p. 399) urges against Ranke particularly convincing, being based entirely on an unsupported inference. Ranke states that it is impossible to make the equation with which historians have been contenting themselves, (I) ur-da-ma-ni-e= Tanutamon (loc. cit.). On the other hand, the force of the historical argument is too strong lightly to be set aside, especially since both Reisner's work in Ethiopia and Cairo statuette 42204 (Legrain, Statues et statuettes de rois et de particuliers III, "Catalogue général du Musée du Caire" LXXI [1914] 12) confirm the order: Shabaka, Taharka, Tanutamon. Sethe (Zeitschrift der Deutschen morgenländischen Gesellschaft LXXVII 167, n. 3) seems willing to concede that Tanutamon and (I)_{UR-da-ma-ni-e} are the same person. The reading here adopted posits an original form *Taltamanê, or something similar, with a palatal-dental l before the t. This could quite conceivably have been rendered by the Assyrians as Tašdamanê and by the Egyptians as Tanutamon. The element amanê militates against positing an original theophoric name compounded with Amon, since in such a case we should expect the last part to be a-mu-nu, the conventional rendering of Amon in this period (e.g., (I)ú-na-mu-nu, Wenamon, in A i 97). The assimilation on the part of the Egyptians of amanê to the popular god's name is not without parallel under similar circumstances; cf. the Assyrian renderings of Sutruknahhunte as Ištarnandi (K 2674 Obv. 7; George Smith, History, p. 141) and Sarduri as Ištardûri (A x 40, 43; AJSL XLVII 266).

^{8-8 (}I) δa -ba-ku-u A (Rm. 1).

- 13 ú-pah-hi-ra il-lat-su
- 14 a-na mit-hu-şi ummanâte(há) mârê(meš) (mâtu)aššur(ki)
- 15 ša qí-rib (âlu)me-im-pi id-ka-a qa-bal-šu
- 16 nišê(meš) ša-a-tu-nu e-si-ir-ma [9iṣ-ba9]-ta mu-uṣ-ṣa-šu-un
- 17 (amêlu)mâr-šipri ḥa-an-[ºṭu a-na ninua(ki) il-lik-am-maº] iq-ba-a ia-a-ti
- $\P F F_2$ 18 $\P [^{10}$ áš-ni-ma $^{10}]$ 9 a-na 11 (mâtu)mu-șur $[^{9}$ u (mâtu)ku-u-si $^{9}]$ 11
 - 19 uš-te-eš-še-ra har-[9ra-nu9]
 - 20 (I)taš-da-12ma-ni-e12 [9a-lak gir-ri-ia9] iš-me-[ma]
 - 21 ša ak-bu-su [9mi-ṣir (mâtu)mu-13ṣur
13.9] (âlu)me-im-pi [9ú-maš-šir-ma9]
 - 22 [9a-na šu-zu-ub napišti(tim)-šu9] in-na-bit a-n
[9a qí-rib (âlu)ni-'9]
 - 23 šarrâni(meš) (amêlu)paḥâti(meš) [9(amêlu)qí-pa-a-ni9]
 14ša qí-rib (mâtu)mu-şur áš-[9ku-nu9]14
 - 24 ina ir-ti-ia il-lik-u-nim-[ma] ú-na-áš-ša-qu šêpê(II)-i[a]
 - 25 arki (I)taš-da^{14a}-ma-ni-¹⁵e¹⁵ har-ra-nu aş-[bat]
 - 26 al-lik a-di (âlu)ni-' âl dan-nu-ti-š[u]
- ¶D 27 ti-ib tâḥâzi-ia¹⁶ e-mur-¹⁷ma¹⁷ (âlu)ni-' ú-maš-šir ¶in-na-bit
 - 28 [9a-na (â9]lu)ki-ip-ki-pi âlu šu-a-tu 18ana si-hir-ti-šu18
 - 29 [19i-na
19] tu-kul-ti ašur
20 21(ilu)ištar
21 ik-šu-da qâtâ(II)-a-a

he made his strongholds. ¹⁸He gathered together his forces. ¹⁴To fight my troops, the Assyrians, 15 who were in Memphis, he mustered his battle array. ¹⁶Those people he shut up and [to]ok away thei[r] avenues of escape. 17A swi[ft] messenger [came to Nineveh and] told me (thereof). 18-19 A second time (In the year of my accession, on my first campaign FF2; on my second campaign A) I made straight for Egypt [and Ethiopia]. ²⁰Tašdamanê (**F F**₂ add: the king of Egypt and Ethiopia) heard of [the advance of my army], 21that I had invaded [the territory of Egypt; so he deserted] Memphis [and] ²²[to save his life he fled to Thebes. 23The kings, prefects, [governors,] whom I (Esarhaddon, king of Assyria, the father who begat me F) had in[stalled] in Egypt, ²⁴came before me [and] kissed m[v] feet. ²⁵I to[ok] the road after Tašdamanê, ²⁶marched as far as Thebes, hi[s] stronghold. ²⁷He beheld the advance of my (F F₂ A add: mighty) array and forsook Thebes, fled ²⁸[to] Kipkipi. That city (Thebes and Heliopolis FF2) in its (their FF2) entirety 29my hands conquered [with] the help of Ashur (and) Ishtar (Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, Ishtar of Nineveh, Ishtar of Arbela, Ninurta, Nergal, and Nusku F F2).

Notes for Column II

⁹⁻⁹ C+A.

 $^{^{10-10}}$ ina šan $\hat{e}(e)$ gir-ri-ia **A**; ri-eš \langle ina ri-eš **F** (105315) \rangle šarru-ti-ia i-na mah-ri-e gir-ri-ia **F F**₂.

¹¹⁻¹¹ $(m\hat{a}tu)m\hat{a}$ -gan \hat{u} $(m\hat{a}tu)me$ -luh-ha \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 .

 $^{^{12-12}}$ -am-ma-ni-' \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 ; \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 add šàr $(m\hat{a}tu)mu$ -sur u $\langle \mathbf{F}$ (105315) om. $(m\hat{a}tu)mu$ -sur $u\rangle$ $(m\hat{a}tu)ku$ -u-si.

¹³⁻¹³ -us-ri **F** (A 8022).

 $^{^{13}a-13a}$ mi-in-pu **F** (105315).

 $^{^{14-14}}$ ša (I)ašur-aha-iddina š \dot{a} r $(m\hat{a}tu)$ aš-šur(ki) abu ba-nu-u-a iš-tak-ka-nu qt-rib $(m\hat{a}tu)$ mu-şur ${\bf F}$ ${\bf F}_2$.

^{14a} **F** (105315) adds -am-.

^{15-15 -} F (A 8022).

¹⁶ F (A 8022, 105315) F₂ (A 8078) A add dan-ni.

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ A om.

¹⁸⁻¹⁸ F F₂ om., but both insert the phrase in the next line.

¹⁹⁻¹⁹ A.

²⁰ A adds u.

^{21-21 (}ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû (ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu(ki) (ilu)ninurta (ilu)nergal u $\langle \mathbf{F} \ (A\ 8022,\ 105315)\ \mathbf{F}_2\ \text{om.}\ u \rangle$ (ilu)nusku (âlu)ni-' (âlu)ú-nu $\langle ($ âlu)ilu)ú-nu $\mathbf{F} \ (A\ 8022)\ \mathbf{F}_2 \rangle$ a-na si-hir-ti-šu $\langle si$ -hir-ti-ša $\mathbf{F} \ (105315); si$ -hir-ti-šu-nu $\mathbf{F}_2 \rangle \mathbf{F}_2$.

40	Historic	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	30	[kas]pu hurâşu ni-siq-ti abnê(meš) ²² bušû ekalli-šu ²²
	31	ma-la ba-šu-u lu-bul-[ti] bir-me kitê(meš)
	32	sîsê(meš) rabûti(meš) [19nišê(meš)19] zik-ra ù sin-niš
	33	2 dim-me şîrûti(meš) pi-tiq za-ḥa-li-e ib-bi
	34	ša 2 lim 5 me bil[at] šuqultu-šu-nu [¹9man-za-az bâb¹9] ekurri
$\S \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2$	35	ul-tu man-zal-ti-šu-[19 nu as 19]-suḫ-ma al-[qa]-a ana (mâtu)ašur(ki) \S^{23}
	36	šal-la-tu ka-bit-tu [¹ºina la me-ni áš-lu-la¹º] ul-[²⁴tu qí-rib²⁴] (âlu)[ni]-'
	37	eli (mâtu)mu-şur [19ù (mâtu)k19]u-u-si
	38	[19(işu)kakkê(meš)19]-ia ú-šam-ri-i[24r-ma áš-ta-kan24] li-i-
		tu
	39	it-ti qa-ti ma-li-te
§ C	40	šal-meš a-tu-ra§ a-na ninua(ki) âl bêlû-ti-ia
$\P \mathbf{F} \; \mathbf{F}_2$	41	¶ina ²⁵ šalši(ši) ²⁵ gir-ri-i[a] eli (I)ba-'-li šàr (mâtu)şur-ri
¶ C	42	a-šib qabal tam-tim 26lu-¶u26 al-lik 27áš-šu27 a-mat šarrû-
"		ti-ia
	43	la iş-şu-ru [l]a iš-mu-u zi-kir šapti-ia
$\S \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2 \ \mathbf{A}$. 44	$[^{28}(\hat{a}lu)hal\$e^{28}]$ (me \hat{s}) eli- $\hat{s}u$ ú-rak-kis \S^{29}
	45	a-n[³ºa la³º] a-ṣi-e nišê(meš)-šu ú-dan-nin ma-ṣar-tu
$\P\S \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2$	A 46	¶i-na tam-tim u na-ba-li gir-ri-ti-šu ú-ṣab-bit§³¹
	47	a-lak-ta-šu ap-ru-us
	48	[30mê(meš)30]31a te-'-u-ta ba-laṭ napišti(tim)-šu-nu
	49	a-na pi-i-šu-nu ú-ša-qi-ir
	50	ina me-si-ri dan-ni ša la na-par-šu-di e-si-ir-šu-nu-ti
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$		¶nap-šat-su-nu ú-si-iq ú-kar-ri
§ C	52	a§-na (işu)nîri-ia ú-šak-ni-is-su-nu-ti
	53	³² mârat-su ³² și-it lìb-bi-šu ù mârât(meš) aḥḥê(meš)-šu

³⁰[Sil]ver, gold, precious stones, the goods (**F F**₂ add: possessions) of his palace (those cities **F F**₂), ³¹all there was, brightly colo[red] (and) linen garments, ³²great horses, [the people,] men and women, ³³two tall obelisks, fashioned of glittering electrum, ³⁴whose wei[ght] was 2,500 talents, [placed at the gate] of the temple, ³⁵[I re]moved from the[ir] positions and to[ok] off to Assyria. ³⁶Booty, heavy (and) [countless, I carried away] fr[om The]bes. ³⁷Against Egypt [and Eth]iopia ³⁸I wag[ed b]itter [warfare (*lit.*, sharpene[d] my [weapons]) and established] (my) authority. ³⁹With a full hand ⁴⁰I returned safely to Nineveh, the city of my lordship.

⁴¹On m[y] third (second **F F**₂) campaign I marched against Ba'ali, king of Tyre, ⁴²who dwelt in the midst of the sea, because he did not keep my royal command ⁴³[n]or listen to the word of my lips. ⁴⁴I threw up [earthwork]s against him, ⁴⁵(and) tha[t] his people might [not] escape I strengthened the guard. ⁴⁶By sea and land I seized his approaches, ⁴⁷his road I cut off. ⁴⁸[Water], food to keep them alive ⁴⁹I made precious to their mouth. ⁵⁰With a mighty, inescapable cordon I surrounded them. ⁵¹I straitened their souls, hemmed them in, ⁵²subjected them to my yoke. ⁵³His daughter, the offspring of his loins,

Notes for Column II

 $^{^{22-22}}$ bušê(meš) makkurê(meš) âlâni(meš) $(ali \ \mathbf{F} \ (105315))$ $su-a-tu \ \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2$.

²³ F F₂ om. ll. 36-40.

²⁴⁻²⁴ D+A.

 $^{25-25 \, \}S{ane}(e) \, {\bf F} \, {\bf F}_2.$

²⁶⁻²⁶ F F₂ om.

²⁷⁻²⁷ ša F F2 A.

²⁸⁻²⁸ F.

²⁹ F F₂ A om. 1. 45.

³⁰⁻³⁰ D.

³¹ **F F**₂ **A** om. ll. 47–50.

³¹a C adds ù.

³²⁻³² martu D F [F2] A.

42 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL 54 a-na e-peš abrakku-u-ti³³ [³⁰ú-bi³⁰]-la a-di maḥ-ri-ia³⁴ 55 mâr-šu ša ma-ti-ma tâmta ¶la e-bi-ra 56 ³⁵[iš³⁰]-ša-a³⁵ a-na e-peš ardû-ti-ia 57 mâr[³⁰at-su³⁰] ù³⁶ mârât(meš) aḥhê(meš)-šu 58 it-ti tir-ḥa-ti ma-'-as-si am-ḥur-šu 59 ri-e-mu ar-ši-šu-ma 60 mâru și-it lib-bi-šu §F F₂ A 61 ú-tir-ma a-³7ri-im³7-šu§³³ѕ

62 (âlu)ḫalṣê(meš) ša [e]-li (I)ba-^{39'39}-li šar (mâtu)şur-ri 63 ú-rak-ki-su ap-ţur ina tam-tim u na-ba-li

64 gir-ri-e-ti-šu ma-la ú-şab-bi-tu ap-ti
65 ma-da-at-ta-šu ka-bit-tu am-ḫur-šu⁴⁰

and his nieces ⁵⁴[he bro]ught before me to be ladies-in-waiting. ⁵⁵His son (A adds: Yaḥimilki), who had never crossed the sea before, ⁵⁶[he bro]ught to me (he caused to be brought to me at once **F F**₂ **A**) to serve me. ⁵⁷[His] dau[ghter] and his nieces ⁵⁸I received from him with large dowries. ⁵⁹I took pity on him, and ⁶⁰his son, the offspring of his loins, ⁶¹I gave back to him. ⁶²The earthworks which I had thrown up [aga]inst Ba'ali, king of Tyre, ⁶³I tore down. By sea and land ⁶⁴his approaches, as many as I had seized, I opened. ⁶⁵His heavy tribute I ac-

Notes for Column II

³³ Streck (Assurbanipal, p. 16, note w) states that both Jensen and Zimmern had suggested to him privately that §AL.AGRIG-u-ti should be read abarakkûti, and he so lists it in the glossary (ibid. p. 429). This conjecture is now confirmed by A 7935, which in iii 97 renders the $\Delta L.Agrig-u-ti$ of the other copies with ab-rak-ku-titi. For the translation the following considerations are decisive: (1) The term designates the occupation of the female counterpart of the male abarakku. Although in the Hittite Code the (amêlu) AGRIG is obviously a menial (Hethitica I [Paris, 1922] 28, par. 35), from the letters and other documents of the later Assyrian Empire the abarakku is clearly an official of high importance in the imperial household (Harper, Letters, No. 92 Rev. 7; No. 114, 15; No. 145, 1; No. 273, 6; (amélu)abarakku ša ummi šarri is referred to ibid. No. 63, 8; No. 393 Rev. 3; Arbilayya, the "great abarakku," is an eponym [Rec. de trav. XX 205, 6-7], as is also Daddî under Sînšariškun [Streek, Assurbanipal, p. 386]; in the lists published in PSBA XI 286, Nos. 749, 777, and 806, the order of the officers is: turtanu, nagir ekalli, rab bilub, abarakku; the term has been rendered variously as "chancellor," "keeper of the seal," "steward," etc.). (2) It must also be parallel to the service (ardûtu) performed by the various male hostages delivered to the Assyrian emperors by subject princes (ardûtu implies personal rather than menial service, but throughout history even menial service when performed for royalty has partaken of the character of a privilege—one need but remember the etymology of "marshal" or the position of the king of Bohemia as buticularius of the medieval Holy Roman emperors). The idea of concubinage is certainly not an essential part of the concept (against Klauber, Assyrisches Beamtentum [Leipzig, 1910] pp. 81-82; Streck, Assurbanipal, p. 16, note w; and others).

³⁴ A adds (I)ia-hi-mil-ki.

 $^{^{35-35}}$ iš-te-niš ú-še-bi-la \langle ú-bi-la \mathbf{F} (A 8018) \rangle \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}_*

³⁶ F (A 8013, A 8018) om.

 $^{^{37-37}}$ -din- B (K 1705) B₄ F F₂ A. utîrma arîmšu might mean "I graciously returned to him," or it might simply mean "I gave back to him." That the latter, rather than the former, was intended is clearly shown by the unequivocal variant of the later texts.

³⁸ F F₂ A om. ll. 62-70.

³⁰⁻³⁹ B (K 1705) om.

 $^{^{40}}$ B₄ adds [pa-an (işu)nî]ri-ia ú-tir-ram-[ma].

	66 67	šal-meš a-tu-ra a-na ninua(ki) âl be-lu-ti-ia ma-al-ki qabal tam-tim ù šarrâni(meš)
	68	a-ši-bu-ti ša-di-e ša-gu-u-ti
¶ C	69	¶da-na-an ip-še-e-ti-ia an-na-a-ti
.,		•
$\S \mathbf{B}_4$	70	e-mu-ru-ma ip-la-hu bêlu-u-ti§
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	71	$\P(I)$ ia-ki-in-lu-u šàr (mâtu) ⁴¹ a-ru-ad ⁴¹ -da ⁴²
	72	(I) mu-gal-lu šàr 43 (mâtu) 43 tab- 44 àl-a-a 44
	73	(I) sa-an- 45 di 45 -šar-me (mâtu) \mathfrak{h} i-lak-ka-a-a 46
$\S \mathbf{D}$	74	ša a-na šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia la ⁴⁷ kan-šu ⁴⁷ §
	75	⁴⁸ ik-nu-šu a-na (işu)nîri-ia ⁴⁸
	76	mârâte(meš) și-it lìb-bi-šu-49nu49 it-ti nu-dun-ni-e
	77	ma-'-di ⁵⁰ ù tir-ha-ti ma-'-as-si ⁵⁰
	78	a-na e-peš abrakku-u-ti a-na ninua(ki)
§ A	79	ú- 51 bi-lu-nim 51 -ma ú-na-áš- 52 ši-qu 52 šêpê(II)-ia \S
¶A	80	e^{-ii} (I)mu-gal- e^{53a} li e^{53a} sîsê(meš) e^{54} rabûti(meš) e^{54}
§ A	81	ma-da-at-tu šat-ti-šam-55ma55 ú-kin şîru-uš-šu§
¶A	82	¶ul-tu (I)ia-ki-in-lu-u šàr (mâtu) ⁵⁶ a-ru-ad ⁵⁶ -da
"	83	⁵⁷ il-li-ku a-na šim-ti ⁵⁷ (I)a-zi-ba- ⁵⁸ ' ⁵⁸ -al (I)a-bi-ba- ⁵⁹ ' ⁵⁹ -al
§ A		(I)a-du-ni-ba-60'60-al§61
¶A	84	¶mârê(meš) (I)ia-ki-in-lu-u a-šib qabal tam-tim
11.12	85	ul-tu qabal tam-tim e-lu-nim-ma
		*
	86	it-ti ta-mar-ti-šu-nu ka-bit-ti 62il-lik-u-nim-ma62
	87	ú-na-áš-ši-qu šêpê(II)-ia

cepted from him. (**B**₄ adds: I turned [the face] of my yo[ke and]) ⁶⁶I returned safely to Nineveh, the city of my lordship. ⁶⁷When the princes in the midst of the sea and kings ⁶⁸dwelling on high mountains ⁶⁹beheld the might of these deeds of mine, ⁷⁰they feared my dominion.

⁷¹Yakinlû, king of Arvad (**F F**₂ **A** add: dwelling in the midst of the sea), ⁷²Mugallu, king of Tabal, ⁷³Sandišarme of Cilicia, ⁷⁴who had not been submissive to my royal ancestors, ⁷⁵submitted to my yoke (had not drawn their yoke **A**), ⁷⁶brought me (their) daughters, the offspring of their loins, with ⁷⁷great gifts and great dowries ⁷⁸to Nineveh to be ladies-in-waiting, ⁷⁹and kissed my feet. ⁸⁰Concerning Mugallu—great horses ⁸¹as tribute annually I imposed upon him. ⁸²When Yakinlû, king of Arvad, ⁸³had died, Aziba'al, Abiba'al, Adoniba'al, ⁸⁴sons of Yakinlû, who dwelt in the midst of the sea, ⁸⁵went up from the midst of the sea and ⁸⁶came to me with their heavy tribute and ⁸⁷kissed my

```
Notes for Column II
```

```
41-41 ar-ú-a- B (K 1705) C (P 6); ar-ú-ad- F (A 8035, A 8036, A 8037) F<sub>2</sub>.
   ^{42} F \mathbf{F}_2 A add a-sib qabal tam-tim. A inserts a four-line addition here.
   43-43 mât (âlu) F (A 8014).
   44-44-la-a B (P 1); -a-la C (P 6); -àl F [F<sub>2</sub>] A. A inserts a six-line addition.
   45-45 -da- B (P 1) F<sub>2</sub> A.
   46 Not the classical Cilicia, but the strategeia of that name in the province of
Cappadocia (Olmstead, History of Assyria [New York, 1923] pp. 125, 420).
   47-47 ik-nu-šu A.
   <sup>48-48</sup> la i-šu-tu ap-ša-an-šu-un A.
   <sup>49-49</sup> A om.
   50-50 F [F<sub>2</sub>] A om.
   51-51 -bil-am- A.
   52-52 -šiq A.
   <sup>53</sup> Ll. 80-81 immediately precede the line corresponding to B ii 73 in A.
   53a-53a -lu C (P 6).
   54-54 A om.
   55-55 B (A 7934) om.
   <sup>56-56</sup> ar-ú-a- C (P 6); a-ru-a- F (A 8014, A 8016, A 8039); ar-ú-ad- F (A 8018,
A 8040) F<sub>2</sub>.
   ^{57\text{-}57} e-me-du šad\hat{a}-šu A.
   58-58 B (K 1709) om.
   <sup>59-59</sup> B (A 7944) om.
   60-60 B (A 7934, A 7944) om.
   61 A inserts an addition here.
```

62-62 F F2 om.

46	HISTORI	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	88	(I)a-zi-ba-'-al ḥa-diš ap-pa-lis-ma
	89	a-na šarru-u-ti (mâtu) ⁶³ a-ru-ad ⁶³ -da áš-kun ⁶⁴
§A	90	(I)a-bi-ba-65,65-al (I)a-du-ni-ba-65a,65a-al §66
¶A.	91	¶lu-bul-tu bir-me ú-lab-biš šemirê(meš) ⁶⁷ hurâşi áš-kun ⁶⁷
§ C	92	ina maḥ-ri-ia ul-zi-is-su§-nu-ti
	93	(I)gu-ug-gu šàr (^{65a} mâtu ^{65a})lu-ud-di na-gu-u ša ⁶⁸ ni-bir-ti
		tâmti
	94	áš-ru ru-u-qu ša šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia la iš-mu-u zi-
		kir šumi-šu
	95	ni-bit ⁶⁹ šarrû-ti ⁶⁹ -ia ina šutti ú-šab-ri-šu-ma
$\S \mathbf{A}$	96	ašur ⁷⁰ ilu ⁷⁰ ba-nu-u-a § ⁷¹
¶A	97	¶ûmu(mu) šuttu an-ni-tu e-mu-ru (amêlu)rak-bu-šu iš-
		pu-ra
¶ C	98	a-na ša-'-al šul-me-ia ⁷¹ (amêlu)gi-mir ⁷² -a-a ⁷³ (amêlu)nak-
		ru iq- \P şu ⁷³
	99	ša la ip-tal-la-hu abbê(meš)-ia ù 74 ia-a-ši 74 la iș-ba-tu šêpâ(II) šarru-ti-ia 75

feet. ⁸⁸I looked favorably on Aziba'al and ⁸⁹made him king of Arvad. ⁹⁰Abiba'al (and) Adoniba'al ⁹¹I clothed with brightly colored garments, put rings of gold (on them) (encircled their fingers with rings A), ⁹²caused them to stand before me. ⁹³Gyges, king of Lydia, a district which is by the shore of the sea, ⁹⁴a distant place the mere mention of the name of which my royal ancestors had not heard— ⁹⁶Ashur, the great god who begat me, ⁹⁵caused him to see my royal name in a dream. ⁹⁷The day on which he saw this dream he sent his mounted messenger ⁹⁸to ask my welfare. The Cimmerian, a wicked foe ⁹⁹who had not feared my ancestors and who as for me had not caught hold of my royal feet, (A adds: he conquered)

Notes for Column II

⁶³⁻⁶³ a-ru-a- F (A 8039); ar-ú-ad- F (A 8014, A 8016).

⁶⁴ A adds -šu.

⁶⁵⁻⁶⁵ B (A 7936, K 1713) om.

⁶⁵a-65a B (P 2) om.

⁶⁶ A inserts a two-line addition here.

⁶⁷⁻⁶⁷ ú-rak-ki-sa rit-te-e-šu-un A.

⁶⁸ F2 adds ina.

⁶⁹⁻⁶⁹ šumi- A.

⁷⁰⁻⁷⁰ **B** (A 7935) **F** (P 7) om.

⁷¹ A inserts a two-line addition here.

⁷² **F** (A 8039, A 8042) **A** add -ra-.

⁷³⁻⁷³ mu-dal-li-bu niše(meš) mâti-šu A. On the reading of K 2732: Mr. Sidney Smith kindly examined the passage at the writer's request and wrote as follows (March 11, 1932): "The signs after (amel) gi-mir-ai cannot in my opinion be read at all. ša ik-šu-di is an unsuccessful attempt to read marks in the clay where signs have disappeared. There is no reason to suppose the signs were not (amel)nak-ru iq-şu."

⁷⁴⁻⁷⁴ ia-a-ti C; at-tu-u-a F F₂ A.

⁷⁵ A adds ik-šu-ud.

~ 1	
Column	iii

- 1 ina tu-kul-ti ašur ¹(ilu)marduk¹ bêlê(meš)-ia²
- 2 ina (işu)
şi-iş-şi (işu)eš³-qa-ti '4(işu)
ši-ga-ri '4 ú-tam-me-iḥ-ma
- 3 it-ti ta-mar-ti-šu ka-bit-ti ú-še-bi-la

§F F₂ A

- 4 a-di maḥ-ri-ia§
6 6a-tam-ma-ru da-na-an ašur u (ilu)-marduk
6
- 5 ina rebê(e) gir-ri-ia a-na (âlu)kir-bít
- 6 ša qí-rib (âlu)
ḥa-ri-eḥa-as-
^ta^ lu-u al-lik
- 7 ša (I)ta-an-da (amêlu)ḫazâni-šu-nu a-na šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia
- 8 la ik-nu-šu a-na ni-ri u nišê(meš) a-ši-bu-ti (âlu)kir-bít
- 9 ka-a-a-an ih-ta-nab-ba-tu hu-bu-ut (mâtu)ia-mut-ba-li⁸
- 10 [8aina t8a]ukul-ti ašur8b (ilu)bêl 9u9 (ilu)nabû 9a[10ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš)¹0] bêlê(meš)-ia9a
- 11 11 âlu šu-a-[8a tu 11 ak 8a]-šu-ud áš-lu-la šal-lat-su

§C 1

- 12 (I)tan-da (amêlu)ḥazâna-šu-nu§ [¹²aṣ-bat¹²]
- 13 ina mât âli-šu al-qa-a a-na (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
- 14 [¹³nišê(meš)¹³] (âlu)kir-bít ma-la áš-lu-lu
- 15 [¹³as-s¹³]uḥ-ma qí-rib (mâtu)mu-şur ú-ša-aş-bit

Column iii

¹with the help of Ashur (and) Marduk (Ishtar F F₂; Ishtar, the gods A), my lords, (A adds: from among the governors of the Cimmerians whom he had conquered, two governors) ²he bound with chains, shackles, (and) fetters (shackles of iron, bonds of iron A) and ³with his heavy tribute sent ⁴into my presence, (that) I might behold the might of Ashur and Marduk.

⁵On my fourth campaign I marched against Kirbit, ⁶which is in the midst of Ḥarêḥasta, ⁷whose mayor, Tanda, was not submissive to the yoke of my royal ancestors, ⁸while the people inhabiting Kirbit ⁹kept constantly plundering Yamutbal (C adds: that city). ¹⁰[With the h]elp of Ashur, Bêl, and Nabû, [the great gods,] my lords (Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, Ishtar of Nineveh, Ishtar of Arbela C), ¹¹[I ca]ptured tha[t] city, carried off its spoil. ¹²Tanda, their mayor, [I captured] ¹³in the domain of his city, carried (him) to Assyria. ¹⁴[The people] of Kirbit, as many as I had taken, ¹⁵[I took a]way and settled (them) in Egypt.

NOTES FOR COLUMN III

¹⁻¹ u (ilu) ištar ilâni(meš) (**F** [**F**₂] om. ilâni(meš)) **F F**₂ **A**.

 $^{^2}$ A adds ul-tu lìb-bi (amêlu) hazânûte(meš) ša (amêlu) gi-mir-ra-a-a ša ik-šu-du 2 (amêlu) hazûnûte(meš).

³ The sign has the shape of a KUR.

⁴⁻⁴ parzilli bi-ri-ti parzilli A.

⁵ A inserts an addition here.

⁶⁻⁶ C om. With reference to the reading of K 2732, Mr. Sidney Smith states (in the letter referred to above, p. 47, n. 73): "The signs are not perfect, and seem to have undergone 'cleaning' according to the methods described by Budge, Rise and Progress of Assyriology [London, 1925] p. 284. Winckler's reading is fantastic; but there are marks of a knife, not wedges, which explain it."

⁷⁻⁷⁻ti B (A 7947).

⁸ C adds âlu šu-a-tu.

⁸a-8a C.

⁸⁶ C adds (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš.

⁹⁻⁹ B (A 7951) C om.

⁹a-9a (ilu)ištar ša nin[ua(k]i) (ilu)ištar ša arba-ilu C.

¹⁰⁻¹⁰ Conjectural.

¹¹⁻¹¹ C om.

¹²⁻¹² Conjectural; A 7952 allows space for about two signs.

¹³⁻¹³ E iv 7; K 228+K 2675 Rev. 12.

$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	16	¶[ina ¹⁴ ¹⁵ḥanši(ši)¹⁵] gir-ri-ia eli (I)aḥ-še-e-ri
$\S \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	17	[šàr ¹⁴] (mâtu)man-na-a-a ¹⁶ lu-u al-lik ¹⁶ §
e	18	[š]a a-na šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia la kit-nu-šu
	19	[]-a-ti
	20	ad-ki šâbê(meš)-[ia] (mâtu)man-na-a-a []
	$\frac{20}{21}$	al-lik-ma qı́-rib [] aš(?)-šur(?) [] ad-di-ma áš-ku-nu
	$\frac{1}{22}$	[1717 k]a-ra-ši
¶ C	23	(I)aḥ-¶še-e-ri a-lak gir-ri-[ia] iš-me-ma
11 -	$\frac{24}{24}$	ú-[ma]-'-e-ra [¹8ummanâtê(ḫá)-šu¹8]
	25	ina šat mu-ši ina ši-pir ni-kil-ti
	$\frac{1}{26}$	a-na e-peš tâḥâzi it-bu-u-ni
	27	a-na [mit]-hu-uş-şi ummanâtê(há)-ia
	28	şâbê(meš) tâhâzi-ia it-ti-šu-un im-dah-ha-şu
	29	iš-ku-nu abikta-šu-un
	30	ma-lak 3 bêri eqli šal-ma-ti-šu-nu ú-mal-18alu-u ^{18a} şêra rap-
		šu
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	31	¶ina qí-bit aš-šur¹9 (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš 20ilâni(meš) rabûti-
		(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia ²⁰
	32	²¹ ša ú-tak-ki-lu-in-ni ²¹ qí-[¹⁴ rib (mâtu)man ¹⁴]-na-a-a e-ru-
		ub-ma
$\S \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2 \ \mathbf{A}$	33	at-tal-la-ka šal-ţiš§ ²²
	34	[²³ ina me-ti-iq gir ²³]-ri-ia (âlu)a-a-ú-si-áš (âlu)ḫal-şu ²⁴
	35	$(\hat{a}lu)pa(?)-\check{s}a(?)-[^{25}su(?)^{25}]$ $(\hat{a}lu)bu-su-t\acute{u}$ $(\hat{a}lu)\acute{a}\check{s}-di-$
		$^{26}ia^{26}$ -áš
	36	(âlu)ur-ki-ia-mu-un [(âlu)]up-pi-iš (âlu)si-ḫu-u-a (âlu)na-
		zi-ni-ri
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	37	$\P[2^38^{27} \text{ âlâni}(\text{meš})^{2^3}]^{28} \text{ dan-nu-ti } u^{27} \text{ și-ih-ru-te } [2^9\text{ša ni-i-}]$
		b^{29}]a l[29 a i 29]-šu-u
$\P \mathbf{D}$	38	11 1
	39	ab-bul aq-qur ina (ilu)gıš.bar aq-mu

¹⁶[On] my [fifth] (third **F F**₂; fourth **A**) campaign, I marched (made a straight road F F₂ A) against Aḥšêri, ¹⁷[king] of Mannayya, ¹⁸[wh]o had not been submissive to my royal ancestors. ¹⁹[...]....²⁰I mustered [my] troops [...] Mannayya [...] ²¹I marched, and in the midst of [...] Ashur(?) [...] I threw and set up 22 [...] my [c]amp. ²³When Ahšêri heard of the advance of [my] army ²⁴he [dis]patched [his troops]. ²⁵During the night stealthily ²⁶they advanced to give battle, ²⁷to engage my troops. ²⁸The soldiers of my battle array fought with them, ²⁹accomplished their defeat. ³⁰(Over) an area three doublehours in length, they (I C) filled the wide plain with their corpses. ³¹At the command of Ashur, Sîn, Samaš (F F₂ A add: Adad, Bêl, Nabû, Ishtar of Nineveh, the Queen of Kidmuri, Ishtar of Arbela, Ninurta, Nergal, Nusku), the great gods, my lords, ³²who came to my aid, I i[n]vaded [Man]nayya and ³³advanced victoriously. ³⁴[In the course] of my [cam]paign the fortress Ayyausiaš, ³⁵Paša[...su(?)], Busutu, Ašdîaš, ³⁶Urkiamun, Uppiš, Sihûa, Naziniri, ³⁷[8] (F F₂ A add: of his) strong [cities] and small ones as well [witho]ut [numbe]r 38all the way to Izertu I conquered, ³⁹I destroyed, I devastated, I burned with fire.

Notes for Column III

```
14 F.
```

¹⁵⁻¹⁵ šalši(ši) \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 ; $reb\hat{e}(e)$ \mathbf{A} .

¹⁶⁻¹⁶ uš-te-eš-še-ra har-ra-nu \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A} ; \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A} om. ll. 18-30.

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ A 7950 allows space for approximately eleven signs.

¹⁸⁻¹⁸ Conjectural; after George Smith, *History*, p. 89.

¹⁸a-18a -li C.

¹⁹ Sic!

 $^{^{20-20}}$ (ilu)adad $\langle \mathbf{F} \ [\mathbf{F}_2] \ \text{om.}$ (ilu)adad \rangle (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû (ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) (ilu)šar-rat kid-mu-ri $\langle \mathbf{F} \ [\mathbf{F}_2] \ \text{om.}$ (ilu)šar-rat kid-mu-ri \rangle (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu (ilu)ninurta (ilu)nergal (ilu)nusku $\mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2 \ \mathbf{A}$.

 $^{^{21-21}}$ **F** [**F**₂] **A** om.

²² **F F**₂ **A** om. ll. 34-36.

²³⁻²³ C.

 $^{^{24}}$ A 7954 shows that (dlu) hal-su is not to be taken as a proper name and included as one of the eight cities.

 $^{^{25\}text{-}25}$ George Smith, History, p. 90. There is room in the gap for three signs at the most.

²⁶⁻²⁶ B (K 1713) om.

²⁷ F F₂ A om.

²⁸ F F₂ A add -šu.

²⁹⁻²⁹ F.

52 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL		
§ C	40	nišê§(meš) sîsê(meš) imêrê(meš) alpê(meš)³º și-e-ni
	41	ul-tu qí-rib âlâni(meš) ša-a-tu-nu
	42	ú-še-şa-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu
	43	(I)ah-še-e-ri a-lak gir-ri-ia iš-me-ma
	44	ú-maš-šir (âlu)i-zer-tu al šarru-ti-šu
	45	a-na (âlu) ³¹ at-ra-a-na ³¹ âl tukul-ti-šu in-na-bit ³²
$\S \mathbf{F} \ \mathbf{F}_2 \ \mathbf{A}$	46	e-ḫu-uz mar-ki-tu§³³
¶ C	47	(âlu)i-zer-tu ¶(âlu)ur-me-³⁴e³⁴-te (âlu)uz-bi-a âlâni(meš)
		dan-nu-ti- ³⁵ Šu ³⁵ al-me
	48	nišė̃(meš) a-ši-bu-ti âlâni(meš) ša-a-tu-nu
	49	e-si-ir-ma nap-šat-su-nu ú-si-iq ú-kar-ri
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	50	¶na-gu-u šu-a-tu ak-šu-ud ³⁶ ab-bul aq-qur ina (ilu)giš. BAR aq-mu ³⁶
	51	ma-lak 10 ûmê(me) 5 ûmê(me) ú-šah-ri-37ir 37-ma ša-qu-
§CFF2	A.	um-ma-tu§C at-bu-uk§F F ₂ A ³⁸
$\P \mathbf{B}_2$	52	ina me-ti-iq ¶gir-ri-ia âlâni(meš) ša li-me-it (âlu)pad- di-³³ri³³
	53	ša ina tir-și šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia (mâtu)man-na-a-a
		e-ki-mu
	54	a-na ⁴⁰ i-di ⁴⁰ ra-ma-ni-šu-nu ú-tir-ru
	55	ak-šu-ud ina (ilu)gıš.bar aq-mu áš-lu-la šal-lat-sun
	56	âlâni(meš) ša-a-tu-nu a-na mi-şir (mâtu)ašur(ki) ú-tir ⁴¹
	57	na-gu-u ša (âlu)ar-si-ia-ni-iš
	58	ša bi-rit (âlu)a-za-qa- ⁴² na-a ⁴² -ni
	59	ša ⁴³ (šadû) ⁴³ ha-ar-si ša-di-e
	60	ša rêš (mâtu)ku-mu-ur-da-a-a ša qí-rib (mâtu)man-na-a-a
	61	as-pu-un ina (ilu)gıš.bar aq-mu (I)ra-a-a-di-ša-di-e
	62	(amêlu)ràb-(âlu)ḫal-şu-šu-nu a-duk áš-lu-la šal-lat-su
	63	na-gu-u ša (âlu) 44e44-ri-45is45-te-ia-na
	64	ak-šu-ud âlâni(meš)-šu as-pu-un
	65	ina (ilu)giš.BAR aq-mu áš-lu-la šal-la-46sun 46
	66	ina ti-ib ta-ha-zi-ia na-gu-u-šu ú-šaḥ-rib
	67	ú-ṣa-aḥ-ḥi-ir nap-ḥar mâti-šu
	68	it-ti hu-ub-ti ma-'-di
$\S \mathbf{B}_2$	69	šal-la-tu ka-bit-tu šal-meš a-tu-ra§
u – 2	70	ak-bu-sa mi-şir (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	71	(âlu)bi-ir- ⁴⁷ ru ⁴⁷ -u-a (âlu)šarru-iq-bi

⁴⁰People, horses, asses, cattle, sheep ⁴¹out of those cities ⁴²I led forth and counted as spoil. ⁴⁸When Ahšêri heard of the advance of my army, ⁴⁴he forsook Izertu, his royal city, ⁴⁵fled to Atrâna, a garrisoned city of his, ⁴⁶sought refuge. ⁴⁷Izertu, Urmête, Uzbia, his strong cities, I surrounded. 48The people inhabiting those cities 49I shut up, straitened their souls, and hemmed (them) in. ⁵⁰That district I conquered, destroyed, devastated, burned with fire. ⁵¹A distance of ten days, five days I laid it waste and deluged it with misery. ⁵²In the course of my campaign I conquered the cities in the vicinity of Paddiri, 53 which in the days of my royal ancestors Mannayya had seized (and) 54annexed to their own border (lit., side). 55I burned (them) with fire, carried off their booty. 56 Those cities I annexed to the territory of Assyria. 57The district of Arsianiš, 58which is between Azaqayani 59and Mount Harsi, a mountain 60 which is at the head of the Kumurdean country, which is within Mannayya, ⁶¹I laid waste, burned with fire. Rayyadišadê, 62 the captain of their defenses, I killed; his spoil I carried off. 63The district of Eristeyana 64I captured, laid waste its cities, 65burned (them) with fire, carried off their spoil. 66During the progress of my campaign I devastated his (i.e., Ahšêri's) district, 67diminished the size (lit., total) of his land. 68 With much plunder, 69 rich booty, I returned safely, ⁷⁰entered the territory of Assyria. ⁷¹Birrua, Šarruiqbi,

Notes for Column III

```
30 F F<sub>2</sub> A add u.
31-31 at-ra-a-ni F F<sub>2</sub>; te-ra-a-na B (K 1705); iš-ta-at-ti A.
32 F A add -ma.
33 F F<sub>2</sub> A om. ll. 47-49.
<sup>34-34</sup>-ia- B (A 7956, K 1705).
35-35 B (K 2732) om.
<sup>86-86</sup> F [F<sub>2</sub>] A om.
<sup>37-37</sup>-ib- B (K 1705, K 2732) F [F<sub>2</sub>] A.
38 F F<sub>2</sub> A om. ll. 52-81.
<sup>39-39</sup> -ra D.
<sup>40-40</sup> B (K 1705) om.
<sup>41</sup> B (K 1705) B<sub>2</sub> add -ru.
42-42 -na- B2; -ia- D.
43-43 D om.
44-44 ia- B (A 7946).
45-45 -iš- B<sub>2</sub>.
46-46 -su B<sub>2</sub>.
<sup>47-47</sup> B (A 7934, K 1705) om.
```

54	Historic	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	72	(âlu)gu-su-ni-e âlâni(meš) maḥ-ru-u-te
	73	ša mi-sir (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	74	ša ina tir-si šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia
	75	e-ki-mu (mâtu)man-na-a-a
	76	da-ád-me ša-a-tu-nu ak-šu-ud
$\S \mathbf{D}$	77	(mâtu)man-na-a-a ul-tu lìb-bi as-suḥ§
	78	sîsê(meš) (işu)be-li ú-nu-ut tâḥâzi-šu-nu
	79	áš-lu-la a-na (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	80	âlâni(meš) ša-a-tu-nu a-na eš-šu-ti aș-bat
	81	ú-tir-ra a-na mi-şir (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
$\P \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}$	§ A 82	$\P(\mathrm{I})$ aḥ-še-e- $^{47\mathrm{a}}$ ri $^{47\mathrm{a}}$ la pa-liḥ bêlû-ti \cdot ia \S
	83	ašur 48 u 48 (ilu)ištar im-nu- 49 šu 49 50 i-na 50 qâtâ(II) ardâni-
		(meš)-šu
$\P \mathbf{A}$	84	¶nišê(meš) mâti-šu si-hu eli-šu ú-šab-šu-u
•	85	ina sûq âli-šu ⁵¹ id-du-u ⁵² (amêlu)pa-gar-šu ⁵³
¶ C	86	arkânu (I)ú-54a 54-al-li-54 i 54 mâri-šu ¶ú-šib i-na (işu)kussî-
		šu
	87	da-na-an ašur ⁵⁵ (ilu)bêl ⁵⁶ (ilu)nabû
	88	(ilu)ištar ša (âlu)ninua(ki) ⁵⁷ (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba- ilu(ki) ⁶⁸
	89	ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia e-mur-ma
	90	ik-nu-ša a-na ni-ri-ia
	91	áš-šu ba-lat napišti(tim)-šu up-na-a-šu
	92	ip-ta-a ú-ṣal-la-a be-lu-u-ti
	93	(I)e-ri-si-in-ni mâr ri-du-ti-šu
	94	a-na ninua(ki) iš-pur-am-ma ú-na-áš-ši-iq šêpê(II.meš)-ia
	95	ri-e-mu ar-ši-šu- ⁵⁹ ma ⁵⁹
	96	(amêlu)mâr-šip-ri-ia ša šul-me ú-ma-'-ir și-ru-uš-šu
	97	mârtu și-it lìb-bi-šu ú-še-bi-la a-na e-peš 60ab-rak-ku-ti60
	98	ma-da-at-ta-šu maḥ-ri-tu ša ina tir-ṣi šarrâni(meš)
		abbê(meš)-ia
	99	ú-šab-ţi-lu iš-šu-u-ni a-di maḥ-ri-ia

⁷²Gusunê, former cities ⁷³ of the Assyrian frontier, ⁷⁴ which in the time of my royal ancestors 75Mannayya had seized—76these settlements I conquered, 77 drove the Mannean out of them. 78 Horses, weapons, their implements of war 79I carried off to Assyria, 80 organized those cities anew, 81annexed them to the border of Assyria. 82Ahšêri, who did not respect my dominion—83 Ashur and Ishtar counted him into the hands of his servants; 84the people of his land started an insurrection against him, 85threw his body into the street of his city (A adds: left behind his corpse, struck down his brothers, his family, the seed of his father's house with weapons). 86Afterward Ualli, his son, seated himself on his throne. 87Because he had beheld the might of Ashur (B variant adds: Sîn, Šamaš; A adds: Sîn, Šamaš, Adad), Bêl, Nabû, 88 Ishtar of Nineveh (A adds: the Queen of Kidmuri), Ishtar of Arbela (B variant adds: Ninurta, Nusku, and Nergal), 89the great gods, my lords, 90he submitted to my yoke. 91To save his life he spread forth his hands, 92besought my lordship. 93Erisinni, his heir apparent, 94he sent to Nineveh and kissed my feet. 95I took pity on him and 96dispatched my messenger of peace to him. 97A daughter, the offspring of his loins, he sent to be a lady-in-waiting. 98The former tribute, which in the time of my royal ancestors 99 they had permitted to lapse, they brought before me (again).

Notes for Column III

```
^{47a-47a} -ra F (30425).
```

⁴⁸⁻⁴⁸ **B** (A 7946) om.

⁴⁹⁻⁴⁹ -*u* **F** (except P 8) **F**₂.

⁵⁰⁻⁵⁰ a-na B (A 7946).

⁵¹ A adds (amêlu)ša-lam-ta-šu.

 $^{^{52}}$ F [F₂] add - $\S u$; A adds - $\S u$ (A (var.) om. - $\S u$) in-da-á \S - $\S a$ -ru.

 $^{^{53}}$ A adds $ahh\ell(me\S)$ -Šu qin-nu-Šu zêr bît abi-Šu ú-Šam-qi-tu ina (işu)kakk $\ell(me\S)$. $^{64-54}$ F \mathbf{F}_2 om.

⁵⁵ \mathbf{B} (K 1707) \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 add (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš; \mathbf{A} adds (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)adad.

⁵⁶ **B** (K 1707) adds u.

⁵⁷ A adds (ilu)šar-rat kid-mu-ri.

⁵⁸ B (K 1707) adds (ilu)ninurta (ilu)nusku (ilu)nergal; **F** \mathbf{F}_2 A add (ilu)ninurta (ilu)nergal $u \in \mathbf{A}$ om. $u \in (ilu)$ nusku.

⁵⁹⁻⁵⁹ B (A 7944, A 7960, K 1713) om.

⁶⁰⁻⁶⁰ A 7935; see p. 43, n. 33.

Column iv		00 444
$F F_2 A$	$\frac{1}{2}$	30 sîsê(meš) eli ma-da-at-ti-šu maḥ-ri-ti ú-rad-di-ma e-me-is-su§
§C	3	ina ûmê(me)-šu-¹ma¹ (I)bi-ri-²is²§-ḥa-at-ri (amêlu)-ḥazânu ša mad-a-a
	4	(I)šar-a-ti (I)pa-ri-³hi³ ⁴ 2 ⁴ mârê(meš)- ⁵ šu ⁵ (I)ga-a-gi
	5	(amêlu)hazân (mâtu)ša-hi ša is-lu-u-a (işu)nîr bêlu-u-ti-ia
¶ C	6	¶75 âlâni(meš)-šu-6nu6 dan-nu-ti ak-šu-ud áš-lu-la šal- lat-su-un
	7	ša-a-šu-nu bal-ţu-su-nu ina qa-ti aş-bat
	8	ú-bi-la a-na (âlu)ninua(ki) âl be-lu-ti-ia
	9	(I)an-da-ri-a ⁷ (amêlu)bêl-pahât ⁷ ⁸ (mâtu)u-ra-ár-ţi ⁸
	10	ša a-na ka-ša-ad (mâtu ⁹) ¹⁰ up ¹⁰ -pu-um-me ¹¹ u ¹¹ (mâtu ¹²)-
		kul-li-im-me-ri
	11	ir-da-a il-li-ka qı-rib mu-ši-ti
	12	nišê(meš) a-ši-bu-te (âlu)kul-li-im-me-ri
	13	ardâni(meš) da-gil pa-ni-ia
	14	ina šat mu-ši di-ik-ta-šu ma-'-as-su i-du-ku
	15	la iz-zi-bu a-a-um-ma
	16	qaqqad ¹³ (I)an-da-ri-e ¹³ ik-ki-su-nim-ma
	17	a-na (âlu)ninua(ki) ina¹⁴ maḥ-ri-ia ú-bil-u-ni
§ C	18	ina šešši(ši) § gir-ri-ia eli (I)ur-ta-ki šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	19	lu-u al-lik ša tabti abi ba-ni-ia la ha-as-su
	20	la iş-şu-ru ib-ru-ti ul-tu ina (mâtu)elamti(ki)

Column iv

¹Thirty horses above the former tribute ²I added and imposed upon him.

³At that time Birishatri, a chieftain of the Medes(?), ⁴Šarati (and) Parihi, his two sons, Gagi, ⁵chieftain of the Sahi, who had thrown off the yoke of my dominion—⁶seventy-five of their strong cities I conquered, carried off their spoil. ⁷Themselves I took alive with (my own) hands, ⁸brought them to Nineveh, the city of my lordship. ⁹Andaria, governor of Armenia, ¹⁰who had advanced to capture Uppumme and Kullimmeri, ¹¹had marched out in the middle of the night, ¹²(and) had killed the people living in Kullimmeri, ¹³servants subject to me, ¹⁴by night in a great massacre ¹⁵(so that) not one escaped—¹⁶the head of Andaria they cut off and ¹⁷brought to Nineveh into my presence.

¹⁸On my sixth campaign I marched against Urtaku, king of Elam, ¹⁹who was not mindful of the favors of the father that begat me, ²⁰and did not maintain friendly relations. When hard times arose in Elam

Notes for Column IV

¹⁻¹ B (K 1713) om.

²⁻²-si- B (A 7947).

 $^{^{3-3}}$ -ha **B** (A 7935).

⁴⁻⁴ B (K 2732) likewise reads (I) pa-ri-hi 2, but a deceptive bit of dirt has lodged in the middle of the second wedge of the MIN, making it look very much like A.

⁵⁻⁵ B (A 7947, K 2732) om.

⁶⁻⁶ B (A 7935, K 1713) om.

⁷⁻⁷ LÚ.EN.NAM **B** (A 7947, A 7950, K 1713, K 2732); LÚ.NAM **B** (A 7935); (amêlu)tur-ta-[an] **C**.

^{8-8 (}mâtu)u-ra-ár-ți B (A 7935); (mâtu)ur-ár-ți B (A 7950); (mâtu)ur-ar-ți B (A 7947, A 7962). The editions of K 2732 read (mâtu)lu-ub-di (Smith, loc. cit.; WKA, p. 41), but in "cleaning" K 2732 the sign un in this passage was badly damaged, so badly that it does not look like an un. But lu it is not, nor can it have ever been!

⁹ (âlu) **B** (A 7935, K 1713); text: **B** (K 2732) **C**.

¹⁰⁻¹⁰ **B** (A 7947) om.

¹¹⁻¹¹ **B** (A 7935, A 7947) om.

¹² (*âlu*) **B** (A 7935, A 7947, A 7950); text: **B** (K 2732).

¹³⁻¹³ (I)an-da-ri-a **B** (K 1713); (I)an-du-ra-a **B** (A 7947).

¹⁴ a-na B (A 7947).

58 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL su-un-qu iš-ku-nu ib-ba-šu-u ni-ib-ri-14atu^{14a} 22 (ilu)nisaba ba-lat napišti(tim) nišê(meš) ú-še-bil-šu-ma 23aş-bat gât(II)-su nišê(meš)-šu ša la-pa-an su-un-gi 24 in-nab-tu-u-nim-ma ú-ši-bu qí-rib (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) a-di zu-un-nu ina mâti-šu iz-nu-nu ib-ba-šu-u e-bu-ru 26 nišė (meš) ša-a-tu-nu ša ina mâti-ia ib-lu-tu ú-še-bil-šu-ma 27(amêlu)elama(ki)-a-a ša te-bu-us-su it-ti lìb-bi-ia la daab-ba-ku la ha-as-sa-ku si-lit-su (I)bêl-iqîša(ša) (mâtu)gam-bu-la-29 (I.ilu)nabû-šuma-ereš(eš) (amêlu)gú-en-na ardâni(meš) da-gil pa-ni-ia 30 (I.ilu)marduk-šuma-ibni (amêlu)šu-ut-rêšê(meš) ša (I)ur-ta-ki ša ¶K 31 it-ti-šu-nu iš-ku-nu pi-¶i-šu a-na mit-hu-si mât šumerî(ki) u akkadî(ki) 32 ina pi-ir-ṣa-a-te id-ku-u-ni (I)ur-ta-ki šàr (mâtu)elamti-(I)ur-ta-ki ša la ag-ru-šu 34 qa-bal-šu id-ka-a a-na (mâtu)kar-(ilu)dun-iá-àš ur-ri-ha ta-ha-zu 35 áš-šu ti-bu-ut (amêlu)e-la-me-e 36 (amêlu)mâr-šipri a-na ninua(ki) il-li-kam-ma $\S K$ 37 iq-ba-a ia-a-ti a-ma-ti§ 38 ša-a-ti-na ša ti-bu-ut (I)ur-ta-ki 39 ul áš-[. .¹⁵]-ut ina lìb-bi-ia 40 šu-ut (amêlu)rubê(meš)-šu ša su-lum-me-e 41 iš-ta-nap-pa-ra ina mah-ri-ia a-na a-mar šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) (amêlu)mâr-šip-ri-ia ¶C 43 ú-ma-'-ir ha-an-ţiš [16áš-pur-ma16] il-lik ¶i-tu-ram-ma 44 a-17ma17-a-ati ka-a-a-ma-18na-ti18 45 ú-ša-an-na-a ia-a-ti § C 46 um-ma (amêlu)e-la §-mu-u kîma tibût(ut) aribê(há) ¶C ka-tim (mâtu)akkadî(ki) ka-li-ša şi-ir ¶bâbili(ki) 47 48 uš-man-nu ša-kin-ma na-di ma-dak-tu a-na na-ra-ru-ti $\P \mathbf{D}$ 49 (ilu)bêl u (ilu)nabû ¹⁹ilâni¹⁹(meš)-ia ¶ša ap-tal-la-hu iluus-su-nu şâbê(meš) tâhâzi-ia ad-ki-e-ma aş-ba-ta har-ra-nu 50 $\P B_2 \S C$ a-lak gir-ri-ia iš-me-¶e-ma hat-tu is-hup§-šu-ma 52 i-tur a-na mâti-šu arka-šu aş-bat a-bi-ik-ta-šu áš-kun 53 at-ru-us-su a-di mi-şir mâti-šu 54 (I)ur-ta-20ku²⁰ šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) ša la iş-şu-ru ib-ru-te 55 ina ûmê(me) la šim-ti-šu mu-u-tu ú-gar-ru-u

²¹and there was a famine, ²²I sent him grain to keep his people alive, ²³grasped his hand. Those of his people who had fled before the hard times 24 and settled in Assyria 25 until rain fell in his land and there was a harvest—26those people, who had kept themselves alive in my land, I sent back to him. 27The Elamite, an attack by whom I had never considered with my heart, 28 of whose enmity I had not even thought— Bêliqîša, the Gambulean, ²⁹Nabûšumereš, the guenna, servants subject to me, ³⁰Mardukšumibni, a general of Urtaku who ³¹had made common cause with them, to war with the land of the Shumerian and the Akkadian 32they incited Urtaku, king of Elam, with lies. 33Urtaku, with whom I was not at enmity, 34mustered his army, rushed the war into the land of Karduniash. 35A messenger (with news) concerning the advance of the Elamite ³⁶came to Nineveh and ³⁷told me these things 38 of the advance of Urtaku. 39 I was unde [ci]ded(?) in my heart. ⁴⁰Those of his nobles who (were for) peace ⁴¹sent to me repeatedly. ⁴²For reconnaissance upon the king of Elam I dispatched my messenger. 43[I sent him] in haste; [and] he went, returned, and 44reported reliable information 45 to me, saying: "The Elamite like the encroachment of grasshoppers 47 is covering all Akkad. Against Babylon 48 the camp has been pitched, the halt made." To aid 49Bêl and Nabû, my gods (lords B variant), whose divinity I worship, ⁵⁰I mustered my warriors and took the road. 51When he heard of the advance of my army, fear overcame him, so that 52he returned to his land. I took after him, accomplished his defeat, ⁵³pursued him to the border of his land. ⁵⁴Urtaku, king of Elam, who had not maintained friendly relations— 55 on a day (lit., days) not appointed by fate death became hostile

NOTES FOR COLUMN IV

^{14a-14a} -e-ti **B** (P 3).

¹⁵ There is room in the gap for two signs at the most. The verb šapātu commends itself for consideration, but the traces of the missing sign or signs fail to suggest the form in use here.

¹⁶⁻¹⁶ Conjectural; after George Smith, *History*, p. 102.

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ -pa- **B** (K 1705).

¹⁸⁻¹⁸ -nu-ma **B** (K 1705).

¹⁹⁻¹⁹ bêlê **B** (K 1705).

²⁰⁻²⁰ -ki B (K 1705).

- 56 ina ta-ni-hi iq-tu-u i-zu-bu
- 57 ina qaq-qa-ar ba-la-ţi šêpâ(II)-šu ul iš-kun
- 58 ina šatti-šu na-piš-ta-šu ig-ti il-lik šimat mu-ši-šu
- 59 (I)bêl-iqîša(ša) (amêlu.mâtu)gam-bu-la-a-a
- 60 ša is-lu-u (işu)nîr bêlu-u-ti-ia
- 61 ina ni-sik humşîri iš-ta-kan na-piš-tu
- 62 (I.ilu)nabû-šuma-êreš(eš) (amêlu)gú-en-na la na-şir a-di-e
- 63 iš-ši a-ga-là-til-la-a mê(meš) malûti(meš)
- 64 (I.ilu)marduk-šuma-ibni (amêlu)šu-ut-rêši-šu mu-šad-biib-šu
- 65 ša limuttu(tu) ú-šak-pi-du a-na (I)ur-ta-ki
- 66 e-me-is-su (ilu)marduk šàr ilâni(meš) še-ir-ta-šu rabîtu-(tu)
- 67 ina ištít(it) šatti mi-ih-rit a-ha-meš
- 68 iš-ku-nu na-piš-tu
- 69 lìb-bi ašur ag-gu ul i-nu-uh-šu-nu-ti
- 70 ul ip-šah-šu-nu-ti
- 71 ka-bít-ti (ilu)iš-tar ša ú-tak-kil-an-ni
- 72 palê(e) šarrû-ti-šu iš-ki-pu
- 73 be-lut (mâtu)e-lam-ti ú-šal-qu-u ša-nam-ma
- 74 ar-ka (I)te-um-man tam-šil gallê
- 75 ú-šib ina (işu)kussî (I)ur-ta-ki
- §B₂ 76 a-na da-a-ki mârê(meš) (I)ur-ta-ki§
 - 77 ù²¹ mârê(meš) (I)um-man-al-²²da²²-še
- §D 78 ahi (I)ur-ta-ki iš-te-ni-'-a (šal)limuttu§
 - 79 (I)um-man-i-gaš ²³(I)um-man-ap-pa²³ (I)tam-ma-ri-tu
 - 80 mårê(meš) ²⁴(I)ur-ta-ki²⁴ šàr (måtu)elamti(ki)
 - 81 (I)ku-dúr-ru (I)pa-ru-u mârê(meš) (I)um-man-al-da-a-še
 - 82 šarru²⁵ a-lik pa-ni (I)ur-ta-ki
 - 83 ù 60 zêr šarri ina la me-ni (amêlu)şâbê(meš)-(işu)qašti
 - 84 mår²⁶ ba-ni-e ša (måtu)elamti(ki)²⁷
 - 85 la-pa-an da-a-ki (I)te-um-man
 - 86 in-nab-tu-nim-ma iş-ba-tu šêpâ(II.meš) šarru-u-ti-ia
 - 87 ina sibê(e) gir-ri-ia eli (I)te-um-man
 - 88 šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) lu-u al-lik
 - 89 ša eli (I)um-man-²⁸i²⁸-gaš (I)um-man-ap-pa (I)tam-mari-tu
 - 90 mârê(meš) (I)ur-ta-ki šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
 - 91 (I)ku-dúr-ru (I)pa-ru-u mârê(meš)
 - 92 (I)um-man-al-da-še ahi (I)ur-ta-ki
 - 93 šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
 - 94 (amêlu)rubê(meš)-šu iš-ta-nap-pa-ra a-na še-bu-li

to him, ⁵⁶amid mourning he began to reach his end (and) seep away, ⁵⁷his feet no longer stood in the land of the living (lit., life). 58That same year his life came to an end, he went to his dismal fate. 59Bêliqîša, the Gambulean, 60who had cast off the yoke of my dominion, 61 lost his life through the bite of a boar. 62 Nabûšumereš, the guenna who did not keep his oath—63dropsy carried him off. 64Mardukšumibni, his officer, who had misled him, 65 who had brought evil upon Urtaku—66 Marduk, king of the gods, laid a heavy penalty upon him. 67In a single year both 68laid down their lives. 69Angry Ashur's heart was not appeased toward them; 70 not quieted over them was 71the liver of Ishtar, who had helped me. 72His royal dynasty they overthrew, 73 caused another to receive dominion over Elam. 74 After Teumman, the image of a devil, 75 had seated himself on the throne of Urtaku, 76 toward murdering the sons of Urtaku 77 and the sons of Ummanaldåše, ⁷⁸Urtaku's brother, he plotted his evil plan. ⁷⁹Ummanigaš, Ummanappa, Tammaritu, 80 sons of Urtaku, king of Elam, 81 Kudurru, Parû, sons of Ummanaldâše, 82 the king who preceded Urtaku, 83 and sixty (scions) of the seed royal, archers without number, 84freemen of Elam, ⁸⁵fled before the murderous fury of Teumman ⁸⁶and caught hold of my royal feet.

⁸⁷On my seventh campaign I marched against Teumman, ⁸⁸king of Elam, ⁸⁹who concerning Ummanigaš, Ummanappa, Tammaritu, ⁹⁰sons of Urtaku, king of Elam, ⁹¹Kudurru, Parû, sons of ⁹²Ummanaldâše, brother of Urtaku, ⁹⁸king of Elam, ⁹⁴had sent his officials to

NOTES FOR COLUMN IV

²¹ a-na B (A 7944, A 7959).

²²⁻²² -di- **B** (A 7935, A 7959).

 $^{^{23-23}(}I)um-ap-pi$ B (A 7959).

²⁴⁻²⁴ (I)te-um-man B (A 7935, A 7959 erased).

²⁵ amêlu **B** (K 1707, K 1843).

²⁶ mârê(meš) **B** (A 7946, K 1707).

²⁷ B (K 1707) adds ša.

²⁸⁻²⁸ -ni- B (A 7969).

- 95 nišê(meš) ša-a-tu-nu ša in-nab-tu-nim-ma
- 96 iş-ba-tu šệpê(II)²⁹-ia²⁹ še-bul-šu-nu ul aq-bi-šu
- 97 ina muhhi me-ri-hi-e-te ina gât(II) (I)um-ba-da-ra-a
- 98 ù (I.ilu)nabû-damiq(iq) iš-ta-nap-pa-ra arhi-šam
- 99 qı́-rib (mâtu)e-lam-ti uš-tar-ra-ah ina puhur ummanâtê-(há)-šu

Column v

- 1 at-kil a-na (ilu)ištar ša ú-tak-kil-an-ni
- 2 qı-bit pi-i-šu ir-hu-u ul am-gur ul ad-din-šu
- 3 mun-nab-ti ša-a-tu-nu (I) te-um-man li-mut-tu
- 4 iš-te-ni-'-a (ilu)sîn iš-te-ni-'-šu
- 5 itât(meš) (šal)limutti ina (arhu)du'ûzi attalû šat ur-ri adi nûri
- 6 uš-ta-ni-ih-ma (ilu)šamaš ¹e-mur-šu-ma¹ ki-ma šu-a-tu-ma
- 7 kal² ûmê(me) uš-ta-ni-ih a-na qí-it palê(e)
- 8 šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) halaq mâti-šu
- 9 ú-kal-lim-an-ni enib purussê-šu ša la in-ni-in-nu-u
- 10 ina ûmê(me)-šu³ mi-ih-ru im-hur-šu-ma
- 11 šapat-su uk-tam-bil-ma ênu(II)4 iş-hi-ir5-6ma6
- 12 ga-ba-su^{6a} iš-ša-kin ina lìb-bi-⁷ša⁷
- 13 it-ti ip-še-e-ti an-na-a-ti ša 8(ilu)sîn9 u (ilu)ištar8

(secure) the extradition of 95these people, who had fled and 96caught hold of my (B variant adds: royal) feet. Their extradition I did not grant him, 97on account of the insolent messages which by the hand of Umbadarâ and 95Nabûdamiq he had been sending me monthly, 99(when) he puffed himself up in Elam before his assembled troops.

Column v

¹I trusted in Ishtar, who had helped me, ²did not grant him the request of his rebellious mouth, nor give him ³those refugees. Teumman plotted evil. ⁴Sîn planned for him ⁵portents of evil. In the month of Tammuz (there was) an eclipse. From daybreak until sunrise ⁶he (*i.e.*, Sîn, the moon-god) went into eclipse (*lit.*, rested), so that Šamaš (the sun-god) saw it and like him ⁷set all those days, to (signify) the end of the reign ⁸of the king of Elam (and) the destruction of his land. ⁹He (*i.e.*, Sîn) revealed to me the fruit of his decision, which is not altered. ¹⁰At that time an accident befell him (*i.e.*, Teumman), and ¹¹his lip was paralyzed and his eye was twisted and ¹²a gabaşu was placed in its midst. ¹³By these things that Sîn and Ishtar (*variant:* Ashur, Sîn, [Šamaš, Bêl,] Nabû, Ishtar of Nineveh, [Ishtar of Arbela,

NOTE FOR COLUMN IV

 $^{29-29}$ šarrû-ti-ia **B** (A 7935).

NOTES FOR COLUMN V

- ¹⁻¹ A 7962. On this entire passage see the Appendix at the end of this part, pp. 105 ff. Professor Olmstead sees a reference to this eclipse in a badly broken letter published by Harper (*Letters*, No. 284), transliterated and translated by Leroy Waterman, *Royal Correspondence of the Assyrian Empire* I (Ann Arbor, 1930) 196 f.
 - ² So also K 2732.
 - ³ B (A 7962, K 2732) adds -ma.
 - ⁴ **B** (A 7962, P 3, K 10621) adds -šu.
 - ⁵ K 10621 (collated).
 - 6-6 K 10621 om.
 - 6n For the rendering of this term cf. Bauer, pp. 12-13, n. 5.
 - ⁷⁻⁷-šu **B** (A 7962, K 2732).
- ** ašur u (ilu)ištar ⟨(ilu)ištar erased⟩, with the following added: (ilu)sîn [(ilu)-šamaš (ilu)bêl (i]lu)nabû (ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) [(ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu (ilu)-ninurta (ilu)]nusku (ilu)nergal B (K 10621).
 - ⁹ So also K 2732.

- 14 e-pu-šu-uš ul i-ba-áš id-ka-a ummanâtê(há)-šu
- 15 ina (arhu)abi arah na-an-mur-ti kakkab qašti
- 16 i-sin-ni šar-ra-ti ka-bit-ti mârat (ilu)en-líl
- 17 a-na pa-lah ilû-ti-ša rabîti(ti) áš-ba-ak
- 18 ina (âlu)arba-ilu âlu na-ram lìb-bi-10ša10
- 19 áš-šu ti-bu-ut (amêlu)e-lam-e ša ba-lu-u ^{10a}ilâni(meš)^{10a} it-ba-a
- 20 ú-ša-an-nu-u-ni ţe-e-mu
- 21 um-ma (I)te-um-man ki-a-am iq-bi
- 22 ša (ilu)ištar ú-ša-an-nu-u me-lik ţe-me-šu
- 23 um-ma ul ú-maš-šir a-di al-la-ku
- 24 it-ti-šu ip-pu-šu mit-hu-şu-tu
- 25 šu-ut me-ri-ih-ti an-ni-ti ša (I)te-um-man
- 26 ig-bu-u am-hur ša-gu-te (ilu)iš-tar
- 27 a-zi-iz a-na tar-şi-ša ak-me-is ša-pal-ša
- 28 ilu-us-sa ú-ša-ap-pa-a il-la-ka di-ma-a-a
- 29 um-ma (ilu)be-lit (âlu)arba-ilu(ki) a-na-ku (I)aš-šurbâni-apli
- 30 šàr (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) bi-nu-ut qâtê(II)-ki ša iḫ-šu-ḫu-šu
- 31 abu ba-nu-ki a-na ud-du-uš eš-ri-e-ti šul-lum par-și-šu-un
- 32 ¹¹na-şar¹¹ pi-ris-ti-šu-un šu-ţu-ub lìb-bi-šu-un im-bu-u zi-kir-šu
- 33 a-na-ku áš-ri-e-ki áš-te-ni-'-i
- 34 al-li-ka a-na pa-lah ilû-ti-ki ù šul-lum par-şi-ki
- 35 ù šu-u (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) la mu-ša-kir ilâni(meš)
- 36 ku-us-sur ka-li a-na mit-hu-us ummanâtê(há)-ia
- 37 um-ma at-ti (ilu)be-lit be-li-e-ti i-lat qab-li be-lit tâḥâzi
- 38 ma-li-kat ilâni(meš)

 $\P K$

- 39 ša ina ma-har ašur abi ba-ni-ki ¶(šal)damiqtim taq-bi
 - 40 ina ni-iš ênê(II)-šu ellêti(meš) ih-šu-ha-an-ni a-na šarru-
 - 41 áš-šu (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) ša a-na ašur
 - 42 šār ilâni(meš) abi ba-ni-ki iḥ-ṭú-u bil-tu [¹²la ú-bi-la¹²] id-ka-a um-man-šu
- ¶C 43 iq-şu-ra ta-ha-zi ú-ša-'-¶a-la (işu)kakkê(meš)-šu
 - 44 a-na a-lak (mâtu)ašur[(ki)] um-ma at-ti qa-rit-ti ilâni-(meš) kîma bilti
 - 45 ina qa-bal tam-ha-ri pu-uţ-ţi-ru-šu-ma di-kiš-šu me-hu-u
 - 46 šâru lim-nu in-hi-ia šu-nu-hu-ti (ilu)ištar iš-me-e-ma
 - 47 la ta-pal-lah iq-ba-a ú-šar-hi-şa-an-ni lìb-bu

Ninurta, Nusku, Nergal) ¹⁴did to him he was not confounded. He mustered his troops. ¹⁵In Ab, the month of the appearance of the Bow Star, ¹⁶ of the feast of the revered Queen, the daughter of Enlil, ¹⁸ (when) I was tarrying in Arbela, the city beloved of her heart, ¹⁷to worship her great divinity, ²⁰they brought me intelligence ¹⁹of the advance of the Elamite, who had gone forth without the gods' consent, 21 stating: "Thus spake Teumman, ²²whose reason Ishtar has dethroned: ²³'I will not give up until I have come 24 and fought a battle with him.' " 25 These insolent words which Teumman 26 had uttered I took; into exalted Ishtar's ²⁷presence I stepped; before her I bowed down; ²⁸I besought her divinity, my tears flowing, 29thus: "Lady of Arbela, I, Ashurbanipal, ³⁰king of Assyria, the creature of thy hands, whom Ashur, ³¹the father who begat thee, desired, whom he called (by) name to renovate the sanctuaries, to perform their ordinances, 32 to protect their mysteries, (and) to make glad their hearts—33I have sought out thy sanctuary, 34I have come to worship thy divinity and to perform thy ordinances; 35 and this Teumman, king of Elam, who does not esteem the gods, ³⁶has set in motion all his resources to do battle with my troops. ³⁷Now, O thou Lady of Ladies, Goddess of War, Mistress of Battle, ³⁸Queen of the Gods, ³⁹who didst speak (words of) grace before Ashur, the father who begat thee, 40(so that) by the lifting up of his shining eyes he desired me to become king, 41 concerning Teumman, king of Elam, who against Ashur, ⁴²king of the gods, the father who begat thee, has sinned, [withheld] tribute, mustered his troops, ⁴³arrayed (his) hosts, invoked his weapons, 44to march against Assyria—O thou Heroine among the gods, like a bundle 45rip him open in the midst of the battle; raise up against him a tempest, 46 an evil wind!" Ishtar heard the sighs I emitted, and ⁴⁷she said, "Fear not!" and comforted me in my heart: ⁴⁸"Because of

Notes for Column v

¹⁰⁻¹⁰ Var. of -ša B (P 3, K 10621, Rm 24).

¹⁰a-10a ili B (P 3).

¹¹⁻¹¹ id-ki B (VA 2972).

¹²⁻¹² Conjectural.

	48	a-na ni-iš qâtê(II)-ka ša taš-ša-a ênâ(II)-ka im-la-a di im-tu
	49	ar-ta-ši ri-e-mu ina šat mu-ši šu-a-tu ša am- ^{12a} hur ^{12a} -ši
$\P \mathbf{D}$	50	ištên(en) (amêlu)šab-ru-u ú-tu-ul-ma i-¶na-aṭ-ṭal šutta
	51	i-gi-il-ti-ma tab-rit mu-ši ša (ilu)ištar ú-šab-ru-šu
§ C	52	ú-ša-an-na-a ia §-a-ti um-ma (ilu) iš[tar] a-ši-bat (âlu) arba ilu
	53	e-ru-ub-am-ma imna u¹³ šumêla tu-ul-la-ta iš-pa-a-ti
	54	tam-ḥa-at (iṣu)qašta i-na i-di-ša
§ K	55	šal-pat nam-sa-[ru] zaq-tu ša e-peš ta-ḫa-zi§
•	56	ma-har-ša ta-zi-iz ši-i ki-i ummi
	57	a-lit-ti i-tam-ma-a it-ti-ka
	58	il-si-ka (ilu)ištar ša-qu-ut ilâni(meš) i-šak-kan-ka ţe-e-m
	59	um-ma ta-na-aṭ-ṭa-la a-na e-peš ša-áš- ^{13a} me ^{13a}
$\P \mathbf{B_3}$	60	a-šar pa-nu-u-a šak-nu te-ba-ku ¶a-na-ku
	61	at-ta ta-qab-bi-14ši14 um-ma a-šar tal-la-ki
	62	it-ti-ki lul-lik (ilu)be-lit bêlêti(meš)
	63	ši-i tu-ša-an-nak-ka um-ma at-ta a-kan-na
	64	lu-u áš-ba-ta a-šar maš-kán-i-ka
$\S \mathbf{B_3}$	65	a-kul a-ka-lu ši-ti ku-ru-un-nu§
$\P \mathbf{B_2}$	66	¶nin-gu-tu šu-kun nu-'-id ilû-ti
	67	a-di al-la-ku šip-ru šu-a-tu 15ip-[pu]-šu15
	68	ú-šak-ša-du şu-um-me-rat lìb-bi-ka
	69	pa-nu-u-ka ul ur-rak ul i¹⁶-nár-ru-ṭa šêpê(II)-ka
	70	ul ta-šam-mat le'ût(ut)-ka ina qabal tam-ḥa-ri
	71	ina ki-rim-me-ša ţâbi taḫ-ṣi-in-ka-ma
	72	taḥ-te-na gi-mir la ^{16a} -a-ni-ka
	73	pa-nu-uš-ša (ilu)giš.BAR in-na-pi-iḫ
	74	¹⁷ šam-riš ta-at-ta-și a-na a-ḫa-a-ti ¹⁷
	75	e-li (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	76	ša ug-gu-ga-tu pa-nu-uš-ša taš-kun
	77	ina ^{17a} (arhu)ulûli ši-pir (ilu)ištarâte(meš) i-sin-ni ašur ṣê
	78	araḥ (ilu)sîn na-an-nár šamê(e) u irșiti(tim) at-kil a-n purussî
	79	(ilu)nanna-ri nam-ri ù ši-pir ^{16a} (ilu)ištar bêlti-ia ša la ir nin-nu-u
	80	ad-ki şâbê(meš) tâhâzê(meš)-ia mun-tah-şi ša ina qí-b ašur
	81	(ilu)sîn u ¹⁸ (ilu)ištar it-ta-na-áš-rab-bi-ţu ina ¹⁸ qa-ba
		tam-ha-ri

the raising of thy hands which thou hast raised, (because of) thy eyes, filled with tears, 49I have had mercy upon thee." During that very same night in which I approached her 50a certain seer lay down and saw a dream-vision. ⁵¹When he awoke he recounted the vision which Ishtar had revealed to him 52 to me, declaring: "Ishtar dwelling in Arbela 53 entered, and right and left she bore quivers; 54 she held a bow in her hand; 55she unsheathed a sharp sword for battle. 56Thou stoodest before her. Like the mother of a ⁵⁷child she talked with thee. ⁵⁸Ishtar, the exalted of the gods, addressed thee, giving thee this counsel: 59'Thou beholdest a direction to go to war. 60Whither my face is set, thither do I go forth.' 61Thou didst say to her, 'Whither thou goest ⁶²I will go with thee, O Lady of Ladies!' ⁶³She repeated to thee: 'Here thou 64 shalt stay, where thou art dwelling. 65 Eat food, drink wine, 66 provide music, revere my divinity, 67 until I go and do this deed (and) 68 make thee attain the desire of thy heart. 69 Thy face shall not turn green, thy feet shall not tire, 70thy strength shall not fail thee in the heat of the battle.' 71In her kindly embrace she folded thee and ⁷²protected thy entire stature. ⁷³From her face fire flared forth, 74 fiercely she went off to the sides (angrily she went off shining brightly and] strode forth to conquer [her foe] B₂). ⁷⁵Against Teumman, king of Elam, 76 with whom she was angry, she set her face." ⁷⁷In Ulûlu, (the month of greatest) effectiveness of the goddesses, the feast of Ashur the exalted, 78the month of Sîn, illuminator of heaven and earth, trusting in the oracle 79 of Nanna the Glittering and the message of Ishtar, my lady, which is not changed, 80-81 I mobilized my warriors, my fighters, who by the command of Ashur, Sîn, and Ishtar

Notes for Column v

 $^{^{12}a-12a} - hu - ru - C$.

¹³ B (K 2732) om.

^{13a-13a} -mi **D** (K 1700 collated).

 $^{^{14-14}}$ -§a **B** (A 7944).

¹⁵⁻¹⁵ B (A 7968) om.

¹⁶ ú- В (А 7968).

^{16a} So also **D** (K 1700 collated).

 $^{^{17-17}}$ iz-zi-iš na[m-ri-ri-iš tattaṣ $\hat{\imath}$ -ma] a-na ka-ša-ad (am ℓ lu)[nakri-ša tallik(ik)] B₂ (restored from K 3040, WKA, p. 73).

^{17a} **D** (K 1700) om.

¹⁸ B (A 7969) D (K 1700) om.

oi.uchicago.edu

68	HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL		
	82	e-li (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) ur-ḥu aş-bat-ma	
$\S \mathbf{B}_2$	83	uš-te-eš-še-ra ḥar-ra-nu el-la-mu-u-a§ (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)	
	84	i-na (âlu)bît-(I)im-bi-i na-di ma¹9-dak-tu e-rib šarrû-ti-ia	
¶C §D	85	ša ¶qí-rib (âlu)dêri(ki) iš-me-e-ma iş-bat-su hat-tu§ (I)te-um-man	
	86	ip-làh-ma a-na arki-šu i-tur e-ru-ub qí-rib (âlu)šu-ša-an	
¶D	87	kaspu hurâşu a-¶na šu-zu-ub napišti(tim)-šu	
-	88	ú-za-'-iz a-na nišê(meš) mâti-šu	
	89	ri-și-e-šu a-lik idi(di)-šu ²⁰ pa-nu-uš-šu ²⁰ ú-tir-ram-ma	
	90	ug-dap-pi-ša a-na mah-ri-ia	
	91	(nâru)ú-la-a-a a-na dan-nu-ti-šu iš-kun ^{20a}	
	92	iş-bat pa-an maš-qí-e	
	93	ina qí-bit ašur (ilu)marduk ²¹ ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) ²¹	
	94	ša ú-tak-kil-u-in-[ni]	
	95	ina itât(meš) (šal) ^{21a} damqâte(meš) ^{21a} egirri ši-pir maḥ-	
4		hi-e	
$\mathbf{\hat{S}D}$	96	ina ²² qí-rib ša ²² ²³ tíl-(âlu)tu-ba ²³ abikta-šu-nu áš-kun§	
•	97	ina (amêlu)pagrê(meš)-šu-nu (nâru)ú-la-a-a as-ki-ir	
§C	98	šal-ma-a-te-šu-nu ki-ma (işu)balti ²⁴ (işu)ašagi§	
-	99	ú-ma-al-la-a ta-mar-ti (âlu)šu-ša-an	

sweep along in the heat of the battle. ⁸²Against Teumman, king of Elam, I took the road and ⁸³made straight the way. Before me Teumman, king of Elam, ⁸⁴had made a halt in the city of Bît-Imbî. He heard of my majesty's invasion ⁸⁵of Dêr, and fear took hold of him. Teumman ⁸⁶became afraid and turned back. He entered Susa. ⁸⁷To save his life he divided silver and gold ⁸⁸among the people of his land. ⁸⁹His allies, who (usually) occupied his flanks (*lit.*, going at his side), he sent to the rear (*lit.*, turned back from before him) and ⁹⁰prepared for a battle with me. Opposite my front ⁹¹he made the Ulayya his stronghold, ⁹²seized my watering-places. ⁹³At the command of Ashur (and) Marduk, the great gods, (C adds: my lords,) ⁹⁴who strengthened me ⁹⁵through the favorable omens of a revelation, the work of an oracle-priest, ⁹⁶I accomplished his defeat at Tell-Tuba. ⁹⁷I blocked the Ulayya with their corpses. ⁹⁸Their dead bodies like weeds (*lit.*, thorns and thistles) ⁹⁹filled the plain of Susa.

Notes for Column v

¹⁹ mad- **B** (A 7979); man- **D** (K 1700).

²⁰⁻²⁰ B (A 7969) om.

^{20a} **B** (P 4) adds -ma.

 $^{^{21\}text{-}21}$ B (A 7970) D (K 1700) om.; after $rabûti(me\S)$ B (P 4) C add $b\hat{e}l\hat{e}(m[e\S)\text{-}ia].$ $^{21a\text{-}21a}$ damiqti B (P 4).

²² B (A 7970, A 7980, K 1741) om.

²³⁻²³ (âlu)tu-ba **B** (A 7947, A 7968); (âlu)tîl-[tu-ba] **B** (K 1741); [(âlu)tîl-t]u-ba **B** (P 4); [(âlu)tîl-tu-b]a **C**; text: **B** (A 7944, A 7970, A 7980). The hitherto accepted reading, (âlu)tul-li-iz, is not supported by any available sources, and the ease with which li and tu as well as iz and ba could be confused suggests that it is the error of a modern copyist. Cf. K 2674 Rev. i 15 (S. A. Smith, Die Keilschrifttexte Asurbanipals III [Leipzig, 1889] 3; Streck, Assurbanipal, pp. 310, n. 6, and 331, n. 9).

²⁴ C adds u.

Column	212
Covamin	$v\iota$

¶ C

¶D

- 1 gaggad (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
- 2 ina qf-bit ašur (ilu)marduk ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia
- 3 akkis(is) ina puhur ummanâtê(há)-šu
- 4 mi-lam-me ašur u (ilu)ištar (mâtu)elamti(ki)
- 5 is-hu-up-ma ik-nu-šu a-na ni-ri-ia
- 3 (I)um-man-¹i¹-gaš ša in-nab-tu
- 7 iş-ba-tu šêpê(II)-ia ina (işu)kussî-šu ú-še-šib
- 8 (I)tam-ma-ri-tu ahu-šu šal-ša-a-a
- 9 ina (âlu)hi-da-lu a-na šarrū-ti áš-kun
- 10 (işu)narkabâti(meš) (işu)şu-um-bi sîsê¶(meš) parê(meš)
 - 11 şi-mit-ti ni-i-ri (işu)be-li si-mat tâhâzi
 - 12 ša ina tu-kul-ti ašur ²(ilu)ištar² ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia
 - 13 bi-rit (âlu)šu-ša-an ù (nâru)ú-la-a-a ik-šu-da qâtâ(II)-a-a
 - 4 ina³ qí-bit ašur u ilâni(meš) rabûti (meš) bêlê(meš)-ia
 - 15 ul-tu qí-rib (mâtu)elamti(ki) ha-diš ú-şa-am-ma
 - 16 a-na gi-mir ummanâtê(há)-ia ša-lim-tu šak-na-at
 - 17 ina samanê(e) gir-ri-ia eli (I)du-na-nu mâr (I)bêl-iqîša(ša)
- 18 a-na (mâtu)¶gam-bu-li lu-u al-lik
 - 19 ša a-na šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) iţ-tak-lu
 - 20 la-a ik-nu-šu a-na ni-ri-ia
 - 21 ta-ḥa-zi dan-nu (mâtu4)gam-bu-lu a-na si-ḥir-ti-šu
 - 22 ki-ma imbâri ak-tum
 - 23 (âlu)ša-pi-i-(ilu)bêl âl dan-nu-ti-šu
 - 24 ša qí-rib nârê(meš) na-da-at šu-bat-su ak-šu-ud
 - 25 (I)du-na-nu aḥhê(meš)-šu ul-tu qí-rib âli šu-a-tu
- §C 26 bal-tu-su-un ú-še-sa-a§
 - 27 aššat-su mârê(meš)-šu mârâtê(meš)-šu (šal)sik-ri-ti-šu
 - 28 (amêlu)nârê(meš) (šal)nârâte(meš) ú-še-ṣa-am-ma šalla-tiš am-nu
 - 29 kaspu hurâşu bušû na-kam-ti ekalli-šu
 - 30 ú-še-şa-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu
 - 31 (amêlu)šu-ut-rêšê(meš) man-za-az pa-ni-šu (amêlu)kitkit-tu-u
 - 32 mu-ša-ki-li-e-šu [5ú-še-ṣa5]-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu
 - 33 gi-mir um-ma-[....-5šu-ni ma 5]-la ba-šu-u
 - 34 mar-kas âli u şêri ú-še-şa-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu
 - 35 alpê(meš) și-e-ni sîsê(meš) parê(meš) ša ni-ba la i-šu-u
 - 36 ú-še-şa-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu
 - 37 nišê(meš) mâti-šu zik-ra sin-niš şihir u rabi e-du ul e-zib
 - 38 ú-še-şa-am-ma šal-la-tiš am-nu

Column vi

¹The head of Teumman, king of Elam, ²at the command of Ashur (and) Marduk, the great gods, my lords, ³I cut off before his assembled troops. ⁴The splendor of Ashur and Ishtar overcame Elam, ⁵and they submitted to my yoke. ⁶Ummanigaš, who had fled (and) ⁷caught hold of my feet, I set upon his throne. ⁸Tammaritu, his third brother, ⁹I established as king in Hidalu. ¹⁰Chariots, wagons, horses, mules ¹¹broken to the yoke, weapons suited for war, ¹²which with the help of Ashur (and) Ishtar, the great gods, my lords, ¹³my hands had captured between Susa and the Ulayya—¹⁴at the command of Ashur and the great gods, my lords, ¹⁵I brought (them) out of Elam, and ¹⁶to each of my soldiers a piece of equipment was given.

¹⁷On my eighth campaign ¹⁸I marched to Gambulu against Dunanu, the son of Bêliqîša, ¹⁹who had helped the king of Elam (and) ²⁰had not submitted to my yoke. ²¹With my mighty battle array I covered all Gambulu ²²like a storm. ²³Šapîbêl, his stronghold, ²⁴which is situated in the midst of the rivers, his seat, I took. ²⁵Dunanu (and) his brothers I led forth from that city ²⁶alive. ²⁷His wife, his sons, his daughters, his concubines, ²⁸his singers, male and female—I led (them) forth and counted (them) as spoil. ²⁹Silver, gold, the treasure of his palace—³⁰I brought (it) forth and counted it as spoil. ³¹The officials who stood before him, (his) smiths, ³²his quartermasters—[I led forth] and counted (them) as spoil. ³³All [their] arti[sans], [al]l there were, ³⁴the bond of city and country—I led (them) forth, I counted (them) as spoil. ³⁵Countless cattle, sheep, horses, mules—³⁶I brought (them) forth, I counted (them) as spoil. ³⁷The people of his land, male and female, small and great, without exception, ³⁸the warriors (as well)—I

Notes for Column vi

^{1-1 -}ni- B (A 7981).

 $^{^{2-2}}$ B (K 2732) om.; B (Rm 24) adds (or substitutes?) \dot{u} .

³ B (A 7983) om.

^{4 (}âlu) B (A 7981).

⁵⁻⁵ D.

72	Histori	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	39	[6 (I)mas-si 6]-ra-a 7 (amêlu)ráb-(işu)qašti ša (I)te- um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	40	[⁶ ša a-na ⁶] kit-ri (mâtu)gam-bu-li ma-şar-ti (I)du-na-nu
$\P \mathbf{B}_{5}$ C	41	áš- $\P B_{\delta}$ bu qí-rib (âlu) ša-pi-i-(ilu) $\P C$ bêl bal-ţu-us-su ina qa-ti aš-bat
$\P \mathbf{B}_3$	42	qaqqad-su ak-kis it-ti pa-ni (I)du-na-nu kit-ri la mu-še- ¶zib-i-šu ⁸ ar-pi-is ⁹
5	43	âlu šu-a-tu ab-bul aq-qur ina mê(meš) uš-har-miţ
	44	a-di la ba-še-e ú-ša-lik
	45	na-gu-u šu-a-tu ú-šah-rib
$\S \mathbf{B}_{5}$	46	ri-gim a-me-lu-ti ap-ru-şa şîru-uš-šu§
	47	ina tu-kul-ti ašur (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû ilâni(meš) rabûti-
		(meš)
	48	¹⁰ bêlê(meš)-ia ¹⁰ (amêlu)nakrê(meš)-ia a-ni-ir
	49	šal-meš a-tu-ra a-na (âlu)ninua(ki)
	50	qaqqad (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	51	ina ki-šad (I)du-na-nu a-lul ¹¹
	52	it-ti ki-šit-ti (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	53	šal-la-at (mâtu)gam-bu-li
	54	ša ina qí-bit ašur ik-šu-da qâtâ(II)-a-a
§ C	55	it-ti (amêlu)nârê(meš) e-peš nin-gu-ti\$
	56	a-na (âlu)ninua(ki) e-ru-ub-12ma12 ina hidâte(meš)
	57	(I)um-ba-da-ra-a (I.ilu)nabû-damiq(iq)
$\S \mathbf{B_3}$	58	(amêlu)rubê(meš) ša (I)te-um§-man šàr (mâtu)elamti- (ki)
	59	ša (I)te-um-man ina qâtê(II)-šu-nu iš-pu-ra
	60	ši-pir me-ri-ih-ti ša ina mah-ri-ia ak-lu-u

led (them) forth, I counted (them) as spoil. 39 [Massi. . . .]râ, the infantry general of Teumman, king of Elam, 40[who to] assist Gambulu as guard of Dunanu 41 lived in Šapîbêl, I took alive with my own hands. ⁴²His head I cut off. In the presence of Dunanu I struck the helper who had not saved him. 48 That city I destroyed, I devastated, demolished with water, ⁴⁴annihilated (*lit.*, made it go into nonexistence). ⁴⁵That district I ruined. ⁴⁶The bustle of humanity I cut off from it. ⁴⁷With the help of Ashur, Bêl, Nabû, the great gods, ⁴⁸my lords, I wiped out my enemies 49 (and) returned safely to Nineveh. 50 The head of Teumman, king of Elam, ⁵¹I hung around the neck of Dunanu (C adds: [round the neck] of Samgunu I hung [the head of Ištarnandi]; B, adds: the head of Ištarnandi [I hung] around the neck of [Samgunu], the younge[r] brother of Dunanu). 52With the loot of Elam, 53the spoil of Gambulu, 54which at the command of Ashur my hands had captured, 55 with singers to make music, 56 I entered into Nineveh with joy. 57Umbadarâ (and) Nabûdamiq, 58nobles of Teumman, king of Elam, 59 by whose hands Teumman had dispatched 60 (his) insolent mes-

Notes for Column vi

⁶⁻⁶ D.

⁷ One is tempted to compare the name (I)MAS-da-ra-a occurring in one of the Elamite court documents ($M\acute{e}moires\ de\ la\ D\acute{e}l\acute{e}gation\ en\ Perse\ IX$, No. 259 Obv. 10); but the fragment is broken in such a way that it is difficult to decide from the traces whether the sign after si on K 1700 began with two or with three horizontal strokes. So du, da, and id are all possible; for du compare the variant Andaria-Andura in $\bf B$ iv 16 (A 7947), p. 57, n. 13.

⁸ Cf. Esarhaddon Th 1929-10-12, 1 iii 61 (Thompson, *Prisms*, p. 19).

⁹ In Esarhaddon Th 1929–10–12, 1 i 58 (Thompson, op. cit., p. 11, esp. n. 2) arpisa rittiya, which Thompson interprets as "indicating the determination to carry on the rule," is probably the same gesture of snapping the fingers which Strabo cites as marking the statue (relief?) of Sardanapalos in Anchiale (Strabo, Geography, 14 v 9, ed. H. L. Jones [London, 1929] p. 340; Streck, Assurbanipal, pp. cccxcvii ff.), and which is probably, as Eduard Meyer at first believed (Forschungen zur alten Geschichte I [Halle a.S., 1892] 204), to be explained as a gesture of invocation. As such it fits the Esarhaddon context very well.

¹⁰⁻¹⁰ C om.

¹¹ C adds [ina ki-šad] (I)sa-am-gu-nu [qaqqad (I)iš-tar-na-an-di] a-lul; B₃ adds qaqqad (I)iš-tar-na-an-di ina kišad [(I)sa-am-gu-nu] ahi (I)du-na-nu kuṭ-ṭin-n[u a-lul]. For the restorations compare K 4459 (WKA, p. 75), but also K 2674 Obv. 6 (George Smith, History, p. 141), which has Umbakidinni bear the head of Ištarnandi.

¹²⁻¹² B (A 7968) D (K 1700) om.

74	Historic	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	61	ú-qa-'-u pa-an ši-kin ţe-e-me-ia
	62	ni-kis qaqqadi (I)te-um-man bêli-šu-nu qı-rib ninua(ki)
	63	e-mu-ru-u-ma ša-ni-e ţe-e-me iş-bat-su-nu-ti
	64	(I)um-ba-da-ra-a ¹³ ib-qu-ma ¹³ ziq-na-a-šu
$\P \mathbf{K}$	65	$\P(\mathrm{I.ilu})$ nabû-damiq(iq) ina paṭri parzilli šib-bi-šu is-ḫu-la
	0.0	ka-ra-as-su
	66	ni-kis qaqqad (I)te-um-man ina tarşi abulli qabal 14âli14
	67	ša (âlu)ninua(ki) ú-maḥ-ḥi-ra maḥ-ḥu-riš
	68	áš-šu da-na-an ašur u ¹⁵ (ilu)ištar bêlê(meš)-ia nišê(meš) kul-lu-me
	69	ni-kis qaqqad (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	70	$^{16}(I)$ šuma-a- 16 mâr (I.ilu)nabû-sa-lim mâr-mâr (I.ilu)-
	Per -4	mar-duk-apla-iddin
c.D.	71	ša la-pa-an àb-abi ba-ni-ia
§D	$\frac{72}{72}$	abu-šu in-nab-tu§ a-na (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	73	ul-tu (I)um-man-i-gaš qí-rib (mâtu)elamti(ki) áš-ku-nu a-na šarru-u-ti
	74	(I)šuma-a-a mâr (I.ilu)nabû-sa-lim
	75	iş-bat ú-še-bi-la a-di mah-ri-ia
	76	(I)du-na-nu (I)sa-am-gu-nu
	77	mârê(meš) (I.ilu)bêl-iqîša(ša) (mâtu)gam-bu-la-a-a
	78	ša abbê(meš)-šu-un a-na šarrâni(meš) abbê(meš)-ia
$\P \mathbf{D}$	79	¶ú-dal-li-bu-ma ù šu-[nu]
	80	ú-nar-ri-ța e-peš šarru-ti-ia
	81	qí-rib ašur(ki) ù (âlu)arba-ilu(ki)
§D K	82	a-na da§-lál aḫ-ra-a-te ú-bil-šu-nu-ti§
	83	ša (I)man-nu-ki-aḥḥê(meš) (amêlu)šanû(u) (I)du-na-nu
	84	ù (I.ilu)nabû-ú-ṣal-li amêlu ša eli âl (mâtu)gam-bu-li
	85	ša eli ilâni(meš)-ià iq-bu-u šil-la-tu rabîtu(tu)
	86	qí-rib (âlu)arba-ilu lišân-šu-un áš-lu-up
	87	áš-hu-ta mašak-šu-un (I)du-na-nu qí-rib (âlu)ni-na-a
-	88	eli (işu)ma-ka-a-şi id-du-šum-ma
¶ C	89	it-bu-hu-uš ¶az-liš
	90	si-it-ti aḥḥê(meš)-šu ša (I)du-na-nu
	91	ù (I)šuma-a-a a-ni-ir šêrê(meš)-šu- ¹⁷ nu ¹⁷
	92	ú-še-bil a-na ta-mar-ti ma-ti-tan
	93	(I.ilu)nabû-na'id (I.ilu)bêl-eţir(ir)
	94	mârê(meš) (I.ilu)nabû-šuma-êreš(eš) (amêlu)gú-en-na
	95 06	ša abu ba-nu-šu-un (I)ur-ta-ki id-ka-a
	96 97	¹⁸ a-na ¹⁸ mit-hu-şi (mâtu)akkadî(ki) eşmâte(m[eš]) (I.ilu)nabû-šuma-êreš(eš) ša ul-tu qí-rib
	97	eșmate(miesj) (1.nu/nabu-suma-eres(es) sa ui-tu qi-rib (mâtu)gam-bu-li
	98	il-qu-u-ni a-na (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	99	eșmâte(meš) ša-a-te-na

sage, whom I had detained in my presence 61 to await my decision, ⁶²saw the severed head of Teumman, their master, in Nineveh, ⁶³and insanity seized hold of them. 64Umbadarâ tore his beard, 65Nabûdamiq pierced his abdomen with his girdle dagger. 66The severed head of Teumman I displayed conspicuously in front of the gate in the middle of the city 67 of Nineveh, 68-69 that the severed head of Teumman, king of Elam, might show forth the might of Ashur and Ishtar, my lords, to the people. ⁷⁰Sumayya, the son of Nabûsalim, the grandson of Merodachbaladan, ⁷¹whose father before (the time of) the father of the father who begat me 72 had fled to Elam—73 after I had established Ummanigaš as king in Elam, 74he took Šumayya, the son of Nabûsalim, 75 sent him into my presence. 76 Dunanu (and) Samgunu, ⁷⁷sons of Bêliqîša the Gambulean, ⁷⁸whose forefathers had made trouble for my royal ancestors, 79 and who the [msel] ves 80 had made difficult the exercise of my sovereignty, 81 to Ashur and Arbela (respectively) 82I brought them for future obedience. 83The tongues of Mannukiahhê, the lieutenant of Dunanu, 84 and Nabûşalli, a man who was over a city of Gambulu, 85 who had spoken most disrespectfully of my gods, 86I tore out in Arbela (and) 87flayed them. In Nineveh 88they threw Dunanu on a skinning-table and 89 slaughtered him like a lamb. 90 The other brothers of Dunanu 91 and Šumayya I killed, their flesh 92 I sent to be gazed at throughout the land. 93Nabûna'id (and) Bêletir, ⁹⁴sons of Nabûšumereš, the *guenna*, ⁹⁵whose father had incited Urtaku 96 to fight against Assyria—97 the bones of Nabûšumereš, which they had brought from Gambulu 98 to Assyria—99 these bones

Notes for Column vi

¹³⁻¹³ *ib-qu-u* **B** (K 2732); *ib-qu-nu* **B** (A 7968).

¹⁴⁻¹⁴ B (K 1741) om.

¹⁵ D (K 1700) om.

¹⁶⁻¹⁶ (I)TUR.UŠ-ia B (P 4).

¹⁷⁻¹⁷ B (K 1741) om.; B (Rm 27) adds ú-nak-kis.

¹⁸⁻¹⁸ B (A 7983) om.

Column vii	4	
§C	$rac{1}{2}$	mi-iḥ-rit abulli qabal (âlu)ninua(ki) ú-šaḥ-ši-la mârê(meš)-šu§
	$\begin{matrix} 3\\4\\5\end{matrix}$	(I)um-man-i-gaš ša ţa-ab-tu ma-'-as-su e-pu-šu-uš áš-ku-nu-uš a-na šarru-u-ti (mâtu)elamti(ki) ša damiqti(tim) la ḫa-as-su
	6	la iṣ-ṣu-ru a-di-e ma-mit ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš)
$\P \mathbf{D}$	7	¶ul-tu qâtâ(II) (amêlu)mâr-šiprê(meš) (I.ilu)šamaš- šuma-ukîn
	8	ahu la ki-e-nu ¹(amêlu)nakri-ia¹ im-hu-ru ţa-'-a-tu
	9	e-mu-qi-šu it-ti-šu-un iš-pu-ra
	10	a-na mit-hu-și ummanâtê(há)-ia
	11	ṣâbê(meš) tâḥâzi-ia ²ša² ina (mâtu)kár-(ilu)dun-iá-àš
	12	it-³ta-na-al³-la-ku ú-kab-⁴ba⁴-su (mâtu)kal-du
¶ C	13	ina la i-di-e și-ir $\P(I)$ un-da-si
	14	mâr (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	15	ù (I)za-za-az (amêlu)hazân (mâtu)pil-la-te
	16	(I)pa-ru-u (amêlu)ḫazân (mâtu)ḫi-il-mu
	17	(I)at-ta-me-tu (amêlu)ráb-(işu)qašti
	18	(I)ni-e-šu a-lik pa-ni ummanâte(há) ša (mâtu)elamti(ki) ⁵
	19	a-na mit-hu-uṣ-ṣi it-ti ummanâte(há) (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	20	$[^{6}(I)$ um-man-i-gaš 6 7 ú-ma 7]-'-ir-šu-nu-ti
	21	iš-kun-šu-nu-te ţe-e-mu
	22	[6(I)um-man-i-g ⁶]aš ^{7a} a-na (I)un-da-si ki-a-am ^{7a} iq-bi
	23	[6um-ma a-li6]k ultu (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)
	24	tir-ra tuk-te-e abi ba-ni-ka
	25	[6(I)un-da-su6] (I)za-za-az (I)pa-ru-u
	26	(I)at-ta-me-tu (I)ni-e-šu
	27	[⁶ it-ti ⁶] (amêlu)mâr-šiprê(meš) ⁷ b (I.ilu)šamaš-šuma-ukîn
	28	ahi nak-ri [⁶ ur-hu iş-ba ⁶]t-u-nim-ma
8.0	29	uš-te-eš-še-ru-u-ni har-ra-nu
§ C	30	[⁶ ṣâbê(meš) tâ ⁶]ḥâzi-ia ina (âlu) ⁷ °§man-gi-si ša qí-rib (âlu)su-man-dir
	31	[eli ⁸]-šu-un e-lu-nim-ma iš-ku-nu taḫ-ta-šu-un
	32	ša (I)un-da-si mâr (I)te-um-man šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	33	ša (I)za-za-az (I)pa-ru-u (I)at-ta-me-tu
	34	qaqqadê(meš)-šu-nu ik-ki-su-nim-ma
	35	ú-bil-u-ni a-di maḥ-ri-ia
	36	šu-ut a-ma-a-ti an-na-a-te
	37	(amêlu)mâr-šipri-ia ú-ma-'-ir şi-ir (I)um-man- ⁹ i ⁹ -gaš
	38	(amêlu)šu-ut-rêši-ia ša áš-bu i-[¹¹na (âlu)man-gi¹¹]-si ik-la-ma
	39	la ú-tir-ra tur-ti a-mat-ia

Column vii

¹before the gate in the middle of Nineveh ²I had his sons crush.

³Ummanigaš, for whom I had done many favors, ⁴whom I had established as king of Elam, 5who was not mindful of the favors, 6did not keep the oath (and) curse of the great gods, 7(but) accepted a bribe from the hand of an emissary of Šamaššumukin, 8the faithless brother, my enemy. ⁹He sent his forces with them ¹⁰to fight my troops, ¹¹my warriors, who were marching about in Karduniash. ¹²They tramped through Chaldea, 13 without its being known, toward Undasi, ¹⁴the son of Teumman, king of Elam; ¹⁵and Zazaz, mayor of Pillate, ¹⁶Parû, mayor of Hilmu, ¹⁷Attametu, general of infantry, ¹⁸(and) Nêšu, commander of the armies of Elam—(C adds: to Šamaššumukin's assistance) ²⁰[Ummanigaš dispa]tched them, ²¹gave them the order ¹⁹to fight against the Assyrians. ²²[Ummanig]aš spoke [thus] to Undasi: ²³"[G]o. from Assyria 24bring back revenge for the father who begat thee." ²⁵[Undasu,] Zazaz, Parû, ²⁶Attametu, Nêšu, ²⁷[with] the messengers of Šamaššumukin, ²⁸(my) hostile brother, [to]ok [the road] and ²⁹made straight the way. 30My [warri]ors in Mangisi, which is in Sumandir, ³¹went up [against] them and accomplished the defeat ³²of Undasu, son of Teumman, king of Elam, 33Zazaz, Parû, (and) Attametu. 34Their heads they cut off and 35 brought before me. 36 Concerning these words ³⁷I dispatched my messenger to Ummanigaš. ³⁸My officer who dwelt i[n Mangi]si he restrained, and 39he did not return an answer to my

Notes for Column vii

¹⁻¹ bêl nak-ri-ia **B** (A 7947); bêl (amêlu)nakri-ia **B** (A 7969).

²⁻² **B** (A 7969, A 7983) om.

³⁻³-tal- B (A 7947).

⁴⁻⁴⁻bi- B (A 7983).

⁵ C adds a-na ri-șu-[ut (I.ilu)šamaš-šuma-ukîn].

⁶⁻⁶ C.

⁷⁻⁷ Conjectural; George Smith, *History*, p. 172.

 $^{^{7}a-7a}$ ki-a-[am a-na (I)un-da-si] C.

⁷ь С adds ša.

^{70 (}mâtu) **C**.

⁸ Conjectural.

^{9-9 -}ni- B (A 7981).

¹⁰⁻¹⁰ Conjectural; suggested by Dr. George Cameron.

78 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû (ilu)nergal ¶ C [ilâni¹¹]¶(meš) ti-ik-li-ia di-in kit-ti 42 it-ti (I)um-man-ni¹²-gaš i-di-nu-in-ni $\P F F_2 A$ 43 ¶(I)tam-ma-ri-tu şîru-uš-šu ib-bal-kit-ma 44 ša-a-šu ga-du kim-ti-šu ú-ra-sip¹³ ina (işu)kakkê(meš)¹⁴ 45 (I)tam-ma-ri-tu ša 15e-la ša-šu iq-şu15 §F F₂ A 46 16ú-šib16 ina (işu)kussî (mâtu)elamti(ki)§17 47 ki-ma ša-a-šu-ma^{17a} ţa-'-a-ti im-hur $\P A$ ¶ul¹⁸ ¹⁹iš-al¹⁹ šu-lum šarrû-ti-ia 48 $\P B_5 F F_2 \S C$ \P^{20} a-na 20 ²¹kit-ri 21 (I§.ilu)šamaš-šuma-ukîn 4950 ahi ²²la ki-e-nu²² il-lik-am-ma 51 a-na mit-hu-şi ummanâtê(há)-ia ur-ri-ha (işu)kakkê-52ina²³ su-up-pi-e ša ašur u (ilu)ištar ú-sap-pu-u ¶C 53 ²⁴ta-ni-hi-ia im-hu-ru²⁴ iš-mu-u ²⁵zi-kir ¶šapti-ia²⁵ $\S F F_2 A$ 54 ²⁶ardâni(meš)-šu²⁶ şîru-uš-šu ib-bal-²⁷ki-tu²⁷-ma§ 55 a-ha-meš ú-ra-si-bu bêl ^{27a}(šal)limutti^{27a}-ia 56 (I)in-da-bi-gaš arad-su ša si-hu 57 eli-šu ú-šab-šu-u ú-šib ina (işu)kussî-šu 58 (I)tam-ma-ri-tu šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) $\S \mathbf{B}_5$ 59 ša ²⁸me-ri-ih-tu iq §-bu-u 60 e-li ni-kis qaqqadi (I)te-um-man²⁸ 61 ša ik-ki-su a-hu-ru-u ummanâtê(há.meš)-ia 62 ù aḥḥê(meš) qin-nu-šu zêr bît a-bi-šu 63 it-ti 85 rubê(meš) ša (mâtu)elamti(ki) a-li-kut idî(II.meš)-šu ša la-pa-an (işu)kakkê(meš) ašur u (ilu)ištar δC 65 ²⁹ip-par-ši-du²⁹ ip-par §-šu-nim-ma 66 a-na da-lál ilu-u-ti-šu-un 30rabîti(ti)30 67 it-ti (I.ilu)marduk-šarra-uşur (amêlu)šu-ut-rêši-ia 68 ša ib-ši-mu-šu ina da-na-ni

69 mi-ra-nu-uš-šu-un ina muhhi lìb-bi-šu-nu

Edition B

words. 40 Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, Nergal, 41 [the gods] who helped me, returned a righteous verdict ⁴²against Ummanigaš. ⁴⁸Tammaritu, even worse than he, 46 seated himself on the throne of Elam. ⁴⁷Like him he accepted bribes, ⁴⁸failed to ask after my health, ⁴⁹marched to the aid of Šamaššumukin, ⁵⁰the faithless brother, and ⁵¹hastened his weapons to fight my troops. ⁵²In answer to my prayers which I addressed to Ashur and Ishtar, 53they received my petitions, heard the cry of my lips. ⁵⁴His servants (Indabigaš, his servant, F [F₂] A) revolted against him, and 55 they killed one another off. My enemy, ⁵⁶Indabigaš, his servant, who had instigated the revolt ⁵⁷against him, seated himself upon the throne. 58 Tammaritu, king of Elam, 59 who had spoken insolence 60 concerning the severed head of Teumman, ⁶¹which a common soldier in my army had cut off, ⁶²and his brothers, his family, the seed of his father's house, 63 together with eighty-five nobles of Elam who walked at his side, 64who before the weapons of Ashur and Ishtar 65had fled, hastened and, 66to revere their great divinity, 67 with Mardukšarrusur, my officer, 68 whom they had urged by force, ⁶⁹naked (lit., in their nakedness) on their bellies ⁷⁰crept to

Notes for Column VII

```
<sup>11</sup> Conjectural; cf. l. 74.
12 Sic!
<sup>13</sup> F (A 8052) adds -su.
14 A adds arkânu.
<sup>15-15</sup> arka (I)um-man-i-gaš \mathbf{F} \mathbf{F}_2 \mathbf{A}.
<sup>16-16</sup> ú-ši-bu F F<sub>2</sub> A.
<sup>17</sup> F F<sub>2</sub> A om. l. 47; F F<sub>2</sub> om. l. 48.
<sup>17a</sup> C seems to have added a few words, now lost, at this point.
<sup>18</sup> la A.
19-19 iš-a-lu A.
20-20 ša a-na F F<sub>2</sub>.
21-21 ri-şu-u-te F F2 A.
<sup>22-22</sup> nak-ri A (Rm 1).
<sup>23</sup> a-na B (K 1741).
<sup>24-24</sup> un-nin-ni-ia il-qu-u B<sub>5</sub> A; F F<sub>2</sub> om.
<sup>25-25</sup> un-ni-ni-ia \mathbf{F} [\mathbf{F}_2].
^{26-26} ard\hat{a}ni(meš) B (K 1741); (I) in-da-bi-gaš arad-su F [F<sub>2</sub>] A.
27-27 -kit- F F<sub>2</sub> A.
<sup>27a-27a</sup> damiqti(tim)- D (K 1700).
^{28-28} e-li ni-kis [qaqqad (I)te-um-man] me-ri-ih-[tu] ša iq-[bu-u] \mathbf{B}_{5}.
<sup>29-29</sup> B (A 7930) D (P 5) om.
<sup>30-30</sup> B (A 7981) om.
```

80	Histori	CAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL
	70	ip-ši-lu-nim-ma ³¹ iş-ba-tu šêpê(II) šarrû-ti-ia
	71	(I)tam-ma-ri-tu a-na e-peš ardû³¹a-ti-ia ra-man-šu im-nu- ma
	72	ana kat-a-ri-šu ú-ṣal-la-a bêlu-u-ti
	73	šu-ut ana bêl šu-ut-rêši-ia ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû
	74	ilâni(meš) tik-li-ia ana pâna-a-a ri-bi-ia i-ri-bu-u-ni
	75	(I)tam-ma-ri-tu nišê(meš) ma-la it-ti-šu
	76	qí-rib ekalli-ia ul-zi-is-su-nu-ti
¶ C	77	(I)in-da-bi-gaš ša arka ¶(I)tam-ma-ri-tu
	78	ú-ši-bu ina (iṣu)kussî (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	79	da-na-an (işu)kakkê(meš)-ia ³¹¹i-di-e³¹¹b-ma
§ C	80	ša ú-šam-ri-ru eli (mâtu)elamti(ki) §
	81	mârê(meš) (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) ša áš-pu-ra
	82	a-na kit-ri (I.ilu)nabû-bêl-šumâte(meš)
¶ C	83	mâr (I.ilu)¶marduk-apla-iddin ša kîma ib-ri u tap-pi-e
$\mathbf{\S}\mathbf{D}$	84	na-şar mâti§-šu it-ta-na-al-la-ku it-ti-šu
	85	ša (I.ilu)nabû-bêl-šumâte(meš) ina pi-ir-ṣa-a-ti
	86	ina šat mu-ši uṣ-ṣab-bi-tu ik-lu-u ina ki-li
	87	(I)in-da-bi-gaš šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki)
	88	ul-tu bît și-bit-ti ú-še-șa-áš-šu-nu-ti
	89	ki-i şa-bat ab-bu-ut-ti qa-bi-e (šal)damiqti-šu
	90	la ha-ți-e mi-șir mâti-šu
	91	ina qât [(II)] (amêlu)mâr-šipri-šu ša ţu-[³²ub lìb-bi³²] u sulum-me-e
§ C	92	ú-še-bi-la [a]-di maḥ-ri-ia§
	93	[³³ (I)ia-u-ta- ^{'33}] mâr (I)ḥa-za-ilu
	94	šàr (mâtu)qa-da-ri [33e-peš ardû33]-ti-ia
	95	[33áš-šu ilâni33](meš)-šu im-hur-an-ni-ma
	96	[³³ ú-ṣal-la ³³]-a šarru-u-ti
	97	šu[33m ilâni(meš) rabûti33](meš) ú-ša-[az]-kir-šu-ma
	98	(ilu)a-[33tar-sa-ma-in33]ú-tir-ma a-din-šu
$\P \mathbf{A}$	99	¶ ³⁴ ar-k[³⁵ a-nu ³⁴ ina ³⁵] a-di-ia ih- ³⁶ ți-a-ma ³⁶

me and took hold of my royal feet. ⁷¹Tammaritu counted himself to the number of my servants and ⁷²besought my lordship to deal kindly with him. ⁷³Himself Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, ⁷⁴the gods, my strength, to the master of my officers... before me. ⁷⁵Tammaritu (and) the people, as many as (were) with him—⁷⁶I stationed them in my palace. ⁷⁷⁻⁷⁸Indabigaš, who sat on the throne of Elam after Tammaritu, ⁷⁹recognized the power of my arms, ⁸⁰which I had made bitter against Elam. ⁸¹The Assyrians whom I had sent ⁸²to help Nabûbêl-šumâte, ⁸³son of Merodachbaladan, who like a friend and companion ⁸⁴walked about with him, guarding the country, ⁸⁵whom Nabûbêlšumâte through deceit ⁸⁶had seized during the night (and) forcibly restrained—⁸⁷Indabigaš, king of Elam, ⁸⁸let them go forth out of prison. ⁸⁹To take my side, to express his friendly regard, ⁹⁰that he would not overstep the boundary of his land—⁹¹(this assurance) by the hand of his messenger of go[od faith] and friendship ⁹²he transmitted [t]o me.

⁹³[Yauta'], the son of Hazael, ⁹⁴king of Kedar, [who serve]d me, ⁹⁵appealed to me [about] his [god]s and ⁹⁶[besough]t my lordship. ⁹⁷I made him pro[n]ounce the oat[h of the great gods] and ⁹⁸returned A[tarsamain] to him. ⁹⁹La[ter] he violat[ed] (his) oath to me and

Notes for Column vii

³¹ Dr. Geers has called the writer's attention to the following parallels: S. Smith, First Campaign of Sennacherib (London, 1921) l. 80; Thureau-Dangin, Une relation de la huitième campagne de Sargon (Paris, 1912) ll. 58, 345; AJSL XXXIV 236.

³¹a **D** (P 5) adds (meš).

³¹b-31b e-mur- C.

³²⁻³² Conjectural.

³³⁻³³ Restored after George Smith, History, p. 283.

¹⁴⁻³⁴ ša A.

³⁵⁻³⁵ Restored after George Smith, History, p. 284.

^{36-36 -}tu-u A.

Column viii		
	1	ţâbti¹ la ²iṣ-ṣur-ma² is-la-a (iṣu)nîr be-lu-ti-ia
	2	a-na ša-'-al šul-me-ia šêpê(II)-šu ip-ru-us-ma
§ A	3	ik-la-[a] ta-mar-ti§
	4	nišê(meš) (mâtu)a-ri-bi it-ti-šu ú-ša-bal-kit-ma
	5	ih-ta-nab-ba-tu hu-bu-ut (mâtu)amurri(ki)
	6	ummanâtê(ḫá)-ia [ša ina mi]-șir mâti-šu áš-bu
	7	ú-ma-'-[e]-ra și-ru-uš-šu
$\P \mathbf{D} \mathbf{A}$	8	¶Dabikta-šu-nu [³iš-ku-n³]u ¶Anišê(meš) (mâtu)a-ri-bi
§ A	9	ma-la 4 it-b[5 u-u-ni 5] ú-ra- 6 si-bu 6 ina (işu)kakkê(meš)§ 7
$\P \mathbf{A}$	10	¶(bît-şêri)kul-ta-ri³ mu-ša-bi-šu-nu
§ A	11	[5(ilu)GIŠ.BAR5] ú-[ša]-ḫi-zu 9ip-qí-du a-na9 (ilu)GIŠ.BAR§
	12	alpê(meš) și-e-[ni] (imêru)mûrê(meš) (imêru)gamallê-
		(meš)
	13	a-me-lu-tu iš-lu-lu-u-ni ina la me-ni
$\P \mathbf{A}$	14	si-hi-ip mâti ¶ka-la-mu a-na si-hir-ti-¹ºša¹º
	15	un-ta-11na11-al-lu-u a-na paṭ gim-ri-ša
	16	(imêru)gamallê(meš) ki-ma şi-e-ni ú-par-ri-is
	17	[5ú-za5]-'-iz a-na nišê(meš) (mâtu)aš-šur(ki)12
	18	1
		½ šiqlu kás-pi
	19	[⁵ i-ša ⁵]m-mu i-na bâb ma-hi-ri
	20	şu-tam-mu ina ni-id-ni (amêlu)sîrâšû ^{13a} ina (karpatu)ḫa-
		bi-e
	21	(amêlu)lakuruppu ina ki-i-ši¹⁴ im-da-na-ḫa-ru
	22	[5(imêru)ibi5]lê(meš) ù a-me-lu-ti
	23	[15(I)ia-u-ta-' a-di ¹⁵]
		$(işu)$ kakk \hat{c}^{18} (meš)- ia^{18}

Column viii

1showed no regard for my favors and threw off the yoke of my dominion. ²He restrained his feet from asking my health and ³kept bac[k] from me (his) gifts. The people of Arabia he incited to revolt with him, and 5they repeatedly plundered Amurru. 6My troops [which] dwelt [in the ter]ritory of his land I dispatched against him. Their (i.e., the Arabians') defeat they [accomplished]; and the people of Arabia, as many as had adv[anced] (A adds: with him), they struck down with weapons. ¹⁰The tents (B variant adds: [of Ara]bia), their dwellings, ¹¹[they selt on [fire], allotted (them) to the flames. ¹²Cattle, shee[p], asses, camels, (and) ¹³slaves without number they took. ¹⁴The whole territory of my land in its entirety 15they filled (with them) to its farthest border. ¹⁶Camels I distributed like sheep, ¹⁷[divi]ded (them) among the people of Assyria. ¹⁸Throughout my land camels [were bo]ught for a shekel and a half of silver ¹⁹at the gate of barter. ²⁰The sutammu as pay, the brewer for a tun (of beer), ²¹the gardener as wages, received ²²[cam]els and slaves. ²³[Yauta', together with] the rest of the Arabians (his troops who had not kept my oath A) who had fled before my weapons (the weapons of Ashur, my lord, and run away

Notes for Column viii

- ¹ A adds e-pu-šu-uš.
- ²⁻² iş-şur-u-ma A.
- 3-3 Restored after George Smith, History, p. 285.
- 4 A adds it-ti-šu.
- 5-5 A.
- 6-6 -as-sip A.
- ⁷ A inserts a two-line addition.
- ⁸ B (A 7938) adds -bi.
- 9-9 ig-mu-u ina A.
- 10-10 B (A 7925) A -sá.
- ¹¹⁻¹¹ **B** (A 7947) **A** om.
- 12 A adds ina.
- 13 A om.
- ^{13a} So Bauer, p. 2, note to A ix 50.
- 14 A adds -šu ša ú-kin.
- 15-15 Restored after A.
- 16-16 (amêlu)ummanâtê(há)-šu ša a-di-ia la iş-şu-ru A.
- ¹⁷ (mâtu) **B** (A 7981).
- 18-18 ağur bêli-ia A.

84	HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL			
§ A	24 25 26 27 28 29	ip-par-ši-du ¹⁹ ú-šam-qit ²⁰ (ilu)ira(ra) qar-du su-un-qu ina bi-ri-šu-un iš-ša-kin-ma a-na bu-ri-šu-nu e-ku-lu šêrê ²¹ (meš) ²¹ mârê(meš)-šu-un ²² ar-ra-a-ti ma-la ina a-di-šu-un šaṭ-ru ina pi-it-ti i-ši-mu-š[u] ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš ²³ (ilu)bêl ²⁴ (ilu)nabû (ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) ²⁵ (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu(ki)§ ilâni(meš)		
$\P \mathbf{A}$	30	rabûti(meš) bêlê(meš)-ia $\P^{26}(I)$ ia-u-ta-' 26 ma-ru-uš-tu		
\P C \S A	31	im-hur-šu-¶ma e-diš-ši-šu in-na-bit§ ²⁷		
	32	$(I)a$ -bi-a-28 te^{28} -' $mar(I)te$ -'-ri		
	33	a-na (âlu)ninua(ki) il-li-kam-ma ú-na-áš-šiq šêpê(II)-ia		
	34	a-di-e a-na e-peš ardû-ti-ia it-ti-šu áš-kun		
	35	ku-um (I)ia-u-ta-' áš-kun-šu a-na šarru-u-ti		
	36	hurâşu (abnu)ênâte(II.meš) (abnu)ud.Aš gu-uh-lu		
	~=	(imêru)gamallê(meš)		
	37	imêrê(meš) bît-ri-du-ti man-da-at-tu šat-ti-šam-ma		
	38	ú-kin şîru-uš-šu		
	39	(I)am-mu-la-ad-di-in šàr (mâtu)qa-ad-ri ša ki-ma ša-a-šu ik-[²⁹ ki-ru ²⁹]		
	40	ih-ta-nab-ba-tu hu-bu-ut (mâtu)amurri(ki)		
	41	ina zi-kir šumi-ia ša ašur (ilu)sîn [29(ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl ²⁹] (ilu)nabû		
	42	(ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) ³⁰ (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-[³¹ ilu(ki) (ilu)nínurta (ilu) ³¹ ²⁹ nergal (ilu)girru ²⁹] ³²		
§ C	43	(I)ka-ma-as-hal-ta-a šàr (mât[²9u)ma-'§-a-ab²9]		
30	44	ardu da-gil pa-ni-ia		
	45	ina tâhâz şêri iš-ku-nu abikta-šu		
	46	(I)am-mu-l[³³ a-di ³³] si-it-ti nišê(meš)-šu		
	47	ša la-p[³³a-an da-a-ki³³] i-ši-tu-u-ni		
	48	$\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ -sab-b[34it ina qâtâ(II)34]		
	49	qâtâ(II) u šêpâ(II) bi-ri-tu parz[³⁴illi ³⁵id³⁵-di-ma³⁴]		
	50	a-na (âlu)ninua(ki) a-di maḥ-ri-[³⁴ia ú-še-bi-la³⁴]		
$\P \mathbf{A}$	51	¶(I)na-at-nu šàr (mâtu)na-b[34a-a-a-ti34]		

from them A), ²⁴mighty Ira struck down. ²⁵Famine broke out among them, and ²⁶to still their hunger they ate the flesh of their children. ²⁷The curses, as many as were written in their oath, ²⁸Ashur, Sîn, Samaš (A adds: Adad), Bêl, Nabû, 29Ishtar of Nineveh (A adds: the Queen of Kidmuri), Ishtar of Arbela (A adds: Ninurta, Nergal, Nusku), the great gods, 30my lords, brou[g]ht upon them suddenly. (As for) Yauta', evil ³¹befell him, and he fled by himself (C A add: to Nabatea). ³²Abiate', the son of Te'ri, ³³came to Nineveh and kissed my feet. ³⁴I made an oath-bound treaty with him that he should serve me, ³⁵put him in place of Yauta' as king. ³⁶Gold, "eye"-stones, UD.Aš stone, antimony, camels, and 37stud-asses as annual tribute 38I laid upon him. 39 Ammuladdin, king of Kedar, who like him was hostile (and) ⁴⁰plundered Amurru—⁴¹by the mention of my name (and the names) of Ashur, Sîn, [Šamaš, Bêl,] Nabû, ⁴²Ishtar of Nineveh (C adds: the Queen of Kidmuri), Ishtar of Arbella, Ninurta, Nergal, (and) Girrul (C adds: [who make] great [my reign]) 43Kamashaltâ, king of [Moab], 44a servant subject to me, 45 accomplished his defeat in a pitched battle. ⁴⁶Ammul[adi] (and) the rest of his people ⁴⁷who had escaped be[fore the shambles] 48he captu[red with (his own) hands]. 49Hand and foot [he bound (them)] with ir[on] fetters and ⁵⁰[had them brought] to Nineveh into [my] presence. 51Nathan, king of Nab[atea], 52whose

Notes for Column viii

```
19 A adds -ma in-nab-tu-ni ma-har-šu-nu.
```

²⁰ A adds -su-nu-ti.

²¹⁻²¹ A om.

²² A (Rm 1) adds ina.

²³ A adds (ilu)adad.

²⁴ B (A 7998) adds u.

²⁵ A adds (ilu)šar-rat kid-mu-ri.

²⁶⁻²⁶ (I) ú-a-a-te-' A.

²⁷ C A add a-na (mâtu)na-ba-a-a-te.

²⁸⁻²⁸ -ta- B (A 7927; 81-7-27, 10).

²⁹⁻²⁹ C.

³⁰ C adds [(ilu)šar]-rat kid-mu-ri.

⁸¹ Conjectural.

³² C adds [ša šarru-u-ti ú]-šar-bu-u (for the restoration ef. B i 10).

³³⁻³³ K 4459 (WKA, p. 75).

³⁴⁻³⁴ D.

³⁵⁻³⁵ ad- K 4687 (WKA, p. 74).

86	HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL		
	52	ša a-šar-šu ru-u-qu³6	
	53	37 iš-ma-a 37 da-na-[an] ašur 38 (ilu)marduk 38 ša ú-t[39 ak-	
		$kil^{-40}u^{39}$]- in^{40} - ni	
	54	ša ma-ti-ma ⁴¹ (amêlu)mâr-šipri-[šu]	
	55	$[^{42}a-na^{42}]$ šarrâni $(me[^{42}š)$ abbê $(meš)^{42}]$ -ia 41 la iš-pu-ra	
$\S \mathbf{A}$	56	la i[š-a]-lum šu-lum [⁴² šarru-ti-šu-un ⁴²]§	
	57	e-nin-na ia-a-ti (amêlu)mâr-šipri-šu [42ša šul-me42]	
¶ C	58	¶iš-pu-[42ram-ma ú-na-áš42]-šiq šêpê(II)-ia	
	59	a-na ša-kan a-di-e su-lum-me-e [42e-peš ardû-ti-ia42]	
	60	ú-ṣa-na-al-la-a be-lu-u-ti	
	61	a-na-ku ḫa-diš ap-pa-lis-s[42u-ma42]	
§ C	62	pa-ni§-ia damqâti(meš) eli-šu áš-[kun]	
$\mathbf{\S}\mathbf{D}$	63	bilat man-da-at-tu šat-ti-šam-ma ú-kin şîru-uš-šu§	
	64	ina ûmê(me)-šu-ma êkal ma-šár-ti ⁴³ ša qí-rib ninua(ki)	
	65	ša (I.ilu)sîn-aḥḥê(meš)-irîba šàr (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) àb-abi	
		bâni-ia	
	66	e-pu-šu la-ba-riš il-lik-am-ma tim-me-en-šu ir-bu-ub-ma	
	67	i-qu-pa igarâtê(meš)-šu	
	68	êkal ma-šár-ti šu-a-tu ša la-ba-riš il-la-ku	
	69	e-na-hu ušši-šu mi-qit-ta-šu ad-qí	
	70	ak-šu-da a-sur-ru-šu ultu ušši-šu	
	71	a-di gaba-dib-bi-e-šu ar-ṣip ú-šak-lil	
	72	e-li ša ûmê(me) pa-ni ú-dan-ni-na tim-me-en-šu	
	73	mu-šar-u ši-tir šumi-ia u ta-nit-ti qar-ra-du-ti-ia	
	74	ina tukul-ti ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû	
	75	(ilu)ištar ša ninua(ki) (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu (ilu)- nínurta	
	76	(ilu)nusku (ilu)nergal ina mâtâte at-tal-la-ku	
	77	áš-ku-nu da-na-an ù li-i-tu	
	78	áš-țur-ma ana 44 aḥ-rat ûmê(me) e-zib 45 rubû arkû(u)45	

(dwelling-)place was afar off (A adds: to whom Uayyate' had fled), ⁵³heard of the powe[r] of Ashur (and) Marduk, who str[engthened] me, and ⁵⁴he, who previously had not sent [his] ambassador ⁵⁵[to] my roya[l ancestors], ⁵⁶had not a[s]ked the health of [their majesties], ⁵⁷now se[nt to me] his ambassador [of peace] ⁵⁸[and kiss]ed my feet. ⁶⁰He besought my majesty ⁵⁹to establish an oath-bound covenant of brotherhood (and) [the performance of my service]. ⁶¹I looke[d] upon him graciously [and] ⁶²turned my favoring countenance upon him. ⁶³A tribute of yearly presents I imposed upon him.

⁶⁴At that time the storehouse-palace which (is) in Nineveh, ⁶⁵which Sennacherib, king of Assyria, father of the father who begat me, ⁶⁶had erected, had grown old and its base had become shaky, so that ⁶⁷its walls were about to collapse. ⁶⁸That storehouse-palace which had grown old, ⁶⁹whose foundation was dilapidated—I cleared away its ruined parts, ⁷⁰I found its retaining walls. From its foundation ⁷¹to its cornice I built it completely. ⁷²Stronger than formerly I made its base. ⁷³A memorial inscribed with my name and the praise of my heroism— ⁷⁴(how) with the help of Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, ⁷⁶Ishtar of Nineveh, Ishtar of Arbela, Ninurta, ⁷⁶Nusku, (and) Nergal I walked back and forth in the lands, ⁷⁷established (my) power and authority— ⁷⁸I wrote and left (it) for the days to come. Let a later prince (Let in later days (my) sons, grandsons, [son]s, and sons B variant) ⁷⁹among my

Notes for Column VIII

³⁶ A adds ša (I)u-a-a-te-' ina $\langle a$ -na A $(var.) \rangle$ mah-ri-šu in-nab-tu.

³⁷⁻³⁷ iš-me-e-ma A.

³⁸⁻³⁸ A om.

³⁹⁻³⁹ George Smith, History, p. 289.

^{10-40 -}an- A.

⁴¹⁻⁴¹ a-na šarrâni(meš) abê(meš)-ia (amêlu)mâr-šipri-šu D A.

⁴²⁻⁴² D.

⁴³ The writer shares the opinion of Dr. Geers that the word is to be read mašartu rather than maķirtu and that the term is to be derived from ašāru, "to be concerned about," "to care for," the word which Sennacherib uses to describe the purpose of the structure (ana šutėšur karāši; Luckenbill, Annals of Sennacherib, p. 128, l. 39; p. 131, l. 55).

⁴⁴ ina B (A 7930).

⁴⁵⁻⁴⁵ a-na arkât ûmê(me) mârê(meš) mâr-mârê(meš) [mârê](meš) ù mârê(meš) B (A 7930); [...] ù mârê(meš) B (105323). For the restoration of A 7930 cf. Th 1929-10-12, 2 vi 28 (p. 4, n. 17).

- 79 ina46 šarrâni(meš) mârê(meš)-ia ša ašur u (ilu)ištar
- 80 a-na be-lut mâti u nišê(meš)
- 81 i-nam-bu-u zi-kir-šu e-nu-ma
- 82 êkal ma-šár-te šu-a-tu i-lab-bi-ru-ma en-na-hu
- 83 an-hu-us-su lu-ud-diš
- 84 mu-šar-u ši-ţir šumi-ia
- 85 li-mur-ma šamnê(meš) lip-šu-uš (immeru)niqê liq-q1
- 86⁴⁷ it-ti mu-šar-e ši-ţir šumi-šu ù šum (I.ilu)sîn-aḥḫê(meš)irîba
- 87⁴⁸ àb-abi-ia [a-na áš-ri-šu ⁴⁹lu-ti]r-ma⁴⁹ liš-kun ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš)
- 88 ma-la ina mu-šar-e an-ni-e šat-ru
- 89⁵⁰ [⁵¹šarru-us-su lik-tar-ra-bu⁵¹]
- 90 [lim-gu]-ru ašri-šu da-na-nu u li-i-tu
- 91 ša mu-šar-u ši-ţir šumi-ia⁵² ib-ba-tu
- 92 53 ina mimma ši-pir ni-kil-ti ú-hal- 53a li 53a -qu 53
- 93 it-ti mu-šar-ri-e ši-[ţir] šumi-šu la i-šak-ka-nu
- 94 ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) 54ša54 šamê(e) u irşiti(tim)
- 95 ⁵⁵ag-giš li-ru-ru-šu⁵⁵ šarru-us-su lis-ki-pu
- 96 šum-šu zêr-šu ina mâti lu-hal-li-qu
- 97 (arhu) abu ûmu [...] (kám)
- 98 lim-mu (I)ahi-ila-a-a
- 99 (amêlu)ša-kì[n] (âlu)gar-ga-miš⁵⁶

royal descendants, whose names Ashur and Ishtar ⁸⁰for the dominion of (my) land and people ⁸¹will nominate, when ⁸²that storehouse-palace shall have grown old and dilapidated, ⁸³restore its ruins. ⁸⁴The memorial inscribed with my name ⁸⁵let him behold, anoint (it) with oil, offer sacrifice; ⁸⁶with the memorial inscribed with his name and the name of Sennacherib, ⁸⁷my grandfather, [let him retu]rn (it) [to its place] and set (it) up. May the great gods, ⁸⁸as many as are written in this memorial, ⁸⁹[incline to his majesty,] ⁹⁰[permit] power and strength [to be]fall his position. ⁹¹Whoso destroys (this) memorial inscribed with my name (B variant adds: and the name of [my grandfather]), ⁹²(or) through some deceitful machination permits it to become lost, ⁹³(or) does not set it up beside the memorial insc[ribed] with his name —⁹⁴may the great gods of (inhabiting B variant) heaven and earth ⁹⁵curse him in wrath, smite down his kingship, ⁹⁶eradicate his name (and) his seed out of the land.

⁹⁷Month of Ab, [...]th day, ⁹⁸eponymy of Ahilayya, ⁹⁹vicer[oy] of Carchemish.

Notes for Column vIII

⁴⁶ **B** (105323) om.

 $^{^{47}}$ B (105323) om. l. 86. For a variant version of ll. 86 ff. as contained in A 7933 see p. 90.

 $^{^{48}}$ For variant versions of ll. 87–91 and 87(?)–90, in A 7938+105323 and K 1741 respectively, see p. 92.

⁴⁹⁻⁴⁹ B (A 7937) om.

⁵⁰ For a variant version of Il. 89–93 as contained in A 7937 see p. 90.

⁵¹⁻⁵¹ Cf. infra, K 1741, line e.

⁵² **B** (K 1741) adds *u šu-me* [àb-abi-ia].

⁵³⁻⁵³ **B** (A 7935) om.

^{53a-53a} -la- B (105323).

⁵⁴⁻⁵⁴ a-ši-bu-ti B (A 7937).

^{55-55 [}B (A 7938)] om.

⁵⁶ Dating of A 7938.

ADDITIONAL DATINGS

[(arhu) lim-mu (I)aḥi-ila]-a-a [(amêlu)ša-kìn (âlu)gar]-ga-miš¹

(arhu)siwân [lim-mu (I)] (amêlu)ša-kìn (â[lu)] 2

(arhu)du'uzi lim-mu [(I)bêl-šu-nu(?)] (amêlu)ša-kìn (âlu)h[i](?)-i[n(?)-da-na]³

(arhu)
abu [ûmu (kám)] lim-mu (I)bêl-šu-nu [(amêlu)ša-kìn (âlu)hi-in-da-na] 4

[arhu] ûmu 8(k[ám]) [lim-mu (I)bêl]-šu-nu [(amêlu)ša-kìn (âlu)hi]-in-da-na^{4a}

VARIANT CONCLUSIONS⁵

A 7933 (corresponding to ll. 86 ff.)

- a [a-na áš-ri-šu lu]-tir ki-i ša a-na-ku
- b [mu-šar-u ši-țir šu-me (I.ilu)sîn-aḥhê](meš)-irîba 6àb-abi-ia6
- c [a-mu-ru-ma šamnê(meš) ap-šu-šu (immeru)niqê aq]-qu-u
- d [it-ti mu-šar-e ši-ţir šumi-ia áš-ku]-nu [Remainder of column broken off]

A 7937 (corresponding to 11.89-93)

- a [ki-ma ia-a]-ti-ma liz-ku-ru-uš da-na-nu li-i-tu
- b [ša mu-šar]-u ši-ţir šumi-ia ib-ba-tu
- c [it-ti mu]-šar-i-šu la i-šak-ka-nu [ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) a-ši]-bu-ti šamê(e) etc.

Edition B

ADDITIONAL DATINGS

[Month of , eponymy of Aḥil]ayya, [viceroy of Car]chemish. Month of Siwân, [eponymy of], viceroy of [. . . .].

Month of Tammuz, eponymy of [Bêlšunu(?)], viceroy of Hi[ndana(?)].

Month of Ab, [... day,] eponymy of Bêlšunu, [viceroy of Hindana].

[Month of], 8t[h] day, [eponymy of Bêl]šunu, [viceroy of H]indana.

VARIANT CONCLUSIONS

A 7933

^a[Let him] restore (it) [to its place] even as I ^b[beheld the memorial inscribed with the name of Sennach]erib my grandfather ^c[and anointed (it) with oil and of]fered [sacrifice] ^d[(and) placed (it) [beside the memorial inscribed with my name].

[Remainder of column broken off]

A 7937

*May they pronounce to him strength (and) authority even [as (they did) to m]e. b[Whoso] destroys (this) [memori]al inscribed with my name, *does not set it up [beside] his own [me]morial—may [the great gods inhab]iting heaven.

Notes for Additional Datings and Variant Conclusions

- ¹ A 7935.
- ² A 7997.
- ³ K 1741.
- 4 K 2732.
- ^{4a} 83-1-18, 602.

⁵ Ll. 86–93 above reproduce essentially the text of A 7935, with the variants of the other fragments noted, as far as possible, in the apparatus. Since for these lines, however, practically every fragment exhibits readings which vary so widely from the text as given and from one another that they cannot be catalogued conveniently, and since it is possible that in one or another case a fragment may eventually prove to contain the lost conclusion of Editions D or K, these variant passages are herewith reproduced in full as far as they can be reconstructed.

⁶⁻⁶ Prism: abi-ia-ia.

A 7938+105323 (corresponding to ll. 87-91)

- a a-na áš-ri-šu lu-tir [ki-ma ia-a-ši]
- b mu-šar-u ši-ţ[ir šu-me] àb-abi ba-ni-ia
- c a-mu-ru šamnê(meš) ap-šu-[uš (immeru)niqê aq]-qu-u
- d it-ti mu-šar-e [ši-țir šumi]-ia áš-[ku]-nu
- e at-ta ki-ma ia-[a-ši mu-šar-a]-a a-mur-ma
- f šamnê(meš) pu-šu-[uš (immeru)niqê] iq-qí
- g it-ti mu-šar-e [ši-țir šumi-ka š]u-kun
- h ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) ma-la [ina mu-šar-e an]-ni-e šaṭ-ru
- i šarru-ut-ka lik-tar-ra-b[u li-iş]-şu-ru palê(meš)-ka
- j ša mu-šar-u [ši-tir šumi-ia]
- k ù "ši-ţir šu-me" àb-abi bâni-ia [ib-ba-t]u ina mimma etc.

K 1741 (corresponding to 11. 87?-90)

[Upper portion of column broken off]

- a [ši-tir] šumi-ia áš-ku-nu at-ta ki-i [ia-a-ši]
- bmu-šar-a-a a-mur-ma šamnê
(meš) pu-šu-uš [(immeru)-niqê iq-qí]
- c it-ti mu-šar-e ši-tir šumi-ka [šu-kun]
- d ilâni(meš) rabûti(meš) ma-la ina mu-šar-e an-ni-e [šaṭ-ru]
- e šarru-ut-ka lik-tar-ra-bu li-[im-gu]-ru ša mu-šar-u etc.

A 7938+105323

^aLet him return (it) to its place, [even as I] ^bbeheld the memorial insc[ribed with the name] of the father of the father who begat me, ^canoin[ted (it)] with oil, offe[red sacrifice], ^dplaced (it) beside the memorial [inscribed with] my [name]. ^eDo thou like m[e] behold my [memorial] and ^fanoi[nt (it)] with oil, offer [sacrifice], ^eplace (it) beside the memorial [inscribed with thy name]. ^h(Then) may the great gods, as many as are written [in this memorial], ⁱinclin[e] to thy kingship (and) [pro]tect thy reign. ⁱWhoso [destroy]s (this) memorial [inscribed with my name] ^kand inscribed with the name of the father of the father who begat me, (or) by some deceitful machination.

K 1741

[Upper portion of column broken off].... beside the memorial a [inscribed with] my name I placed (it). Do thou like me behold my memorial and anoint (it) with oil, [offer sacrifice,] o [place] it beside the memorial inscribed with thy name. d (Then) may the great gods, as many as are [written] in this memorial, o incline and be favo[rab]le to thy kingship. Whose destroys (this) memorial....

NOTE FOR VARIANT CONCLUSIONS

⁷⁻⁷ šumi B (105323).

EDITIONS B_{2-5}

Under this head are listed a number of fragments conforming in general to the text-type of **B**, but departing from it at some place, though not sufficiently to warrant positing a separate edition. It may ultimately develop that some of these fragments are parts of one or another parallel edition, such as **D**, **K**, or **C**. All are undated, and their relation to **B** in time cannot be determined. Since there are no additions of more than one line, all have been listed simply as variant editions of **B** and their beginnings and endings indicated in the margin with the usual signs.

 B_2 .—The only difference from **B** is in v 74, where B_2 substitutes for *šamriš tattaşi ana aḥâti* the following: iz-zi-iš na[m-ri-ri-iš tattaşi-ma] a-na ka-ša-ad (amɛlu)[nakri-ša tallik(ik)]. The restoration is from K 3040 (WKA, p. 73), which exhibits the same peculiarity. B_2 is represented by two texts: A 8001, corresponding to B iv 51–62 and v 66–79, and K 1704 (WKA, pp. 66-67; cf. Bauer, p. 8), corresponding to B iii 52–69, iv 59–76, and v 72–83.

 B_8 .—After **B** vi 51 B_3 adds: qaqqad (I) iš-tar-na-an-di ina kišad [(I) sa-am-gu-nu] ahi (I) du-na-nu kut-tin-n[u a-lut]. For the restoration see K 4459 (WKA, p. 75) and the note ad loc. B_3 is represented by A 8002, corresponding to **B** v 60-65 and vi 42-59.

 B_4 .—After **B** ii 65 B_4 adds: $[pa-an \ (isu)n\hat{\imath}]ri-ia \ \acute{u}$ -tir-ram-[ma]. B_4 is represented by A 8003, corresponding to **B** ii 55-70.

 B_5 .—B vii 59–60 is inverted in B_5 , where these two lines read: *e-li ni-kis* [qaqqad (I)te-um-man] me-ri-ih-[tu] ša iq-[bu-u]. Two fragments represent B_5 : A 8004, corresponding to B vi 41–46 and vii 49–60, and A 8162, corresponding to B vii 54–61.

EDITION D

Date.—None of the preserved fragments of **D** is dated, but since the prism throughout the introduction and historical portion reproduces **B** with scarcely more than orthographic variants, it cannot have been written very much before or after **B**. It is highly probable that the bît mašarti and the dûr qabal âli were built simultaneously and as a single project. If they were built separately, one would naturally expect the wall to have been built after the palace. The fact that in the one even relatively important variant where we have a check on other prisms, the inverted order of words in **B** viii 54–55, **A** follows **D** rather than **B** might be interpreted as indicating that **D** is the later prism, although too much importance should not be attached to this consideration.

Contents.—D is essentially identical with B throughout the introduction and historical sections, and has been quoted as a variant of B on the preceding pages. The building inscription D viii 64–81 follows B very closely in its formulas and marks D as the foundation deposit of the wall in the midst of the city (dûr qabal âli), probably the wall between the storehouse-palace (bît mašarti) and the other palace-fortresses of the capital.

Text.—The text-type of Edition **D** is exhibited by the following prism fragments:

```
A. IN THE ORIENTAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
```

```
A 8005 (i 431–60, ii 36–74, iii 38–77, iv 49–74, viii 64–66)
```

B. IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM

```
K 1700 (i 34-64, ii 36-43, iv 63-78, v 51-85 and 88-96, vi 39-72 and 79-82, vii 41-63, viii 43-80). Publication: i 34-50 III R Plate 27, 92-108;
```

A 8006 (i 55-83, viii 53-78)

A 8007 (i 59-63, viii 68-75)

A 8008 (i 62–93, viii 76–81)

A 8009 (vi 27-72, vii 39-84, viii 62-79)

A 8010 (vi 63–68, vii 61–71, viii 65–71)

¹ Because of **D**'s close agreement with **B**, its text is quoted in terms of the corresponding lines in **B**.

i 51-64 Bezold, Catalogue I 335; ii 36-43 Bezold, ibid.; viii 64-80 George Smith, History, pp. 317-19; Bauer, Pls. 13-16 and pp. 24-26.

K 1731 (i 61-76, ii 64-72, viii 66-79?²) WKA, pp. 54-55

S 2033 (i 48-49, viii 53-66) Bauer, Pl. 51

81-7-27, 12 (viii 45-56)

C. IN THE IRAQ MUSEUM

11528 (i 1-55, ii 27-45, vi 18-39, vii 7-56, viii 8-53). To be published shortly by Dr. R. Campbell Thompson; cf. p. 31, n. 11.

D. IN THE AUTHOR'S POSSESSION³

P 5 (vi 57-62, vii 53-84, viii 69-83)

² Unwarrantedly used to reconstruct the conclusion of C (Streck, Assurbanipal, p. xxix).

³ See p. 3, n. 12.

Edition D

97

Column i 1-93 **B** i 1-93 94-99 [Missing] Column ii 1-26 [Missing] 27-74 **B** ii 27-74 75-99 [Missing] Column iii 1-37 [Missing] 38-77 **B** iii 38-77 78-99 [Missing] Column iv 1-48 [*Missing*] 49-78 **B** iv 49-78 79-99 [Missing] Column v1-49 [Missing] 50-85 **B** v 50-8586 [Missing] 87-96 **B** v 87-96 97-99 [Missing] Column vi 1-17 [Missing] 18-72 **B** vi 18-72 73-78 [Missing] 79-82 **B** vi 79-82 83-99 [Missing]

Column vii 1-6

1-6 [Missing] 7-84 **B** vii 7-84 85-99 [Missing]

Column viii

- 1-7 [Missing]
- 8-63 **B** viii 8-63
 - 64 ina ûmê(me)-šu-ma dûr qabal âli ša ninua(ki)
 - 65 ša (I.ilu)sîn-aḥḥê(meš)-irîba šàr (mâtu)ašur(ki) ¹àb-abi¹
 - 66 2ba-ni-ia² e-pu-šu 3ša³ ina zunnê ţaḥ-du-u-ti ra-a-di gap-šu-u-ti
 - 67 ša šat-ti-šam-ma ina palê-ia (ilu)adad ú-maţ-ţi-ra ina mâti-ia
 - 68 tim-me-en-šu ir-bu-4ub4-ma i-qu-pa ri-ša-a-šu
 - 69 dûru šu-a-tu ša la-ba-riš illiku(ku) e-na-ḫu ušši-šu
 - 70 mi-qit-ta-šu ad-ki ak-šu-da a-sur-ru-šu⁵
 - 71 [6i-n6]a aban ša[di]-i tim-me-en-[6šu e-puš6]
 - 72 [...]-en(?) dûri šu-a-tu [...]
 - 73 [....] akšudu(du) [....]
 - 74 ultu ušši-šu a-di gaba-dib-7bi-e7-šu ar-şip ú-šak-lil
 - 75 eli ša ûmê(me) pa-ni ú-dan-ni-na tim-me-en-šu
 - 76 mu-šar-ru ši-ţir šumi-ia u ta-nit-ti qar-ra-du-ti-ia
 - 77 ša [ina tukul-ti ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl (ilu)nabû
 - 78 (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)ninua(ki)(ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-ilu (ilu)nínurta
 - 79 (ilu)nusku (ilu)nergal ina mâtâte at-tal-la-ku [8áš-ku-nu8]
 - 80 da-na-nu u li-i-tu áš-ţur-ma ana [8aḥ-rat ûmê8](me) e-zib
 - 81 [8rubû arku(u) ina šarrâni(meš) mârê(meš)-ia8] ša ašur u (ilu)ištar
 - 82 [8a-na be-lut mâti u nišê(meš) i-nam-bu-u zi-kir-šu⁸] e-nu-ma
 - 83 dûru [8šu-a-tu i-lab-bi-ru-ma en-na-hu8]

[Remainder of column missing]

⁶⁴In those days the wall in the midst of the city of Nineveh, ⁶⁵which Sennacherib, king of Assyria, father of the father 66 who begat me, had erected; whose base through the abundant showers and heavy rains 67 that Adad had yearly sent down upon my land during my reign ⁶⁸had become shaky so that its turrets were on the verge of falling— ⁶⁹that wall, which had grown old and whose foundation had become dilapidated— ⁷⁰I cleared away its fallen portions, I discovered its retaining walls. ⁷¹[I made its] base [o]f mount[ain] stone ⁷²[....] of that wall [...] ⁷³[...] I attained [...]. ⁷⁴From its foundation to its cornice I built (it) completely. 75Stronger than before I made its base. ⁷⁶A memorial inscribed with my name and the praise of my heroism—77that with the help of Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, Nabû, ⁷⁸Ishtar of Nineveh, Ishtar of Arbela, Ninurta, ⁷⁹Nusku, (and) Nergal I walked about in the lands (and) [established] 80 (my) power and authority—I wrote and left for [day]s [to come]. 81[(Let) a distant prince among the kings, my descendants,] whom Ashur and Ishtar 82[will nominate to dominion over land and people], when 83[this] wall [becomes old and dilapidated]

[Remainder of column missing]

Notes for Column VIII

¹⁻¹ **D** (K 1700) adds -ia; text: $\grave{a}b$ -[i]a-ia.

²⁻² **D** (K 1700) om.

³⁻³ D (A 8006) om.

⁴⁻⁴⁻bu- D (K 1731).

⁵ **D** (A 8006, A 8007, A 8009, P 5, K 1731?) om. ll. 71–73; text: **D** (A 8010, K 1700).

⁶ Conjectural.

⁷⁻⁷ **D** (A 8009) om.

⁸⁻⁸ B.

oi.uchicago.edu

EDITION K

Date.—Although the date of K 1703, the only representative of K^1 now available, has not been preserved, there are at least two considerations which speak for a date posterior to that of Editions B and D: (1) The embassy of Rusa of Armenia (K iii 21–24) is not mentioned in the other editions; and since Ashurbanipal thought this mission of sufficient importance to commemorate it on a slab in his palace,2 it is improbable that he would so soon have omitted it if **K** were earlier than **B** and **D**. (2) The siege of Babylon seems to have entered upon its last stage when K was written (K iv 20-22), if indeed the missing portion did not actually report the city's fall, whereas when B and D were written the War of the Brothers was still undecided. We have consequently in the fall of Babylon (some time after Tammuz, 648) a rough date for K. If the assumption that K was written after the death of Samaššumukin is correct, this would become a terminus post quem. A terminus ante quem would be the composition of C, which belongs between K and F (645). In view of the introduction to C, which agrees to a large extent with that of Th 1929-10-12, 2 (also 645), it will probably be best to assign C to 646.3 We have thus late 648 or 647 as the probable date of **K**.

Contents.—Columns i and ii and all but the last four lines of column iii agree with the corresponding sections of **B**, with only orthographic variations; iii 21–24 brings the account (or at least its beginning) of the embassy of Rusâ; and iv 1–22 describes the progress of the War of the Brothers, the defeat of Indabigaš, and the horrors of the siege of Babylon.⁴

Text.—**K** is thus far represented only by K 1703 (i 1–10; ii 1–22; iii 1–24; iv 1–22), WKA, pp. 76–78; cf. Bauer, p. 8.

¹ Bauer's G (pp. 8, 28); "K" was chosen when this study was initiated, to avoid confusion with the series of letters assigned to the various editions by Professor Olmstead in chapter vii of his *Historiography*.

² George Smith, *History*, pp. 146-47.

³ The eponymy of [Adad]nadinahi(?). A 8104, which is possibly a C fragment, is dated in this eponymy.

⁴ Hereto see IV R No. 93, dated in the twentieth year of Šamaššumukin (648), Ayyaru 29.

102 HISTORICAL PRISM INSCRIPTIONS OF ASHURBANIPAL Column i [Top of column broken off] 1-10¹ **B** iv 31-37 [Remainder of column missing] Column ii [Top of column broken off] 1-22**B** v 39–55 [Remainder of column missing] Column iii [Top of column broken off] 1-20 **B** vi 65-82 21 [¹ina ûmê(me)-šu-ma¹ ²(I)ru-sa-a²] šàr (mâtu)ur-ar-ți 22 [2da-na-an ilâni(meš) bêlê2](meš)-ia iš-me-e-ma 23 [²pu-luḥ-tu šarrû-ti-ia is-ḥu-up²]-šu-ma 24 [²(amêlu)rabûte(meš) a-na ša-'-al šul-me-ia iš-pu-ra ana qí²]-rib arba-ilu(ki) [Remainder of column missing] Column iv 1 (işu)qašâti(meš) ša (I)tam-ma-ri-tu [...] 2 qí-rib (mâtu)elamti(ki) uš-[¹man-nu id-du-u¹] 3 a-na mit-hu-şi [....] 4 e-nin-na qí-rib (mâtu)aš-šur(ki) (iṣu)qaš[âti(meš)?¹a] 5 uq-ta-na-ar-ra-ba a-[....] 6 ašur (ilu)sîn (ilu)šamaš (ilu)bêl [(ilu)nabû] 7 (ilu)ištar ša (âlu)ninua (ilu)šar-rat kid-mu-ri [(ilu)ištar ša (âlu)arba-8 (ilu)nínurta (ilu)nusku (ilu)nergal ša (amêlu)nakrê(meš)-[¹ia i-niru1] 9 ù si-it-tu-ti im-[¹anu-u qât(II)-u-a ¹a] 10 ú-bi-šu² (I.ilu)šamaš-[³šuma-ukin ahu la ki-e-nu³] 11 ù nišê(meš) (mâtu)akkadî(ki) ma-la [³ib-bal-ki-tu³] 12 ša ia-a-ti ú-[3nak-ki-ru3] 13 it-ti (I)um-man-i-gaš [4iš-ku-nu pi-i-šu-un4] 14 (I)in-da-bi-gaš iš-[....] 15 e-gu-ug-ma ašu[r] 16 iq-ba-a sa-pa-ah [5mâti-šu5....] 17 áš-šu da-na-an (ilu)[....] 18 ù pu-luḥ-ta-šu (mâtu)[....] 19 e-mid-su še-rit-[su rabîtu(tu)s....] 20 nišê(meš) (mâtu)akkadî(ki) ša [....] 21 âkilûti(meš) šêrê(meš) u ¹ami[m-ma¹a] 22 ú-ša-qir [⁷a-na pi-i-šu-nu⁷....] [Remainder of column missing]

Column iii

²¹[In those days Rusâ], king of Armenia, ²²[heard of the might of the gods], my [lord]s, and ²³[the terrible splendor of my majesty overcame] him, so that ²⁴[he sent nobles to me t]o Arbela [to ask my health]. [Remainder of column missing]

Column iv

[Top of column missing] ¹The archers of Tammaritu [...] ²[pitched] c[amp] in Elam ³to make war on [...]. ⁴Meanwhile in Assyria bo[ws...]. ⁵I was drawing up [...] t[o(?)...]. ⁶Ashur, Sîn, Šamaš, Bêl, [Nabû,] ⁷Ishtar of Nineveh, the Queen of Kidmuri, [Ishtar of Arbela,] ⁸Ninurta, Nusku, Nergal, who [smote down my] enemies ⁹and cou[nted] the remnant [into my hands...], ¹⁰confounded Šamaš[šumukin, the faithless brother], ¹¹and the people of Akkad, as many as [had revolted], ¹²who had [been hostile] to me (and) ¹³[had made common cause] with Ummanigaš. ¹⁴Indabigaš [...] ¹⁵ became angry, and Ashu[r...] ¹⁶decreed the destruction of [his land...]. ¹⁷On account of the might of [...] ¹⁸and his terrible splendor, the land of [...]—¹⁹he laid upon it [its heavy] punishment [...]. ²⁰The people of Akkad who [...] ²¹eating the flesh and [whatever...]—²²I made precious [to their mouth...]

[Remainder of column missing]

NOTE FOR COLUMN I

Notes for Column III

Notes for Column IV

¹ Lines are numbered from the first one which has an identifiable sign; columns are numbered from the first column preserved.

¹⁻¹ Conjectural.

²⁻² Cf. III R 37, No. 1, 3-6; also George Smith, *History*, p. 147.

¹⁻¹ Conjectural; cf. K 3405 Rev. 2 (Streck, Assurbanipal, p. 224).

^{1a-1a} Conjectural; cf. Bauer, p. 8, n. 4.

² Or ú-kaš-šu, "they gave"?

³⁻³ Conjectural.

⁴⁻⁴ Conjectural; cf. B i 97.

⁵⁻⁵ Conjectural; cf. K 2631 Obv. 17 (George Smith, *History*, p. 251) and Streck, *Assurbanipal*, p. 176, note c.

⁶⁻⁶ Conjectural; cf. B iv 66 and Streek, p. 176, note d.

⁷⁻⁷ Conjectural; cf. B ii 49.

oi.uchicago.edu

APPENDIX

THE LUNAR ECLIPSE OF JULY 13, 653 B.C.

By THE REVEREND JOACHIM MAYR Walchsee, Tyrol, Austria

In the account of Ashurbanipal's second Elamite campaign the following reference to a lunar eclipse occurs:

EDITION B

Column v

- 3 (I)te-um-man li-mut-tu
- 4 iš-te-ni-'-a (ilu)sîn iš-te-ni-'-šu
- 5 itât(meš) (šal)limutti ina (arhu)du'ûzi attalû šat ur-ri adi nûri
- 6 uš-ta-ni-ih-ma (ilu)šamaš e-mur-šu-ma ki-ma šu-a-tu-ma
- 7 kal ûmê(me) uš-ta-ni-ih a-na qí-it palê(e)
- 8 šàr (mâtu)elamti(ki) halaq mâti-šu

The translation of this passage is complicated by the uncertainty which attaches to the meaning of uštaniħ, a form of the verb naħu, "to rest":

Teumman plotted evil. Sîn planned for him portents of evil. (There was) an eclipse in the month of Tammuz during the last night watch until sunrise. (The moon) uštanih, (so that) Šamaš saw it and like him uštanih all (those) days, to presage the end of the reign of the king of Elam (and) the destruction of his land.

Even if the meaning of uštanih in the foregoing cannot be definitely decided, no doubt can attach to the fact that an eclipse of the moon took place in the month of Tammuz around sunrise. Tammuz is the third month after Nisan, which begins with the new moon about the time of the vernal equinox. Between 701 and 601 B.C. the equinox fell on March 28. The extreme limits for the full moon in Tammuz during this period are consequently July 1 and August 15. As far as the year is concerned, the eclipse must have taken place after the death of Urtaku (ca. 665) and before the beginning of the hostilities between Ashurbanipal and Šamaššumukin (Tebet 19, 651).

Between January 1, 665, and Tebet 19, 651, the following thirty lunar eclipses took place:

- 1. 665 March 29
- 2. 665 August 24, 18^h24^m, Arbela Time
- 3. 664 February 27
- 4. 664 August 14, 2h49m, Arbela Time
- 5. 663 February 7
- 6. 663 August 3, 3h6m, Arbela Time
- 7. 662 January 28
- 8. 662 July 23, 6h58m, Arbela Time
- 9. 661 January 7
- 10. 661 June 12
- 11. 661 December 6
- 12. 660 June 2
- 13. 660 December 25
- 14. 659 May 22
- 15. 659 November 15
- 16. 658 May 12
- 17. 658 October 6
- 18. 657 March 31
- 19. 657 September 24
- 20. 656 March 20
- 21. 656 September 14
- 22. 655 March 10
- 23. 655 September 3
- 24. 654 February 27
- 25. 654 July 24, 23h31m, Arbela Time
- 26. 653 January 19
- 27. 653 July 13, 4h15m, Arbela Time
- 28. 652 January 7
- 29. 652 July 2, 17^h2^m, Arbela Time
- 30. 652 December 27

The time given for some of these eclipses refers to their midpoint. Consequently the following four eclipses are the only ones which can claim consideration as having taken place about sunrise between July 1 and August 15:

- 4. 664 August 14; midpoint: 2^h49^m; total eclipse possible, partial eclipse certain
- 6. 663 August 3; midpoint: 3^h6^m; total eclipse possible, partial eclipse certain
- 8. 662 July 23; midpoint: 6h58m; partial eclipse possible
- 653 July 13; midpoint: 4^h15^m; total eclipse possible, partial eclipse certain

Of these, eclipses 4 and 8 may be eliminated from further consideration. When there is a full moon on August 14, Nisan 1 must fall on about May 5, more than thirty days after the equinox; furthermore, exact calculation indicates a partial eclipse of 7.2 inches, coming to an end about 4^h11^m, or nearly an hour before sunrise. The eclipse of July 23, 662, if it ever occurred, must have been very slight and began long after sunrise.

Thus there remain the eclipse of August 3, 663, which Kugler takes as the eclipse of our text, and the eclipse of July 13, 653. Historically 653 fits the facts far better than 663, and exact calculation proves that astronomically the same is true.

The results which follow have been secured with the help of Neugebauer's well known astronomical tables, and they agree with independent calculations made by Professor Neugebauer in Berlin, thus insuring against the possibility of errors in calculation. The dependability of the tables is likewise raised above question, since they embody the empirical corrections of Schoch, which are accurate to the minute even for eclipses in ancient times. Arbela has been taken as the point of observation, but the results would not be essentially different had Nineveh been chosen instead. The eclipse of 663 was total, while that of 653 was a partial eclipse of 9.4 inches; that is, more than three-quarters of the moon's face was obscured by the shadow of the earth.

	August 3, 663	July 13, 653
Beginning of the partial eclipse	. 1 ^h 8 ^m	$2^{\rm h}43^{\rm m}$
Beginning of the total eclipse	$.~~2^{\rm h}13^{\rm m}$	
End of the total eclipse	. 3 ^h 59 ^m	
End of the partial eclipse		$5^{\mathrm{h}}47^{\mathrm{m}}$
Sunrise (upper rim)	$4^{h}56^{m}$	$4^{h}47^{m}$
Setting of the moon (upper rim)		$4^{h}49^{m}$
	True time	, Arbela

Calculation of the setting of the moon for August 3, 663, is unnecessary, since the words of the text, "Šamaš saw it," do not apply, the partial eclipse coming to an end only eight minutes after sunrise, beyond the possibility of perception by mere rough observation. The situation is altogether different in the case of the eclipse of July 13, 653. There the eclipse reached its maximum at 4^h15^m, thirty-two min-

utes before sunrise, and came to an end only an hour after sunrise. The moon set two minutes after sunrise, or, to speak more exactly, while the sun was coming up over the horizon in the east, the half-obscured disk of the moon was sinking below the western horizon. Thus the sun "saw" the eclipsed moon. There is consequently no reason astronomically to doubt that our text refers to the eclipse of July 13, 653.

But what does uštanih mean? Father Schaumberger of Munich informs me in a letter that uštanih occurs a single time in the sense of "set," but that this rendering is not entirely certain. In our text uštanih occurs twice in close succession, and we may properly conclude that in both cases it has essentially the same meaning. The translation would read accordingly: "In the month of Tammuz, in the last night watch, (there was) an eclipse until sunrise. As he (the moon-god) set, Šamaš saw it, and like him he (the sun-god) set all (those) days."

How the sun could set like the moon all those days is unintelligible. The text cannot mean that the sun and the moon both set at the same point on the horizon, for in July the sun sets in the northwest and the moon goes down in the southwest. Consequently "set" as the meaning for *uštanih* seems inapplicable in this passage.

Bezold gives the following equivalent for the III/II₂ of $n\hat{a}hu$ (Babylonisch-assyrisches Glossar, s.v.): "Die Tätigkeit einstellen, nicht scheinen (Mond)." Hence we should possibly translate our text: "(Because of) an eclipse in the month of Tammuz during the last night watch until sunrise (the moon) did not shine. The sun saw this and like it it also did not shine all (those) days, to presage the end of the reign."

It would not be impossible to refer this to a period of cloudy weather, which follows rather frequently upon a change of moon. Astrology may have attached some significance to the sun's becoming invisible as a result of clouds. Until more light has been shed on the meaning of *uštanib*, it is doubtful whether a more satisfactory translation will be found. This uncertainty, however, does not affect the fact that the eclipse in question can only be that of July 13, 653.

In line 15 of the same column it is stated that Ashurbanipal was in Arbela "in Ab, the month of the rising of the Bow," ina (arhu)abi

APPENDIX: THE LUNAR ECLIPSE

109

arah na-an-mur-ti kakkab qašti. The Bow consists of the stars ϵ δ τ Canis Majoris and κ l Puppis. According to Kugler (*Ergänzungen* to his *Sternkunde und Sterndienst in Babel* [Münster in Westfalen, 1913] p. 48) the heliacal rising of the Bow is as follows:

ϵ Canis Majoris on Ab 5l Puppis.....on Ab 15

This holds for the middle of Ab around 500 B.C. In 653 B.C. the Bow rose heliacally from the fifth to the tenth of August, and Ab fell within the period from the end of July to the end of August.

Although the periodicity of Schoch's Babylonian calendar can hardly be traced back historically to this early date, it is significant to note that according to his calculations July 13, 653, fell on Tammuz 13, while August 3, 663, fell on Ab 13. Thus the eclipse on the latter date loses all claim to consideration.

oi.uchicago.edu

ORIENTAL INSTITUTE SERIES

STUDIES IN ANCIENT ORIENTAL CIVILIZATION Philological researches dealing chiefly with cuneiform grammatical and lexicographical material (1) BEITRÄGE ZUM ASSYRISCHEN WÖRTERBUCH. I. BV Bruno Meissner. (Originally called Vol. I, Part I.) 92 pages, (2) THE SUMERIAN PREFIX FORMS E- AND I- IN THE POEBEL. 47 pages, royal 8vo, paper (3) DAS APPOSITIONELL BESTIMMTE PRONOMEN DER 1. TEN UND IM ALTEN TESTAMENT. By Arno Poebel. PAL. I. Editions E, B1-50 D, and K. By ARTHUR CARL PIEPKORN, with an Appendix by JOACHIM MAYR. 109 pages, ANCIENT RECORDS Vol. I. ORIENTAL FORERUNNERS OF BYZANTINE PAINT-ING. By JAMES HENRY BREASTED, 105 pages, 23 plates, 58 text Vol. II. THE ANNALS OF SENNACHERIB, By Daniel David 4.00 Edited by James Henry Breasted. Two vols., 4to and folio, cloth Vol. V. RESEARCHES IN ANATOLIA, I. EXPLORATIONS IN CENTRAL ANATOLIA, SEASON OF 1926. By H. H. von der Vol. VI. RESEARCHES IN ANATOLIA. II. THE ALISHAR HÜYÜK, SEASON OF 1927. Part I. By H. H. von der Osten and Erich F. Schmidt. 284 pages, 6 colored plates, 22 maps, 251

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

ORIENTAL INSTITUTE SERIES

	STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
ORIENTAL INSTITUTE PUBLICATIONS (Continued)	
Vol. VII. RESEARCHES IN ANATOLIA. III. THE ALISHAR	
HÜYÜK, SEASON OF 1927. Part II. By H. H. von der Osten	
and ERICH F. SCHMIDT. 134 pages, I colored plate, 106 text figures,	\$5.00
4to, cloth	75.00
ORDS OF RAMSES III. By the Epigraphic Survey, Harold H.	
Nelson, Field Director. xviii+12 pages, 54 plates, 2 text figures,	
large folio, cloth	20.00
ol. IX. MEDINET HABU. II. LATER HISTORICAL REC-	20.00
ORDS OF RAMSES III. By the Epigraphic Survey, Harold	
H. Nelson, Field Director. 76 plates, 6 text figures, large folio, cloth	30.00
761. X. PREHISTORIC SURVEY OF EGYPT AND WESTERN	30.00
ASIA. I. PALEOLITHIC MAN AND THE NILE-FAIYUM	
DIVIDE; A STUDY OF THE REGION DURING PLIOCENE	
AND PLEISTOCENE TIMES. By K. S. SANDFORD and W. J.	
ARKELL. 77 pages, II plates, I map, 4to, cloth	5.00
VOL XL CUNFIFORM SERIES, L SUMERIAN LEXICAL	FRE CHIEF
761. XI. CUNEIFORM SERIES. I. SUMERIAN LEXICAL TEXTS FROM THE TEMPLE SCHOOL OF NIPPUR. By	
EDWARD CHIERA, 126 plates with 256 texts in facsimile, 4to, cloth	5.00
Vol. XII. THE PROVERBS OF SOLOMON IN SAHIDIC COP-	
TIC ACCORDING TO THE CHICAGO MANUSCRIPT. Edited	
by William H. Worrell. xxx+107 pages, 1 plate, 4to, cloth .	5.00
Vol. XIII. BARHEBRAEUS' SCHOLIA ON THE OLD TESTA-	
MENT. I. GENESIS-II SAMUEL. Edited by Martin Spreng-	
LING and WILLIAM CREIGHTON GRAHAM. xvi+393 pages, 4to, cloth	10.00
Vol. XIV. CUNEIFORM SERIES. II. INSCRIPTIONS FROM	
ADAB. By DANIEL DAVID LUCKENBILL. 87 plates with 198 texts	
in facsimile, 4to, cloth	5.00
Vols. XV, XVI, XVIII in preparation.	
Vol. XVII. PREHISTORIC SURVEY OF EGYPT AND WEST-	
ERN ASIA, II. PALEOLITHIC MAN AND THE NILE VAL-	
LEY IN NUBIA AND UPPER EGYPT; A STUDY OF THE	
REGION DURING PLIOCENE AND PLEISTOCENE TIMES.	
By K. S. SANDFORD and W. J. ARKELL. xvii+92 pages, 43 plates,	
21 text figures, 1 map, 4to, cloth	6.0
Vol. XIX, RESEARCHES IN ANATOLIA, IV. THE ALISHAR	
HÜYÜK, SEASONS OF 1928 AND 1929. Part I. By Erich F.	
Schmidt. xxi+293 pages, 47 plates (7 in colors), 377 text figures,	
4to, cloth	12.0
Vol. XX. RESEARCHES IN ANATOLIA. V. THE ALISHAR	
HÜYÜK, SEASONS OF 1928 AND 1929. Part II. By Erich F.	
Schmidt, with a chapter by Wilton Marion Krogman. xvii+148	
pages, 12 plates (1 in colors), 198 text figures, 4to, cloth	7.0

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS